



HIV AMONG FEMALES IN PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, 2022

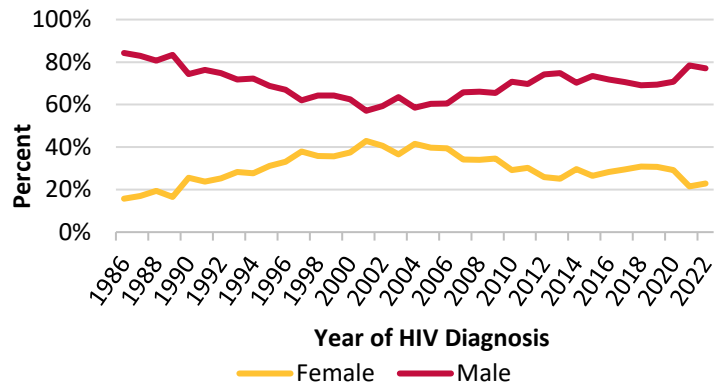
DATA REPORTED THROUGH JUNE 30, 2023

New HIV Diagnoses in Prince George's County

In 2022, there were 59 reported HIV diagnoses among females.

- Females accounted for 22.9% of the 258 reported HIV diagnoses during 2022.
- It is estimated that an additional 7.3% of females living with HIV in Maryland and 10.5% of females living with HIV in Prince George's County remain undiagnosed, as of 2021.
- Most HIV diagnoses among females during 2022 were attributed to HET exposure (92.2%).
- Of the 59 reported HIV diagnoses among females, 86.4% were among NH-Black females.

Trends in HIV Diagnoses by Sex at Birth

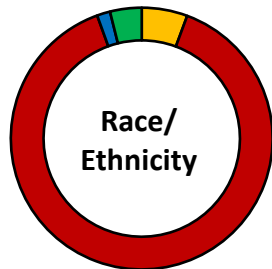
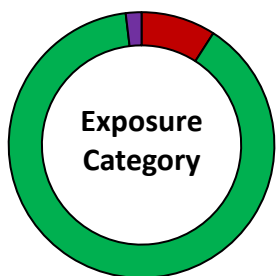
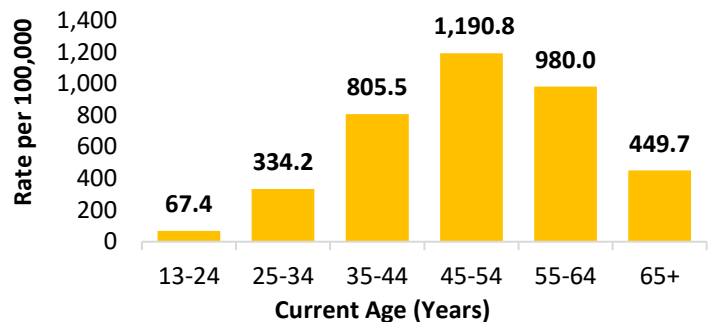


Characteristics of Females Living with HIV in Prince George's County

At the end of 2022, there were 2,583 females living with diagnosed HIV.

- Rates (per 100,000) were twice as high in males (1,428.6) compared to females (620.3).
- Of the 2,583 females living with diagnosed HIV, 69.1% had a viral load test result reported in 2022. Of the females with a test result, 88.5% had a suppressed viral load.

Rates by Current Age



■ IDU ■ HET ■ Perinatal ■ Hispanic ■ NH-Black
■ NH-White ■ NH-Another Race

- Rates among females living with diagnosed HIV were 4 to 26 times higher among NH-Black females (842.3 per 100,000) as compared to other races. In other words, 1 in every 119 NH-Black females in Prince George's County was reported to be living with diagnosed HIV.

NH: Non-Hispanic | HET: Heterosexual Contact | IDU: Injection Drug Use

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation
 Prevention and Health Promotion Administration
 Maryland Department of Health
<https://health.maryland.gov/phpa/OIDEOR/CHSE>

Rates for populations under 10,000 people are not considered when determining groups or jurisdictions with the highest rates of HIV. Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing exposure category. Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only. Data source: Maryland Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS). Data for 2020 and 2021 should be interpreted with caution due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on access to HIV testing and care-related services.