

After a severe storm, injuries can be common. Always follow orders from emergency personnel to stay safe.

Around Flood Water

- Turn around, don't drown! Never drive on flooded roads. Water may be deeper than it appears
- Wear a life jacket near water. In rising flood waters, wear a U.S. Coast Guard-approved life jacket/personal flotation device. Select the correct life jacket for the person's weight and size (printed on the label)
- If you own a private well, have it tested before resuming use after a flood

Outdoors

Avoid loose or dangling power lines. Do not touch! Report them to the proper authorities immediately.

Cleaning Up

- Wear sturdy shoes or boots and protective clothing including long sleeves, heavy pants, and gloves when cleaning debris
- Wear eye protection if you are using a chainsaw. Watch for eye-level debris that could be harmful
- Be careful using power tools or clearing large debris. Large items may shift suddenly
 - » Get safety training before using a chainsaw, which regularly injures people during storm recovery
 - » Falls are common. Consider hiring a professional company for large or difficult jobs. Don't take chances!

Electrical Dangers: Fire & Carbon Monoxide

- Don't get burned. If you are using a camp stove or fire to cook, pay attention and avoid distractions
- Avoid carbon monoxide dangers when the electrical power is off in your home

» Only use charcoal or gas grills in an open, well-ventilated area and never inside the home. Keep the grill away from flammable materials, such as a deck railing or awning

» Gasoline-powered generators should never be used in an enclosed area, such as a basement or garage. Make sure the area is well ventilated, dry, and covered

Do not connect a generator to your home's electrical system

» Connect appliances directly to the generator using properly-sized polarized extension cords. Do not overload the generator. Secure the extension cords to avoid trips and falls

- » Be sure the generator is properly grounded (follow the manufacturer's directions)
- » Before refueling, let the engine cool for at least two minutes to prevent a fire
- » Store extra fuel in a safe, dry area
- Contact a professional electrician or electrical power company. Following a flood, electrical wires and appliances will need to be thoroughly dried inside and out before they can be safely used again

Staying Safe Around Animals And Pets

- Use an insect repellent containing DEET to reduce the risk of mosquito-borne illness
- Survey the area before beginning clean-up. Insects such as bees and wasps can become aggressive after a storm. Use pesticide if needed
- Watch for snakes. They may be found in unexpected places after a storm or flood
- Use caution around pets. Animals can be frightened after a storm. Be careful around domestic animals like dogs and cats, especially if you do not know them. Avoid contact with wild animals

Family Safety: Returning Home

- Do not leave children unattended. Do not allow them to play in or explore damaged or flooded areas. Keep hazardous materials out of reach, including cleaning/disinfecting chemicals, fuel for generators, and pest-control substances
- Be careful when returning home
 - » Check for structural damage before entering a building. Do not enter if there is a danger of collapse
 - » Turn off outside gas lines at the meter or tank. Let the house air for a few minutes
 - » If the neighborhood electricity is off, it is still important to turn off the main breaker or fuse box.
 - » If you have to step in water to get to the breaker box, call a professional electrician for advice
 - » Do not turn on lights, appliances, or gas systems until they've been tested
 - » If you must enter at night, use a battery-operated flashlight, never an open flame

Information is from the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services Division of Public Health Occupational and Environmental Epidemiology Branch, epi.publichealth.nc.gov/oee.