DHMH MERS-CoV Case Report Form (FAX to OIDEOR at 410-669-4215)

Date form completed / /	County:					
Name of person completing form:	Last Name:		First Name:			
Phone: ()	Fax Number:	()	Email:			
Name of respondent (if not patient):	Last Name:		First Name:			
Patient Demographic Data:			Outbreak#	(if given)		
Last name: First name:						
Address:			County	:		
Patient's phone number: ()			Date of Birth:/	/		
Race: American Indian / Alaska N	Native	□ White	•	ic Non-Hispanic		
□ Asian	□ Black	Sex: □ Male □ Female				
□ Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander						
Clinical Data:						
Signs and symptoms: (check all that apply)		Date of	symptom onset:/	/		
☐ Fever >37.8C (100 F) T	max	□ Cough		□ Diarrhea		
☐ Feverish but temperature not taken		☐ Sore throat		□ Vomiting		
☐ Shortness of breath		☐ Rhinorrhea		☐ Conjunctivitis		
☐ Other, specify						
Is the patient pregnant?				□Yes □No □DK		
Was the patient vaccinated against influenz	ar?		□Yes □No □DK			
(If yes,) date of vaccination//						
Type of vaccine:	vated \square	Live attenuated	□ Unknown			
Did the patient receive antiviral medication	s?			□Yes □No □DK		
(If yes,) date medication started/	/		day(s)	Tes and BR		
Name of medication: ☐ Oseltamivir	□ Zanamivir	☐ Rimantidine	☐ Amantadine			
Did the patient visit a primary care provide	er or ER?			□Yes □No □DK		
(If yes,) date of visit/						
Was the patient hospitalized overnight? Ho	ospital name:			□Yes □No □DK		
(If yes,) date of admission/ date of discharge//						
Was the patient admitted to the intensi	ve care unit?			□Yes □No □DK		
Did the patient require mechanical ventilation?				□Yes □No □DK		
Was there radiographic evidence of pneumonia or ARDS?				□Yes □No □DK		
Did the patient die? (If yes,) date of death//				□Yes □No □DK		

NEDSS ID #	State EPI	ID # (epidemiology ID)				
Epidemiologic data:						
During the 14 days before onset of illness, did the patient travel to Location: Dates of travel: Flight # and Carrier: Other conveyance (e.g. train, bus, etc.) # and Carrier:						
During the 14 days before onset of illness, was the patient close co who developed fever and acute respiratory illness (not necessarily traveling from countries in or near the Arabian Peninsula ¹ ?						
During the 14 days before onset of illness, was the patient within 3 (If yes,) what species? \square cats \square dogs \square pigs \square birds						
Is the patient a member of a cluster of patients with severe acute a pneumonia requiring hospitalization) of unknown etiology in which consultation with state and local health departments?						
What is the patient's occupation? — Health care worker, Name of facility:						
Daycare provider, Name of facility:						
☐ Teacher/works in a school, Name of school:						
☐ Student, Name of school:						
□ Detainee/inmate or corrections officer, Name of facility:						
□ Other: (specify)						
Disposition: Was the patient advised of the appropriate precautions? (If yes,) how? □ telephone □ in person □ in writing □	□ Other					
Laboratory data:						
Test 1 Date collected (mm/dd/yyyy):/						
Test Type	Results	Influenza Type/Subtype				
□ RT-PCR/PCR□ □ HI □ Rapid test □ Immunohistochemistry □ DFA/IFA □ Viral culture	□□ positive □□ negative □□ indeterminate	☐☐ flu A/B (not distinguished)☐☐ flu A☐☐ flu B☐☐ flu A novel H1N1				
Test 2 Date collected (mm/dd/yyyy):/	Name of Lab	:				
Test Type	Results	Influenza Type/Subtype				
□ RT-PCR/PCR□ □ HI □ Rapid test □ Immunohistochemistry □ DFA/IFA □ Viral culture	□□ positive □□ negative □□ indeterminate	☐ ☐ flu A/B (not distinguished) ☐ ☐ flu A ☐ ☐ flu B				

Footnotes

Countries considered in or near the Arabian Peninsula: Bahrain, Iraq, Iran, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Palestinian territories, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, the United Arab Emirates (UAE), and Yemen.

Close contact is defined as a) any person who provided care for the patient, including a healthcare worker or family member, or had similarly close physical contact; or b) any person who stayed at the same place (e.g. lived with, visited) as the patient while the patient was ill.

□ □ flu A novel H1N1

- Confirmatory laboratory testing requires a positive PCR on at least two specific genomic targets or a single positive target with sequencing on a second.
- Examples of laboratory results that may be considered inconclusive include a positive test on a single PCR target, a positive test with an assay that has limited performance data available, or a negative test on an inadequate specimen.