

# Maryland Weekly Influenza Surveillance Activity Report

A summary of influenza surveillance indicators reported to MDH for the week ending February 10, 2018

Prepared by the Infectious Disease Epidemiology and Outbreak Response Bureau Prevention and Health Promotion Administration Maryland Department of Health

The data presented in this document are provisional and subject to change as additional reports are received.

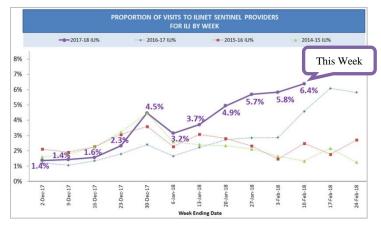
# SUMMARY

During the week ending February 10, 2018, influenza-like illness (ILI) intensity in Maryland was **HIGH** and there was **WIDESPREAD** geographic activity. The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI reported by Sentinel Providers and by Maryland Emergency Departments increased. The proportion of MRITS respondents reporting ILI increased. Clinical laboratories reported an increase in the proportion of specimens testing positive for influenza. Two hundred thirty-eight specimens tested positive for influenza at the MDH lab. There were 308 influenza-associated hospitalizations. Nineteen respiratory outbreaks were reported to MDH.

Click here to visit our influenza surveillance web page

# **ILINet Sentinel Providers**

Twenty sentinel providers reported a total of 6,338 visits this week. Of those, 405 (6.4%) were visits for ILI. This is above the Maryland baseline of 2.0%.



ILI Visits To Sentinel Providers By Age Group	This Week Number (%)	Last Week Number (%)	Season Number (%)
Age 0-4	60 (15%)	81 (18%)	823 (24%)
Age 5-24	211 (52%)	184 (41%)	1,322 (38%)
Age 25-49	77 (19%)	104 (23%)	761 (22%)
Age 50-64	42(10%)	60(13%)	392 (11%)
Age ≥ 65	15 (4%)	24 (5%)	191 (5%)
Total	405 (100%)	453 (100%)	3,489 (100%)

**ILI Intensity Levels** 

✓ High

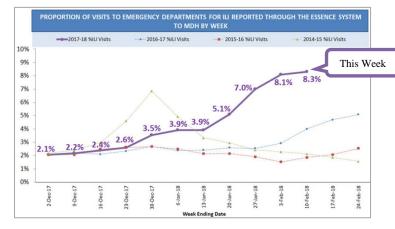
Influenza Geographic

Activity

**Widespread** 

# Visits to Emergency Departments for ILI

Emergency Departments in Maryland reported a total of 47,874 visits this week through the ESSENCE surveillance system. Of those, 3,975 (8.3%) were visits for ILL



]	ILI Visits To Emergency Departments By Age Group	This Week Number (%)	Last Week Number (%)	Season Number (%)
	Age 0-4	776 (20%)	730 (20%)	7,222 (26%)
	Age 5-24	1,275 (32%)	1,157 (32%)	7,439 (27%)
	Age 25-49	1,044 (26%)	919 (25%)	6,995 (25%)
	Age 50-64	485 (12%)	455 (13%)	3,382 (12%)
	Age ≥ 65	395 (10%)	368 (10%)	2,693 (10%)
	Total	3,975 (100%)	3,629 (100%)	27,731 (100%)

 Neighboring states' influenza information:

 Delaware
 http://dhss.delaware.gov/dph/epi/influenzahome.html

 District of Columbia
 http://doh.dc.gov/service/influenza

 Pennsylvania
 http://www.health.pa.gov/My%20Health/Diseases%20and%20Conditions/I-L/Pages/Influenza.aspx#.V-LtaPkrJD8

 Virginia
 http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/epidemiology/influenza-flu-in-virginia/influenza-surveillance/

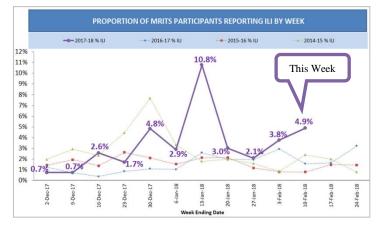
 West Virginia
 http://dhhr.wv.gov/oeps/disease/flu/Pages/fluSurveillance.aspx

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### Community-based Influenza Surveillance (MRITS)

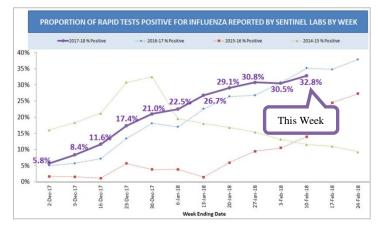
MRITS is the Maryland Resident Influenza Tracking System, a weekly survey for influenza-like illness (ILI). A total of 656 residents responded to the <u>MRITS survey</u> this week. Of those, 32 (4.9%) reported having ILI and missing greater than 108 cumulative days of regular daily activities.



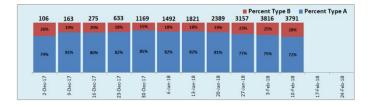
MRITS Respondents Reporting ILI By Age Group	This Week Number (%)	Last Week Number (%)	Season Number (%)
Age 0-4	1 (3%)		6 (3%)
Age 5-24	12 (38%)	9 (35%)	62 (30%)
Age 25-49	5 (16%)	2 (8%)	42 (20%)
Age 50-64	9 (28%)	10 (38%)	71 (35%)
Age ≥ 65	5 (16%)	5 (19%)	24 (12%)
Total	32 (100%)	26 (100%)	205 (100%)

#### **Clinical Laboratory Influenza Testing**

There were 58 clinical laboratories reporting 11,543 influenza diagnostic tests, mostly rapid influenza diagnostic tests (RIDTs). Of those, 3,791 (32.8%) were positive for influenza. Of those testing positive, 2,723 (72%) were influenza Type A and 1,068 (28%) were influenza Type B. The <u>reliability of RIDTs</u> depends largely on the conditions under which they are used. False-positive (and true-negative) results are more likely to occur when the disease prevalence in the community is low, which is generally at the beginning and end of the influenza season and during the summer.

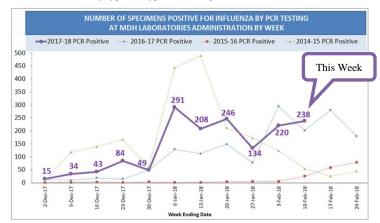


Positive Rapid Flu Tests by Type	This Week Number (%)	Last Week Number (%)	Season Number (%)
Туре А	2,723 (72%)	2,866 (75%)	14,769 (78%)
Туре В	1,068 (28%)	950 (25%)	4,287 (22%)
Total	3,791 (100%)	3,816 (100%)	19,056 (100%)



#### State Laboratories Administration Influenza Testing

The MDH Laboratories Administration performed a total of 397 PCR tests for influenza and 238 (59.9%) were positive for influenza. Of those testing positive, 185 (77.7%) were positive for Type A (H3), 51 (21.4%) were positive for Type A (H1), and 2 (0.8%) were positive for Type B (Yamagata). PCR testing is more reliable than RIDT. The MDH testing identifies subtypes of influenza A and lineages of influenza B, information that is not available from the RIDT results. The table below summarizes results by type, subtype, and lineage.



Positive PCR Tests by Type (Subtype)	This Week Number (%)	Last Week Number (%)	Season Number (%)
Type A (H1)	51 (21%)	29 (13%)	278 (17%)
Туре А (НЗ)	185 (78%)	153 (70%)	1,160 (73%)
Type B (Victoria)		4 (2%)	8 (1%)
Type B (Yamagata)	2 (1%)	34 (15%)	141 (9%)
Dual Type A (H1/H3)			1 (<1%)
Dual Type A(H3)/B			2 (<1%)
Type A (H3N2v)			3 (<1%)
Total	238 (100%)	220 (100%)	1,593 (100%)

#### Where to get an influenza vaccination

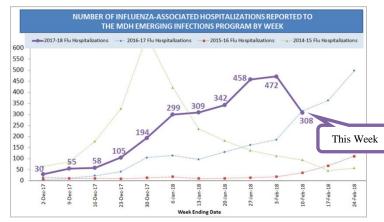
Interested in getting a flu vaccine for the 2017-18 influenza season? Go to <u>https://phpa.health.maryland.gov/influenza/Pages/getvaccinated.aspx</u> and click on your county/city of residence. You will be redirected to your local health department website for local information on where to get your flu vaccine.

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#### Influenza-associated Hospitalizations

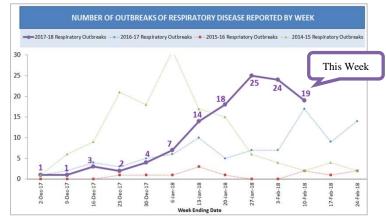
A total of 308 influenza-associated hospitalizations were reported this week. (A person with an overnight hospital stay along with a positive influenza test of any kind, e.g., RIDT or PCR, is considered an "influenza-associated hospitalization" for purposes of influenza surveillance.)



Influenza- Associated Hospitalizations by Age Group	This Week Number (%)	Last Week Number (%)	Season Number (%)
Age 0-4	21 (7%)	41 (9%)	186 (7%)
Age 5-17	16 (5%)	25 (5%)	114 (4%)
Age 18-24	11 (4%)	14 (3%)	74 (3%)
Age 25-49	46 (15%)	50 (11%)	342 (13%)
Age 50-64	68 (22%)	107 (23%)	581 (21%)
Age ≥ 65	146 (47%)	235 (50%)	1,413(52%)
Total	308 (100%)	472 (100%)	2,710 (100%)

#### **Outbreaks of Respiratory Disease**

There were nineteen respiratory outbreaks reported to MDH this week. (Disease outbreaks of any kind are reportable in Maryland. Respiratory outbreaks may be reclassified once a causative agent is detected, e.g., from ILI to influenza.)



Respiratory Outbreaks by Type	This Week Number (%)	Last Week Number (%)	Season Number (%)
Influenza	19 (100%)	20 (83%)	96 (76%)
Influenza-like Illness		3 (13%)	21 (17%)
Pneumonia		1 (4%)	10 (8%)
Other Respiratory			
Total	19 (100%)	24 (100%)	127 (100%)

# National Influenza Surveillance (CDC)

During week 6 (February 4-10, 2018), influenza activity remained elevated in the United States.

- <u>Viral Surveillance:</u> The most frequently identified influenza virus subtype reported by public health laboratories during week 6 was influenza A(H3). The percentage of respiratory specimens testing positive for influenza in clinical laboratories remained elevated.
- Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality: The proportion of deaths attributed to pneumonia and influenza (P&I) was above the system-specific epidemic threshold in the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) Mortality Surveillance System.
- o Influenza-associated Pediatric Deaths: Twenty-two influenza-associated pediatric deaths were reported.
- Influenza-associated Hospitalizations: A cumulative rate of 67.9 laboratory-confirmed influenza-associated hospitalizations per 100,000 population was reported.
- Outpatient Illness Surveillance: The proportion of outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) was 7.5%, which is above the national baseline of 2.2%. All 10 regions reported ILI at or above region-specific baseline levels. New York City, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and 43 states experienced high ILI activity; two states experienced moderate ILI activity; three states experienced low ILI activity; and two states experienced minimal ILI activity.
- Geographic Spread of Influenza: The geographic spread of influenza in Puerto Rico and 48 states was reported as widespread; one state reported regional activity; the District of Columbia, Guam and one state reported local activity; and the U.S. Virgin Islands reported no activity.

