

HIV among Hispanic People in Maryland

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation Prevention and Health Promotion Administration

April 7, 2022 - HIV Planning Group

Prevention and Health Promotion Administration

Mission and Vision

MISSION

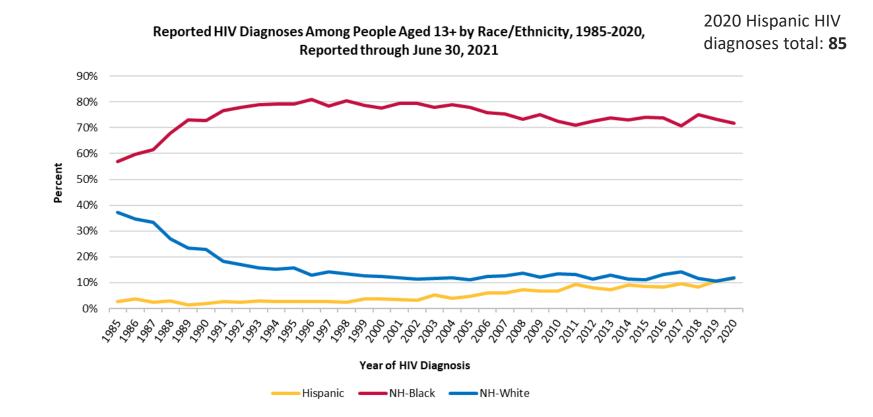
The mission of the Prevention and Health Promotion Administration is to protect, promote and improve the health and well-being of all Marylanders and their families through provision of public health leadership and through community-based public health efforts in partnership with local health departments, providers, community based organizations, and public and private sector agencies, giving special attention to at-risk and vulnerable populations.

VISION

The Prevention and Health Promotion Administration envisions a future in which all Marylanders and their families enjoy optimal health and wellbeing.



New HIV Diagnoses during 2020 HIV Diagnoses by Race/Ethnicity



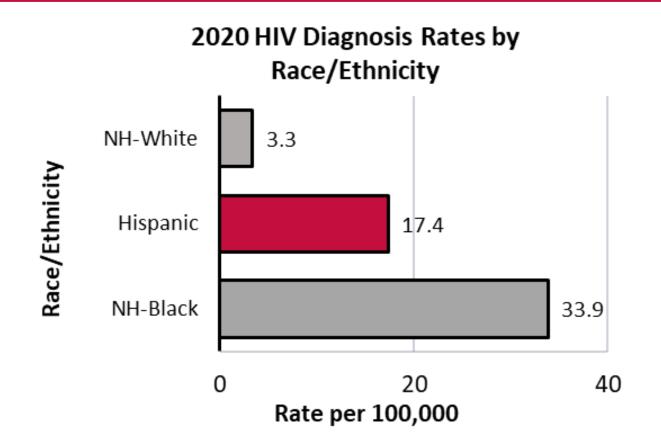
NH: Non-Hispanic. *People of Non-Hispanic Other race/ethnicity groups are not shown above. Interruptions in access to services due to the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in a dramatic decline in HIV testing, diagnoses, and routine care in 2020. Caution should be exercised when examining newly reported diagnoses and interpreting trends.



Data reported through June 30, 2021

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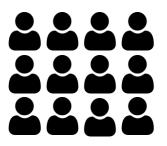
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New HIV Diagnoses during 2020 **HIV Diagnoses among Hispanic people**

12%

In 2020, Hispanic people accounted for 11.7% of the 724 reported new HIV diagnoses.

New diagnoses attributed to Hispanic MSM have been increasing, accounting for 3.3% of total diagnoses in 2010 to 7.2% in 2020.



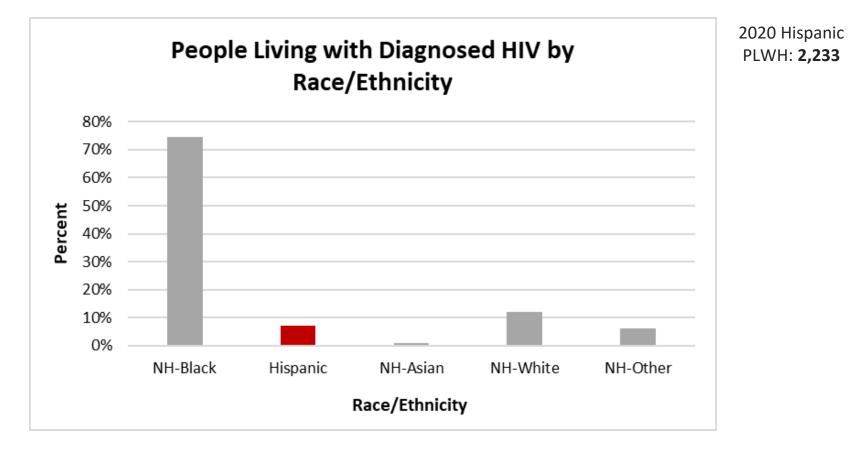
Of Marylanders living with HIV, Hispanic people have the **highest estimated number** that remain undiagnosed (15.9%).

MSM: Men who have sex with men

Interruptions in access to services due to the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in a dramatic decline in HIV testing, diagnoses, and routine care in 2020. Caution should be exercised when examining newly reported diagnoses and interpreting trends.



People Living with Diagnosed HIV Race/Ethnicity



NH: Non-Hispanic.

Interruptions in access to services due to the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in a dramatic decline in HIV testing, diagnoses, and routine care in 2020. Caution should be exercised when examining newly reported diagnoses and interpreting trends.



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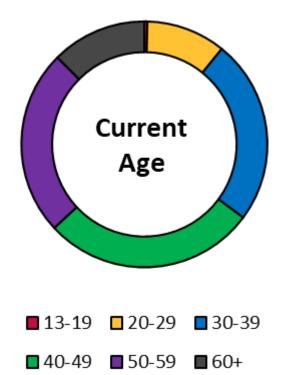
People Living with Diagnosed HIV Hispanic Marylanders with HIV

- Rates were 3x higher in Hispanic males than Hispanic females.
- MSM was the most common exposure among Hispanic people (52.4%), followed by HET (37.7%).
- 38.4% of Hispanic PLWH were foreign-born → 69.9% were from Central America.

MSM: Men who have sex with men | HET: Heterosexual contact

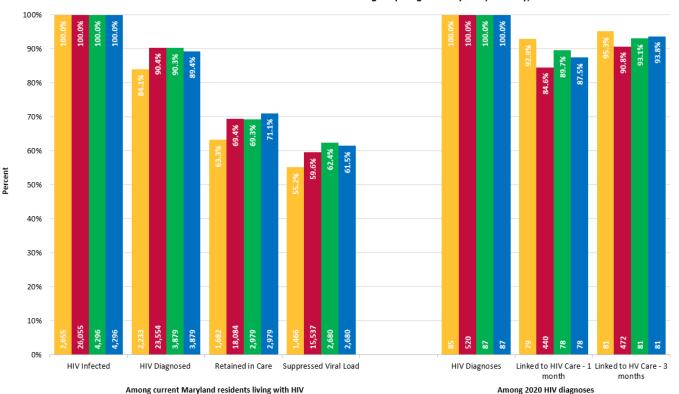
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People Living with Diagnosed HIV HIV Continuum of Care by Race/Ethnicity



Prevalence-Based Estimated HIV Continuum of Care Among People Aged 13+ by Race/Ethnicity, 2020

Hispanic NH-Black NH-White NH-Other

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Summary



Approximately 1 in 6 Hispanic people with HIV in Maryland remain undiagnosed.



Hispanic MSM were among the demographic groups with highest HIV diagnosis rates in 2020.



Hispanic people diagnosed with HIV were less likely to be retained in HIV care and virally suppressed as compared to other race/ethnicity groups.

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Additional Data



CHSEE HIV Statistics Webpage



Email: mdh.hivdatarequest @maryland.gov

2020

MARYLAND ANNUAL HIV EPIDEMIOLOGICAL PROFILE

Data reported through June 30, 2021

CENTER FOR HIV SURVEILLANCE, EPIDEMIOLOGY AND EVALUATION

Infectious Disease Prevention and Health Services Bureau Prevention and Health Promotion Administration





Prevention and Health Promotion Administration

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