



HIV among Black and African American People in Maryland

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation
Prevention and Health Promotion Administration

April 19, 2022 - HIV Planning Group

Mission and Vision

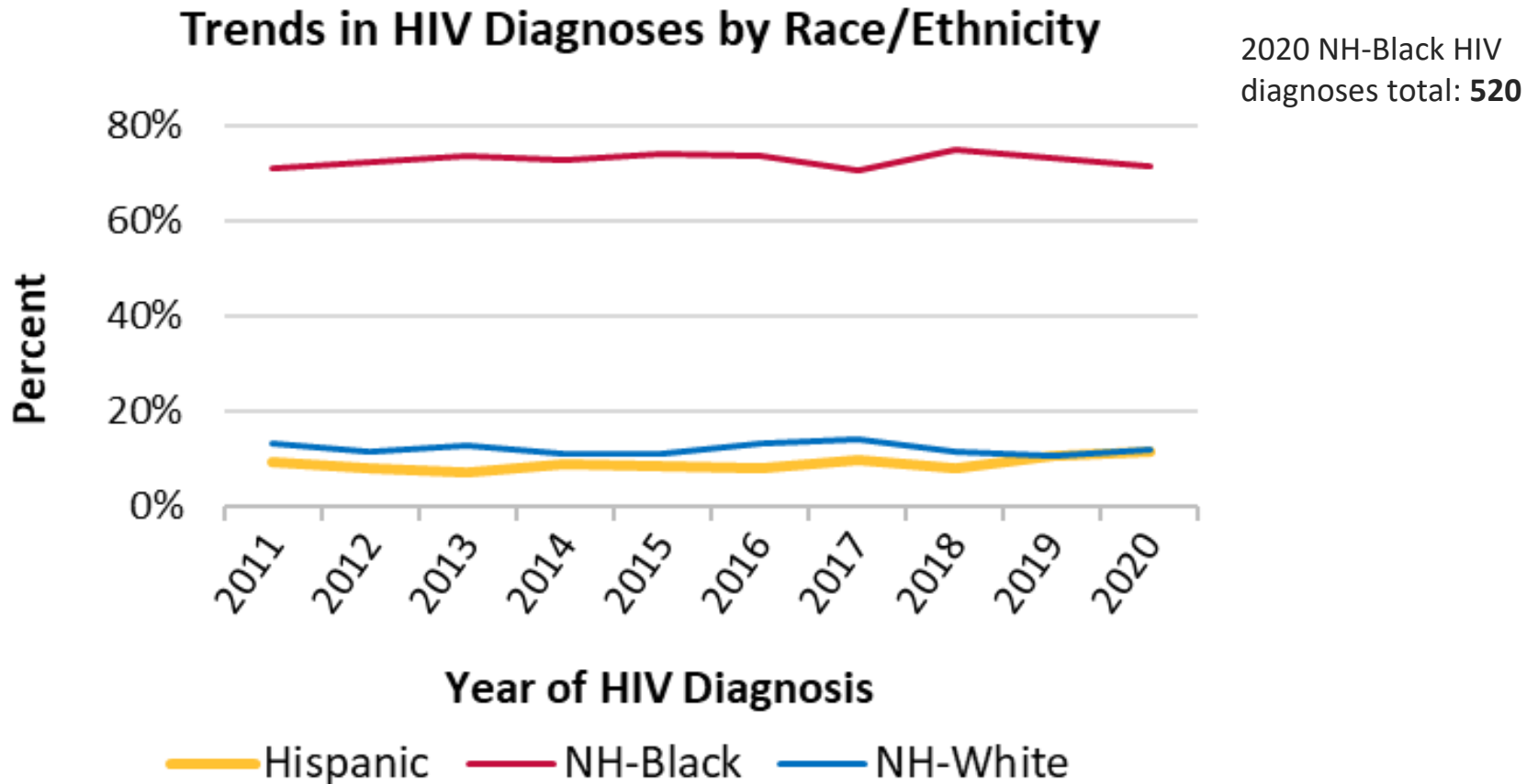
MISSION

The mission of the Prevention and Health Promotion Administration is to protect, promote and improve the health and well-being of all Marylanders and their families through provision of public health leadership and through community-based public health efforts in partnership with local health departments, providers, community based organizations, and public and private sector agencies, giving special attention to at-risk and vulnerable populations.

VISION

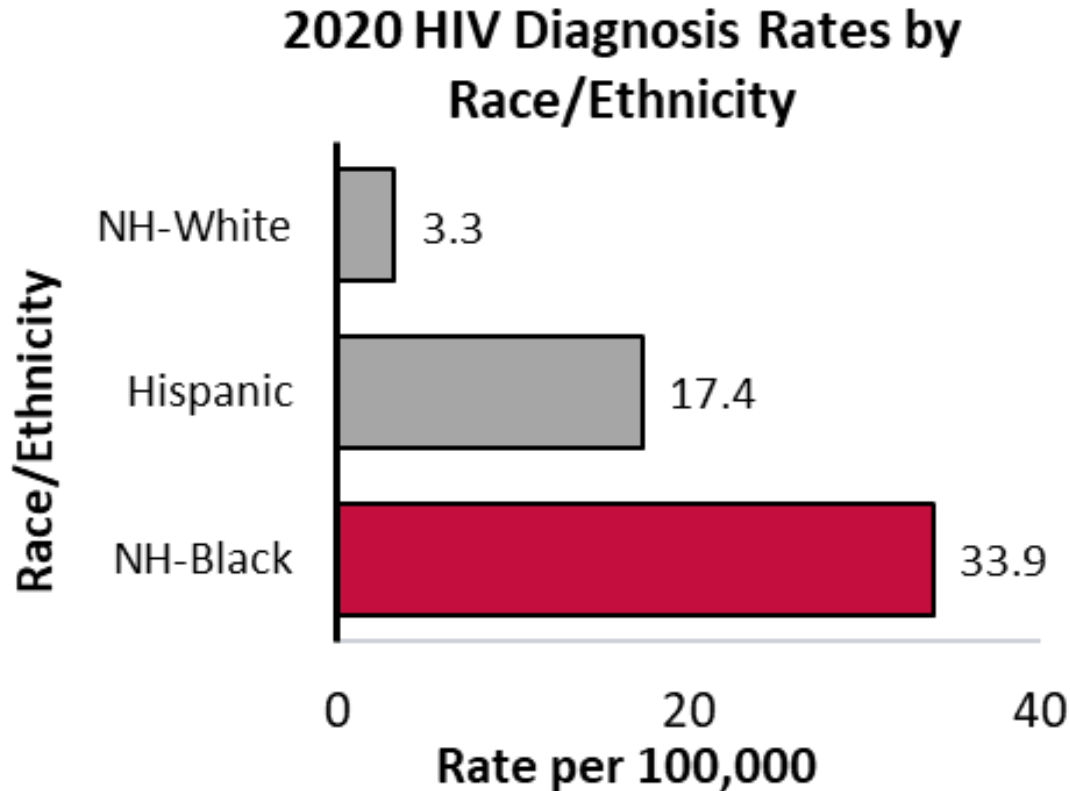
The Prevention and Health Promotion Administration envisions a future in which all Marylanders and their families enjoy optimal health and well-being.

HIV Diagnoses by Race/Ethnicity



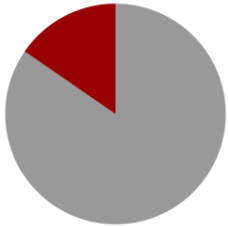
NH: Non-Hispanic. *People of Non-Hispanic Other race/ethnicity groups are not shown above. Interruptions in access to services due to the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in a dramatic decline in HIV testing, diagnoses, and routine care in 2020. Caution should be exercised when examining newly reported diagnoses and interpreting trends.
Data reported through June 30, 2021

HIV Diagnoses by Race/Ethnicity

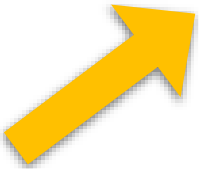


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HIV Diagnoses among NH-Black people



Linkage to HIV care after initial diagnosis was lowest among NH-Black people (84.6%).



New diagnoses attributed to NH-Black MSM have been increasing, accounting for 29.2% of total diagnoses in 2010 to 35.2% in 2020.

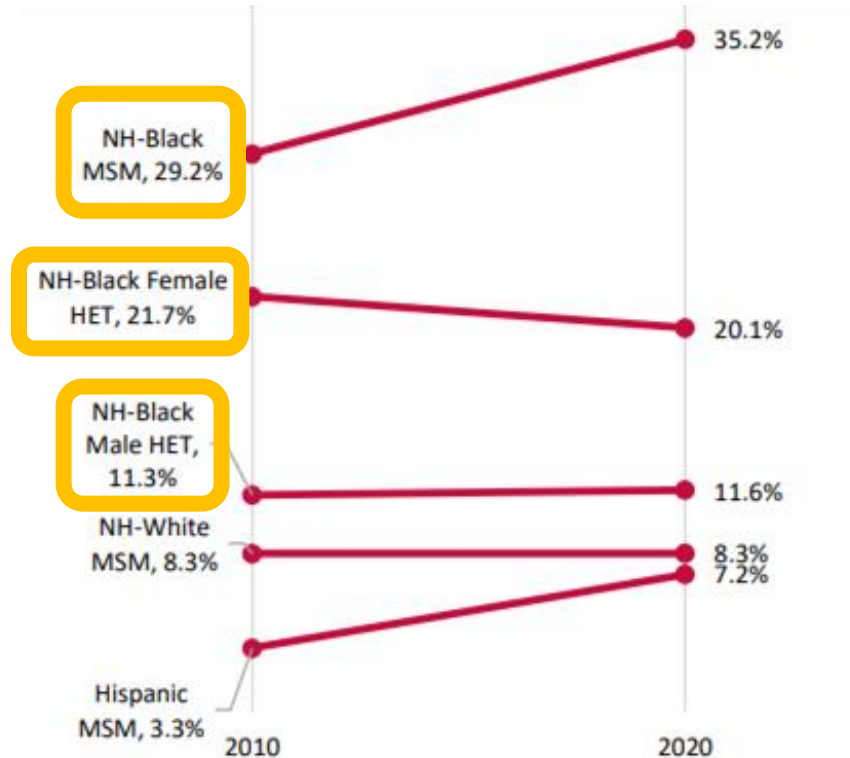


AIDS diagnosis rates in 2020 were up to 13x higher among NH-Black people as compared to people of other races.

New HIV Diagnoses during 2020

HIV Diagnoses by Populations

HIV Diagnoses by most impacted population groups, 2010 and 2020

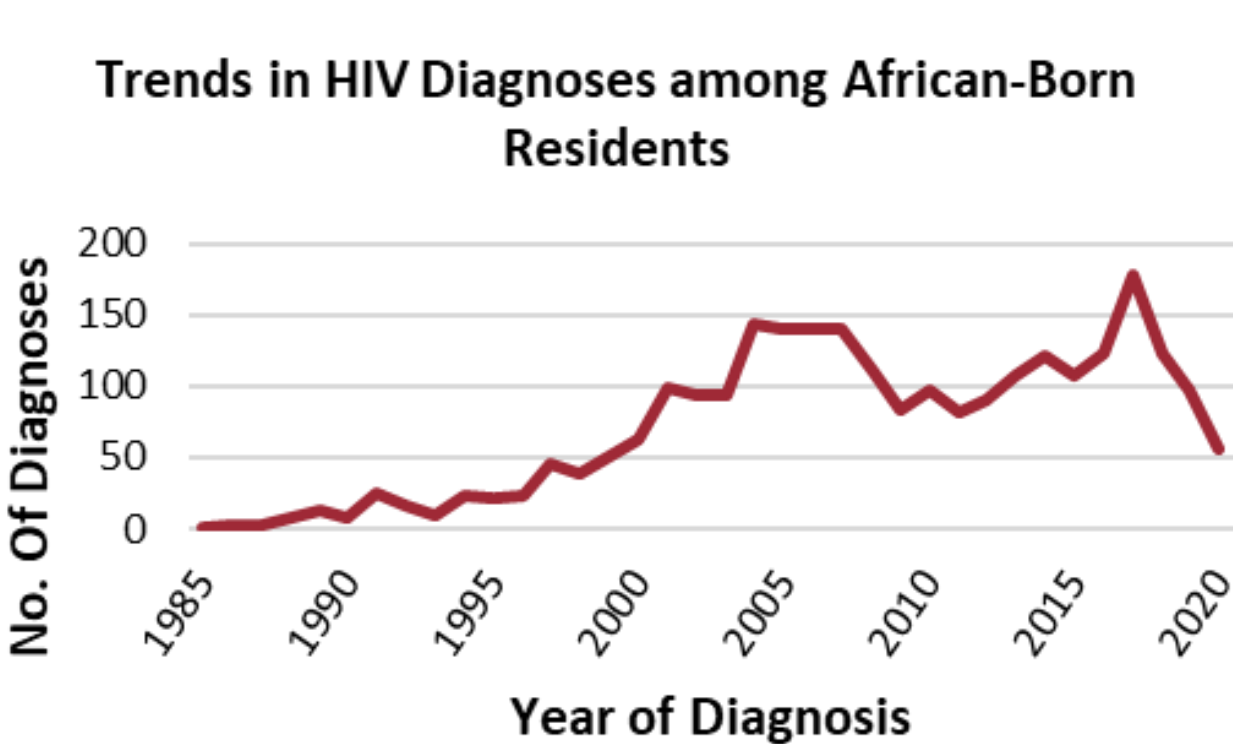


MSM: Male-to-male sexual contact | NH: Non-Hispanic

Interruptions in access to services due to the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in a dramatic decline in HIV testing, diagnoses, and routine care in 2020. Caution should be exercised when examining newly reported diagnoses and interpreting trends.

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HIV Diagnoses in African-Born Residents

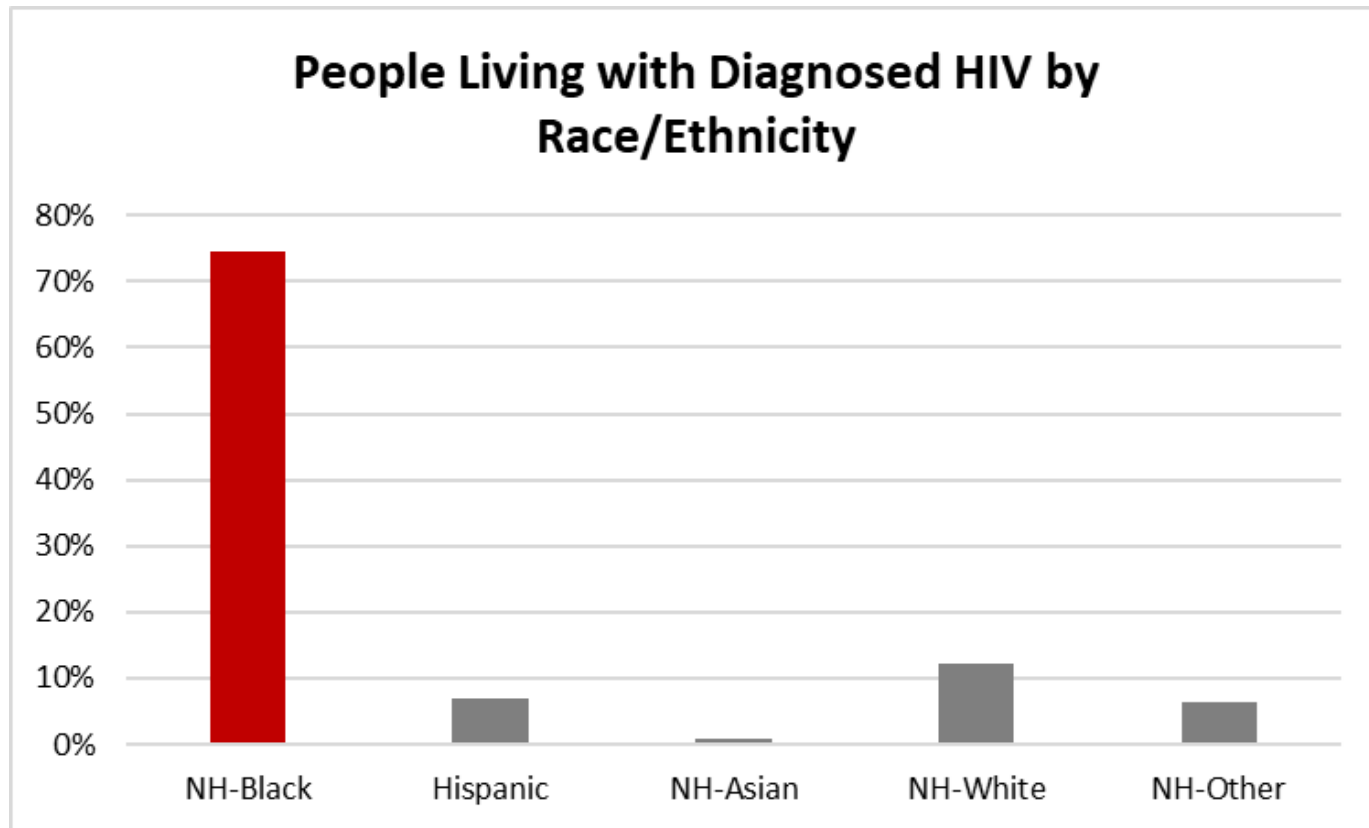


2020 African-born
HIV diagnoses
total: 55

Interruptions in access to services due to the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in a dramatic decline in HIV testing, diagnoses, and routine care in 2020. Caution should be exercised when examining newly reported diagnoses and interpreting trends.

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People Living with Diagnosed HIV Race/Ethnicity



2020 NH-Black
PLWH: 23,554

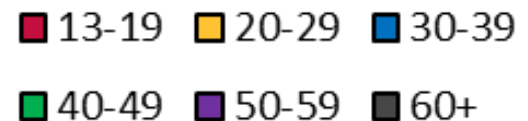
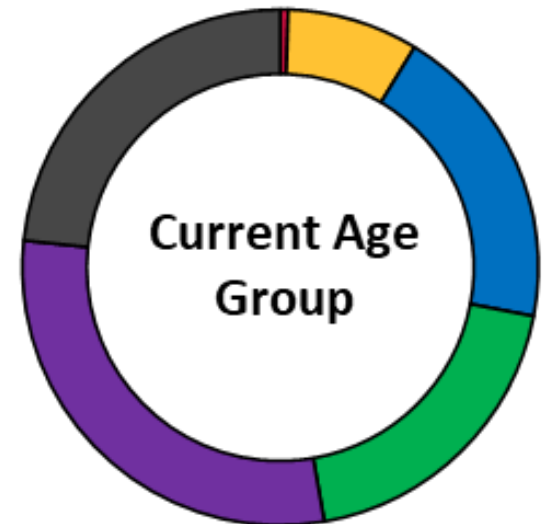
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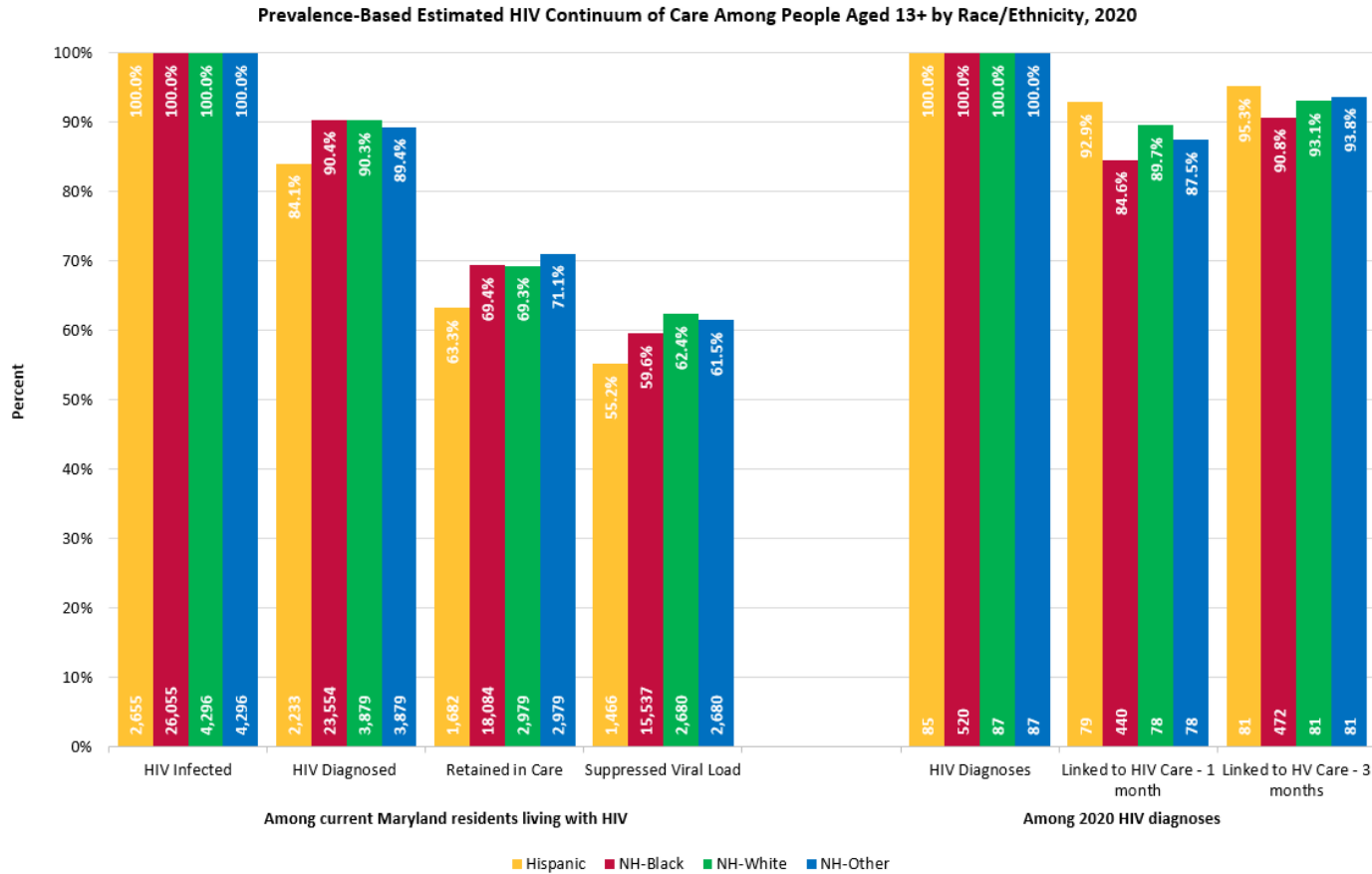
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NH-Black Marylanders with HIV

- Rates (per 100,000) were 2x higher in NH-Black males than NH-Black females.
- HET was the most common exposure among NH-Black people (42.6%), followed by MSM (34.9%).
- The age group with the most individuals living with HIV was 50-59 year olds (29.4%).



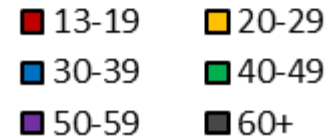
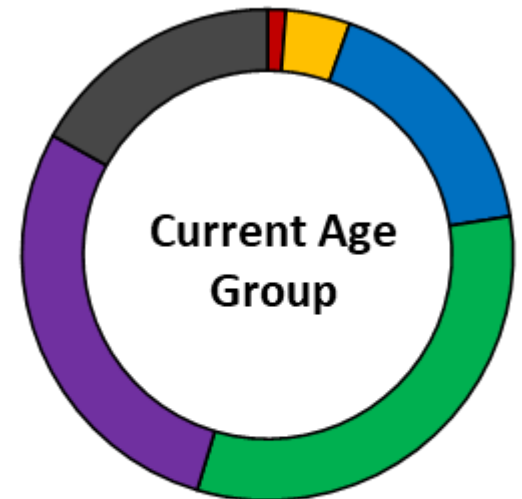
HIV Continuum of Care by Race/Ethnicity



Interruptions in access to services due to the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in a dramatic decline in HIV testing, diagnoses, and routine care in 2020. Caution should be exercised when examining newly reported diagnoses and interpreting trends.
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African-Born Marylanders with HIV

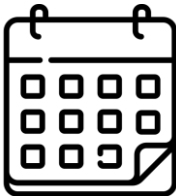
- There were 2,411 African-born people living with diagnosed HIV in Maryland at the end of 2020.
- African-born PLWH were born in 44 countries. The most common countries were Cameroon (27.5%), Ethiopia (15.1%), and Nigeria (12.8%)
- HET was the most common exposure among African-born people (89.9%), followed by MSM (6.3%).



Summary



NH-Black people comprise 3/4 of new HIV diagnoses and total people with HIV in Maryland.



1 in 65 NH-Black persons in Maryland were reported to be living with HIV at the end of 2020.



Of the total Marylanders living with HIV who had a viral load test reported in 2020, viral suppression was lowest among NH-Black people.

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Additional Data



CHSEE HIV Statistics
[Webpage](#)



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2020

MARYLAND ANNUAL HIV EPIDEMIOLOGICAL PROFILE

Data reported through
June 30, 2021

**CENTER FOR HIV
SURVEILLANCE,
EPIDEMIOLOGY AND
EVALUATION**

Infectious Disease Prevention and
Health Services Bureau
Prevention and Health Promotion
Administration





Maryland

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Prevention and Health Promotion Administration

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