Ancillary Studies in Physical Abuse

| Indicator | Standard |
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| Child under age two with possible physical abuse that is not excluded on history and physical | Skeletal X-ray Survey |
| Child two to five-years-old AND Serious internal injury OR fracture as the index injury due to suspected physical abuse | Skeletal X-ray Survey |
| Continued suspicion of abuse at two weeks post presentation | Repeat Skeletal X-ray Survey OR Nuclear bone-scan in addition to initial X-ray survey |
| Child under six-months-old OR 6-12-months-old AND head or face injury, rib fx, mult fx, or CML | Head CT or MRI |
| Child under six-months-old OR 6-12-months-old AND head or face injury, rib fx, mult fx, or CML | Ophthalmology exam |
| Bruising or internal bleeding from suspected abuse | CBC, Platelets, PT, INR, PTT, vWD panel |
| Infant with possible and toddler with probable physical abuse evaluated less than 48 hours post trauma | ALT, AST, There is limited evidence strongly supporting this form of screening |
| Infant with possible and toddler with probable physical abuse evaluated less than 48 hours post trauma | Amylase, Lipase, Urinalysis <i>This form of screening has less evidence, but seems prudent</i> |
| Extensive soft tissue injury AND Evaluated less than 24 hours post trauma | Urinalysis, CPK This looks for a rare complication of myoglobinuria. There is no research behind this recommendation |
| Fracture is only indicator of abuse | Genetics consult or OI lab test |
| Fracture is only indicator of abuse | Ca, P, Alk Phos, PTH, 25-OH and 1,25-OH Vitamin D Urinalysis |
| Elevated abdominal organ enzymes ≥ two times normal | Abdominal CT scan |