MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

CMS Medicaid & CHIP Scorecard

Presentation to the Maryland Medicaid Advisory Committee

June 28, 2018

History and Development **Background**



History

Scorecard 1.0

Aim: "Modernize the Medicaid and CHIP program through greater transparency and accountability for the program's outcomes"

- Concept announced in November 2017 to Medicaid Directors
- Released publicly on June 4, 2018



Development

Scorecard 1.0

- Measure selection: Advisory group of state Medicaid experts, convened by CMS and the National Association of Medicaid Directors (NAMD)
- Three main sections:
 - 1) State Health System Performance
 - 2) State Administrative Accountability
 - 3) Federal Administrative Accountability



State Health System Performance, State Administrative Accountability, Federal Administrative Accountability

Scorecard 1.0 Measures



- Includes 17 measures across six categories
 - 14 reported by states on a voluntary basis
 - Two populated from CMS national data collection
 - One still under development
- 12 pre-populated from the MACPro Adult and Child Core Set measures
 - 11 publicly-reported measures (CMS, NCQA and AHRQ)
 - One Pharmacy Quality Alliance measure
- Maryland reported on nine of the measures
 - Seven HEDIS measures in MACPro
- Two CAHPS measures



Scorecard 1.0 Measures

The measures	Promote Effective Communication & Coordination of Care
are divided	Make Care Safer by Reducing Harm Caused in the Delivery of Care
into six categories:	Promote Effective Prevention & Treatment of Chronic Diseases
-	Strengthen Person & Family Engagement as Partners in their Care
-	Make Care Affordable

Work with Communities to Promote Best Practices of Healthy Living (under development)



Scorecard 1.0 Measures

Promote	Follow-Up After Hospitalization for Mental Illness
Effective	(7- and 30-day follow-up): Age 21 & Older
Communication	
& Coordination	Prenatal and Postpartum Care: Postpartum Care*
of Care	

Make Care Safer
by ReducingUse of Multiple Concurrent Antipsychotics in
Children & Adolescents: Ages 1-17Harm Caused in
the Delivery of
CareVse of Multiple Concurrent Antipsychotics in
Children & Adolescents: Ages 1-17



Scorecard 1.0 Measures

Promote Effective Prevention & Treatment of Chronic Diseases	Well-Child Visits in the First 15 Months of Life*
	Well-Child Visits in the Third, Fourth, Fifth, and Sixth Years of Life: Ages 3-6*
	Adolescent Well-Care Visits: Ages 12-21*
	Immunizations for Adolescents: Age 13*
	Percentage of Eligibles Who Received Preventive Dental Services: Ages 1-20*
	Use of Opioids at High Dosage in Persons Without Cancer
	Initiation & Engagement of Alcohol & Other Drug Dependence Treatment: Age 18 & Older
	Controlling High Blood Pressure: Ages 18-85*



* Indicates Maryland reporting.

Scorecard 1.0 Measures

Strengthen Person & Family Engagement	Getting Care Quickly*	
as Partners in their Care	Getting Needed Care*	
Make Care Affordable	Diabetes Short-Term Complications Admission Rate	
Work with Communities to Promote Best Practices of Healthy	Long-Term Services and Supports (under development)	
Living 10	MARYLAND Department of Health	

* Indicates Maryland reporting.



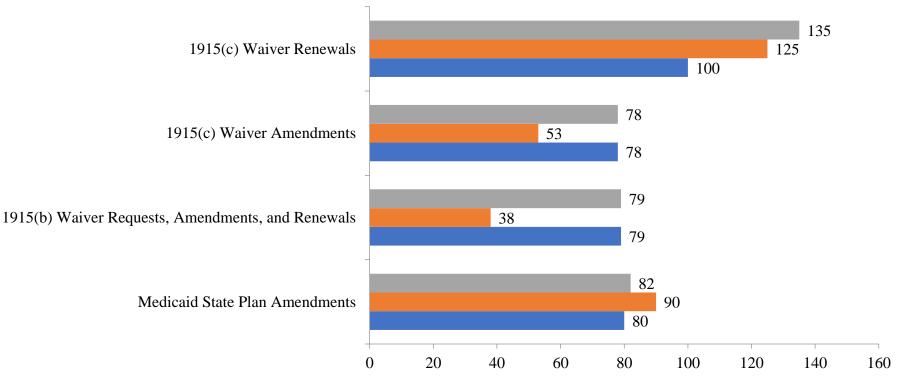
State Administrative Accountability ——

- Provides insight into how states and the federal government work together to administer Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
- Has four categories:
 - State Plan Amendment and 1915 Waiver Processing
 - Managed Care Capitation Rate Review: Timing of States' Submissions
 - Managed Care Capitation Rate Review: Days Awaiting Information from States
 - Home- and Community-Based Services (HCBS) by State



State Administrative Accountability

State Plan Amendment and 1915 Waiver Processing —



Median number of days between submission and approval

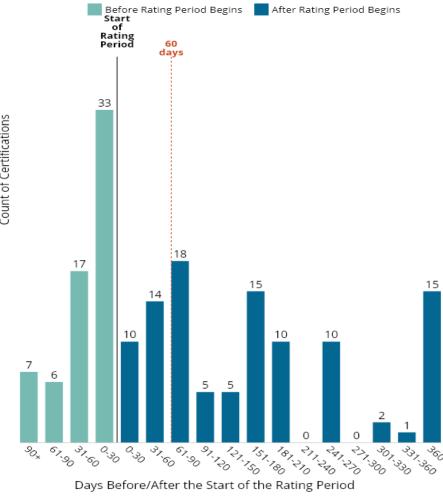
Median number of days for states to provide addition information upon CMS request

Median number of days for CMS review



State Administrative Accountability—Managed Care Capitation Rate Review

Timing of States' Submissions

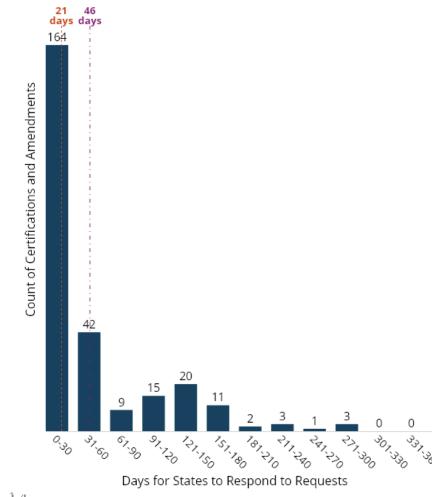


Reports the number of days between a state's submission of a base capitation certification rate and the start of the managed care contract rating period



State Administrative Accountability—Managed Care Capitation Rate Review

Days Awaiting Information from States



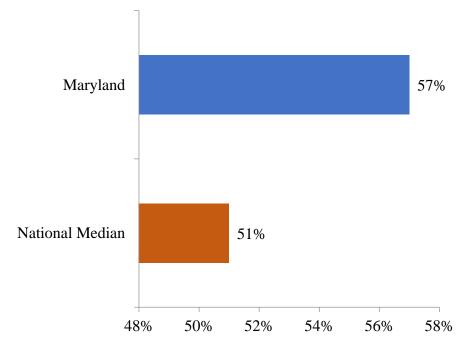
Reports the state portion of the total number of days it took to review and approve states' managed care base capitation rates and capitation rate amendments



State Administrative Accountability

HCBS by State

Home- and Community-Based Services by State



- Shows HCBS
 expenditures as a percent
 of total long-term services
 and supports (LTSS)
 spending by state for
 Federal Fiscal Year (FFY)
 2015
- Maryland ranked 8th of the 49 states reporting



Federal Administrative Accountability

- Provide insight into how the federal government and states work together to administer Medicaid and CHIP
- Has four measures:
 - State Plan Amendment and 1915 Waiver Processing
 - Managed Care Capitation Rate Review: Total Days to Approve Rates
 - Managed Care Capitation Rate Review: Days Under CMS Review
 - Section 1115 Demonstration: Time from Submission to Approval



Federal Administrative Accountability

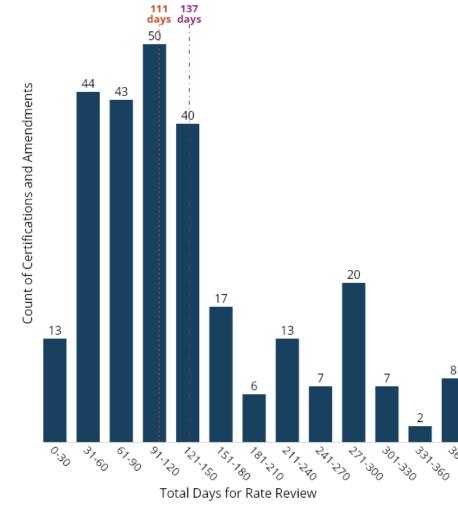
State Plan Amendment and 1915 Waiver Processing —

Repeats the data for the State Administrative Accountability's State Plan Amendment and 1915 Waiver Processing measure



Federal Administrative Accountability—Managed Care Capitation Rate Review

Total Days to Approve Rates

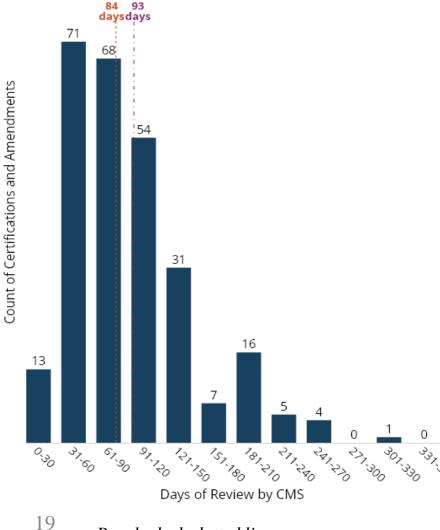


¹⁸ Purple dash-dotted line = mean, or average of all values Red dashed line = median, or middle of all values Reports the total number of days it took to review and approve states' managed care base capitation rates and capitation rate amendments



Federal Administrative Accountability-Managed Care Capitation Rate Review

Days Under CMS Review



Purple dash-dotted line = mean, or average of all values Red dashed line = median, or middle of all values Reports the CMS portion of the total number of days it took to review and approve states' managed care base capitation rates and capitation rate amendments



Federal Administrative Accountability—Section 1115 Demonstration

Time from Submission to Approval



Reports the percentage of Section 1115 demonstration applications in FFY 2017 that CMS approved in six months or less, and more than six months

Note: The denominator of 28 represents 1 new, 11 renewed, and 16 amended Section 1115 Demonstration waivers CMS received in FFY 2017. Disapprovals and pending applications are not included in this count.



State Health System Performance Maryland's Performance



Summary

- Maryland's performance exceeded the national median on eight of the nine measures reported.
- Of the seven state-reported measures:
 - Maryland's highest ranks are:
 - Prenatal and Postpartum Care: Postpartum Care— 2nd of 36 states reporting
 - Adolescent Well-Care Visits: Ages 12-21—2nd of 46 states reporting
 - Maryland's lowest rank: *Well-Child Visits in the First 15 Months of Life*—9th of 46 states reporting

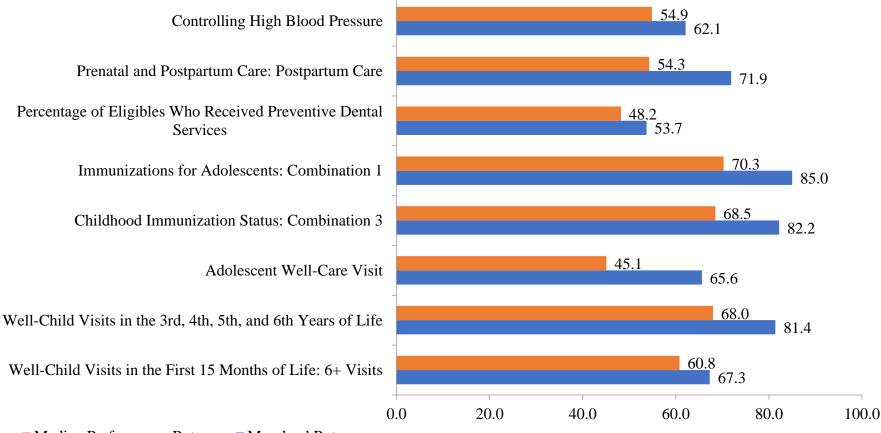


CAHPS Measures

- Maryland's reported CAHPS data does not match the results in Scorecard
 - Maryland's score based on information collected for the HealthChoice population
 - CMS utilized a separate data-collection methodology
- Maryland's score for:
 - *Getting Care Quickly*: Only five percentage points lower than the top-ranked state and only four percentage points lower than the national median
 - *Getting Needed Care*: Exceeded the national median by two percentage points and was only four percentage points lower than the top-ranked state



Maryland Results



Median Performance Rates
Maryland Rates



Maryland's Performance Measures Not Reported

Maryland did not report five measures:

Follow-Up After Hospitalization for Mental Illness: Age 21 & Older

Use of Multiple Concurrent Antipsychotics in Children & Adolescents: Ages 1-17

Use of Opioids at High Dosage in Persons Without Cancer (not published due to insufficient data)

Initiation & Engagement of Alcohol & Other Drug Dependence Treatment: Age 18 & Older

Diabetes Short-Term Complications Admission Rate



Maryland's Performance How Many States Reported

Measure	Number of States Reporting
Follow-Up After Hospitalization for Mental Illness: Age 21 & Older	36
Use of Multiple Concurrent Antipsychotics in Children & Adolescents: Ages 1-17	32
Use of Opioids at High Dosage in Persons Without Cancer	14
Initiation & Engagement of Alcohol & Other Drug Dependence Treatment: Age 18 & Older	26
Diabetes Short-Term Complications Admission Rate	25



State Health System Performance Limitations and Future Use



Limitations

- NAMD comments
 - Comparability, accuracy and timeliness
 - Comparisons across states with diverse structures and care delivery approaches
- Maryland observations
 - Two of the pre-populated measures for Maryland conflicted with Maryland's reported results and are not comparable with the other reported measures (covering the HealthChoice population)
 - Scorecard landing page navigation



Future Use Measure Updates

- Transition to outcomes-based measures
- Include new measures: Opioid-related, home- and community-based services
- Make reporting mandatory
- Improved accuracy through T-MSIS
- Improve comparability



Future Use

Accountability

- CMS is still defining accountability...
 - Helping states improve
 - Supporting CMS in carrying out its regulatory role
- CMS has not set a timeline for accountability.



Questions?

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Resources

Medicaid & CHIP Scorecard

https://www.medicaid.gov/state-overviews/scorecard/index.html

NAMD Statement on the CMS Scorecard

http://medicaiddirectors.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/Scorecard-1.0-NAMD-Statement_FINAL.pdf

