MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

2018 HealthChoice Evaluation: 2012 - 2016

Alyssa Brown, Deputy Director, Planning Administration

May 24, 2018

Overview

Element	Content
Program Updates	Summarizes changes to the overall Medicaid program, <i>e.g.</i> , new initiatives or benefits, grant awards
Coverage and Access	Discusses trends in overall Medicaid and managed care enrollment, provider network adequacy, and access to services
Medical Home	Reviews ambulatory care use, emergency department (ED) use and trends, and continuity of care
Quality of Care	Tracks trends in quality measures for preventive care and chronic conditions
Special Topics	Presents other HealthChoice topics, <i>e.g.</i> , behavioral health, dental care, foster care, racial disparities
ACA Expansion	Evaluates enrollment, access, and utilization trends under the Affordable Care Act (ACA) expansion



Program Goals and Updates



Demonstration Goals

- Provide a patient-focused system with a medical home for all beneficiaries
- Build on the strengths of the established Maryland health care system
- Provide comprehensive, prevention-oriented systems of care
- Hold managed care organization (MCOs) accountable for high-quality care
- Achieve better value and predictable expenses



Program Updates

- Evaluation Period CY 2012 CY 2016
- Previous waiver periods (covered in the evaluation)
 - Expansion of Family Planning Program to all women up to 200 percent of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) (2012)
 - Affordable Care Act (ACA) Medicaid Expansion (2014)
 - Behavioral Health Integration (2015)
- Current waiver period (covered in next evaluation)
 - Dental Expansion for Former Foster Youth
 - Residential Treatment Services for Individuals with Substance Use Disorders (SUD)
 - Community Health Pilots: Home Visiting Services and Assistance in Community Integration Services



Coverage and Access



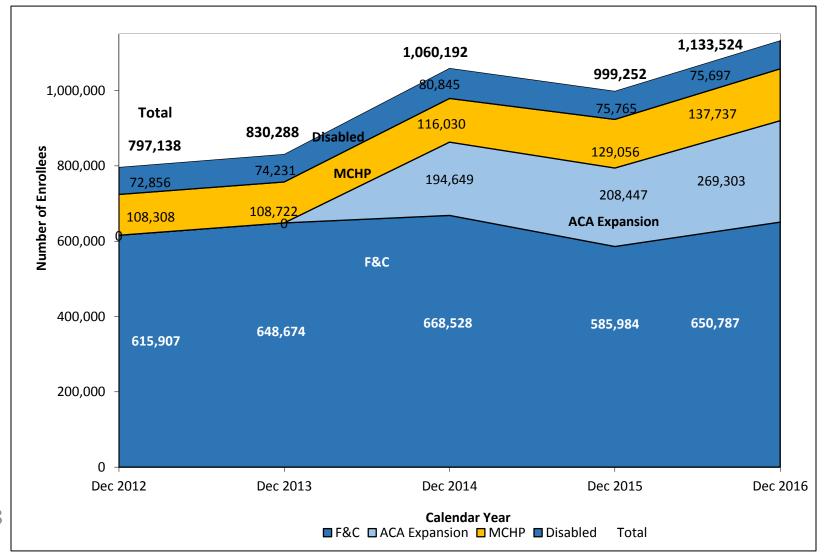
Enrollment Growth

From 2013 to 2016, Maryland experienced the 14th-highest Medicaid and CHIP growth rate of the 48 continental states and the District of Columbia.*

- From CY 2012 to CY 2016, the HealthChoice population grew by 42.2 percent, from 797,138 enrollees to 1,133,524 enrollees.
- The percentage of Maryland Medicaid enrollees in managed care remained high, increasing from 81.5 percent to 84.1 percent.
- The percentage of Maryland's population enrolled in HealthChoice grew from 15.8 percent to 21.2 percent (any period of enrollment).



Enrollment Growth



Coverage in Maryland

	CY 2012	CY 2013	CY 2014	CY 2015	CY 2016
Maryland Population*	5,889,651	5,931,129	5,967,295	5,994,983	6,052,177
Individuals Enrolled in He	ealthChoice	for Any Per	iod of Time	During the	Year
HealthChoice Population	930,647	961,597	1,251,023	1,.304,492	1,285,807
% of Population in HealthChoice	15.8%	16.2%	21.0%	21.8%	21.2%
Individuals En	rolled in Hea	althChoice a	s of Decemb	oer 31	
HealthChoice Population	797,138	830,288	1,060,192	999,252	1,133,524
% of Population in HealthChoice	13.5%	14.0%	17.8%	16.7%	18.7%



Enrollment Growth

	CY 20	012	CY 20	16
Demographic Category	# of Participants	% of Total	# of Participants	% of Total
		Sex		
Female	529,251	56.9%	699,264	54.4%
Male	401,073	43.1%	586,543	45.6%
Total	930,324	100%	1,285,807	100%
	Age G	Group (Years)		
0 - <1	35,832	3.9%	36,479	2.8%
1 - 2	77,213	8.3%	79,073	6.2%
3 - 5	114,035	12.3%	108,066	8.4%
6 - 9	129,273	13.9%	147,192	11.5%
10 - 14	137,482	14.8%	156,502	12.2%
15 - 18	96,069	10.3%	108,887	8.5%
19 - 20	41,444	4.5%	46,034	3.6%
21 - 39	192,868	20.7%	341,689	26.6%
40 - 64	106,108	11.4%	261,885	20.4%
Total	930,324	100%	1,285,807	100%

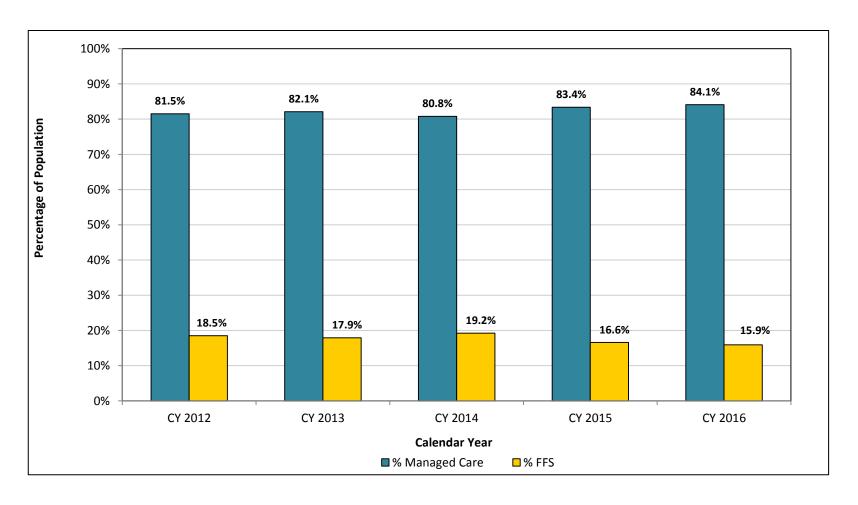


Enrollment Growth

	CY 20)12	CY 20:	16
Demographic Category	# of Participants	% of Total	# of Participants	% of Total
	Rac	ce/Ethnicity		
Asian	32,095	3.5%	55,262	4.3%
Black	456,318	49.1%	561,106	43.6%
White	268,914	28.9%	369,408	28.7%
Hispanic	114,749	12.3%	116,788	9.1%
Native American	1,844	0.2%	3,618	0.3%
Other*	56,404	6.1%	179,625	14.0%
Total	930,324	100%	1,285,807	100%
		Region**		
Baltimore City	192,931	20.7%	238,925	18.6%
Baltimore Metro	256,717	27.6%	370,147	28.8%
Eastern Shore	89,359	9.6%	120,328	9.4%
Southern Maryland	46,627	5.0%	64,555	5.0%
Washington Metro	266,826	28.7%	386,488	30.1%
Western Maryland	75,573	8.1%	104,010	8.1%
Out of State	2,291	0.3%	1,354	0.1%
Total	930,324	100%	1,285,807	100%



Managed Care





Network Adequacy

- Provider networks in all 23 counties and Baltimore City met standard enrollee-to-primary care provider (PCP) ratio of 500:1
- Five counties do not meet the 200:1 ratio:
 - Allegany
 - Caroline
 - Dorchester
 - Prince George's
 - Wicomico



Consumer Satisfaction

CAHPS Measures	CY 2012	CY 2013	CY 2014	CY 2015	CY 2016					
Adults: Getting Needed Care – Percentage responding "Usually" or "Always"										
HealthChoice	79%	80%	80%	81%	82%					
NCQA Quality Compass Benchmark	81%	81%	81%	80%	82%					
Adults: Getting Care Quickly	Adults: Getting Care Quickly – Percentage responding "Usually" or "Always"									
HealthChoice	80%	79%	78%	81%	81%					
NCQA Quality Compass Benchmark	81%	81%	81%	80%	82%					
Children: Getting Needed Care	e – Percenta	ige respondi	ing "Usually	" or "Alway	ys"					
HealthChoice	82%	84%	83%	83%	83%					
NCQA Quality Compass Benchmark	84%	85%	84%	84%	85%					
Children: Getting Care Quickly	Children: Getting Care Quickly – Percentage responding "Usually" or "Always"									
HealthChoice	91%	90%	88%	90%	88%					
NCQA Quality Compass Benchmark	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%					

Utilization

- Participants with an ambulatory care visit remained the same in CY 2012 and CY 2016, at 78.6 percent.
 - The largest increase was seen among children aged 10-18, growing from 75.9 percent to 80.1 percent.
- The emergency department (ED) visit rate in CY 2016 was 31.1 percent, a decrease from 33.7 percent in CY 2012.
 - The 19-39 and 40-46 age groups saw large decreases, by 4.6 and 4.9 percentage points, respectively.
- Inpatient admissions decreased by 3.7 percentage points, from 14.3 percent in CY 2012 to 10.6 percent in CY 2016.



Medical Home

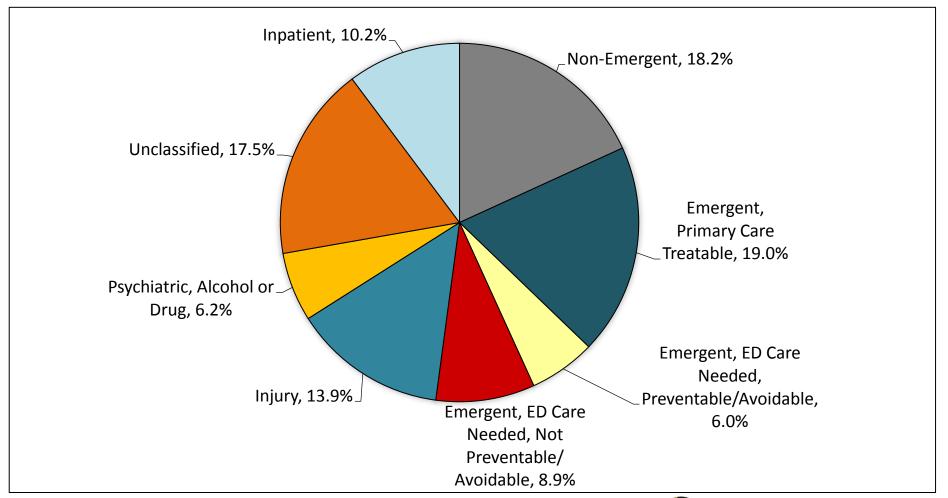


Potentially-Avoidable Admissions

- MDH uses the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality's Prevention Quality Indicators (PQI) methodology, which looks for specific primary diagnoses in hospital admission records.
- The percentage of participants with at least one admission due to one of the 16 PQI designations increased from 9.5 percent in CY 2012 to 11.3 percent in CY 2016.
- PQI-designated discharges with the highest rates:
 - COPD or Asthma in Older Adults (PQI #5)
 - Congestive Heart Failure (PQI #8)

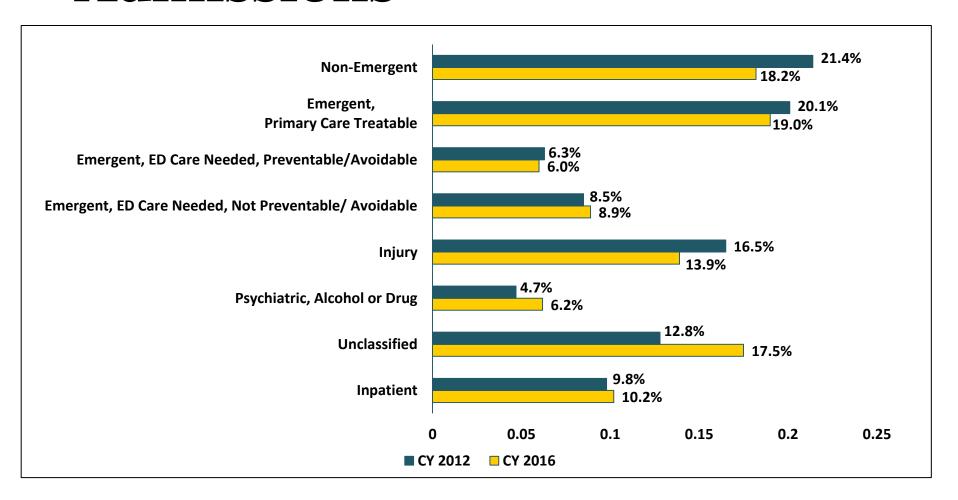


Potentially-Avoidable Admissions





Potentially-Avoidable Admissions





Quality of Care



HEDIS Childhood Measures

After declines in CY 2014 due to the inclusion of new MCOs, HEDIS Immunization and Well-Child measures began to recover in CY 2015 and CY 2016. Overall, HealthChoice performance remains above the National HEDIS Mean (NHM).

- **Immunization Combination Two**: Increased from 76.5 percent in CY 2014 to 82.2 percent in CY 2016—an overall increase from CY 2012 of 2.0 percentage points
- **Immunization Combination Three**: Increased from 73.5 percent in CY 2014 to 80.1 percent in CY 2016—an overall increase from CY 2012 of 2.4 percentage points
- **15-month-old infants who received at least five well-child visits**: Increased from a low of 79.5 percent in CY 2014 to 82.2 percent in CY 2016—still lower than CY 2012 (83.9 percent)
- Children aged three to six years who received at least one well-child visit: Decreased by 0.7 percentage points from 82.0 percent in CY 2014 to 81.3 percent in CY 2016—lower than CY 2012 (82.2 percent)
- Adolescent Well-Care: Increased by 2.5 percentage points from 62.1 percent in CY 2014 to 64.6 percent in CY 2016—lower than CY 2012 (65.4 percent)



Lead Test Screening

- Lead test screening rates between CY 2012 and CY 2016:
 - Improved for children aged 12-23 months: 57.9 percent to 60.7 percent
 - Improved for children aged 24-35 months: 75.6 percent to 78.3 percent
- Blood lead levels: The percentage of children aged zero to six with an elevated blood lead level decreased from 3.6 percent in CY 2012 to 2.9 percent in CY 2016.
- Lead recommendations and Health Services Initiative (HSI)
 - 2016: Joint Chairmen's Report put forth recommendations for further improving lead testing rates
 - 2017: Effective July 1, CMS approved an HSI State Plan Amendment, allowing Maryland to leverage federal CHIP matching funds for two programs:
 - Program 1: Healthy Homes for Healthy Kids (lead identification and abatement); and
 - Program 2: Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention & Environmental Case Management (identify asthma triggers and conditions that contribute to lead poisoning)



Cancer Screening and Prevention

- Breast cancer screening rate*: Improved by 18.8 percentage points, from 51.0 percent in CY 2012 to 69.8 percent in CY 2016
- Cervical cancer screening rate: Decreased by 8.8 percentage points from 73.7 percent in CY 2012 to 64.9 percent in CY 2016
- Colorectal cancer screening rate: Decreased from 38.8 percent in CY 2012 to 37.2 percent in CY 2016—however, this rebounded from 32.1 percent in CY 2014



Management of Chronic Conditions

- **Asthma:** The rate of participants who remained on asthma controller medication for at least 50 percent of their treatment increased from 46.3 percent in CY 2012 to 55.8 percent in CY 2016.
 - HealthChoice performed above the NHM for the first time in CY 2015 but fell below in CY 2016.
 - The rate for 75 percent compliance also increased to above the NHM in CY 2015 but fell below in CY 2016 (31.1 percent).

Diabetes

- Retinal eye exam rates decreased to 57.0 percent in CY 2016 from 69.6 percent in CY 2012 but remained about the NHM.
- HbA1c testing rates increased to 88.9 percent in CY 2016 from 81.2 percent in CY 2012, first surpassing the NHM in CY 2013.*



Special Topics



Dental Services

- 68.5 percent of children aged 4-20 years received dental services in CY 2016—an increase of 0.7 percentage points since CY 2012.
- 26.1 percent of pregnant women aged 21 years and older received dental services in CY 2016—a decrease of 3.7 percentage points since CY 2012.
- The dental ASO is implementing a comprehensive five-year plan to improve the engagement of pregnant women in dental care:
 - Assignment to a dental home;
 - Enhanced individual outreach; and
 - Leveraging partnerships with other providers (e.g., Ob/Gyns).



Behavioral Health-

The percentage of HealthChoice participants with:

- A mental health disorder (MHD) diagnosis increased by 1.1 percentage points, from 10.4 percent in CY 2012 to 11.5 percent in CY 2016
- A substance use disorder (SUD) diagnosis increased by 0.7 percentage points, from 2.3 percent in CY 2012 to 3.0 percent in CY 2016
- Co-occurring behavioral health diagnoses (MHD and SUD) increased by 1.0 percentage point, from 1.4 percent in CY 2012 to 2.4 percent in CY 2016



Ambulatory Care Use

	Total Number of	At least One Ambu	latory Care Visit							
Year	Year Participants		Percentage of Total Participants							
MHD Only										
CY 2012	96,333	85,880	89.1%							
CY 2013	99,978	93,469	93.5%							
CY 2014	128,733	120,059	93.3%							
CY 2015	142,223	131,875	92.7%							
CY 2016	148,186	137,679	92.9%							
	SUD	Only								
CY 2012	21,296	17,520	82.3%							
CY 2013	20,481	16,642	81.3%							
CY 2014	36,067	26,057	72.2%							
CY 2015	35,628	25,355	71.2%							
CY 2016	37,938	27,154	71.6%							
	MHD ·	+ SUD								
CY 2012	13,242	11,732	88.6%							
CY 2013	13,417	12,633	94.2%							
CY 2014	25,076	23,072	92.0%							
CY 2015	27,601	25,257	91.5%							
CY 2016	30,646	27,973	91.3%							

ED Utilization

	Total Number of	At least One	ED Visit								
Year	Participants	Number of Participants	Percentage of Total Participants								
	MHD Only										
CY 2012	96,333	45,727	47.5%								
CY 2013	99,978	46,674	46.7%								
CY 2014	128,733	60,059	46.7%								
CY 2015	142,223	63,326	44.5%								
CY 2016	148,186	65,571	44.3%								
	SUD	Only									
CY 2012	21,296	13,404	62.9%								
CY 2013	20,481	12,495	61.0%								
CY 2014	36,067	18,918	52.5%								
CY 2015	35,628	18,010	50.6%								
CY 2016	37,938	19,251	50.7%								
	MHD -	+ SUD									
CY 2012	13,242	9,452	71.4%								
CY 2013	13,417	9,522	71.0%								
CY 2014	25,076	17,341	69.2%								
CY 2015	27,601	18,685	67.7%								
CY 2016	30,646	20,887	68.2%								

Medication-Assisted Therapy

- Methadone Replacement Therapy (MRT)
 - SUD-only: From CY 2012 to CY 2016, MRT use increased by 14.5 percentage points, from 25.6 percent to 40.1 percent.
 - MHD+SUD: From CY 2012 to CY 2016, MRT use increased from 30.2 percent to 33.1 percent.
- Medication-Assisted Therapy (MAT)
 - SUD-only: From CY 2012 to CY 2016, MAT use increased by 21.9 percentage points, from 36.6 percent to 58.5 percent.
 - MHD+SUD: From CY 2012 to CY 2016, MAT use increased from 49.9 percent to 60.0 percent.



Children in Foster Care

- 76.2 percent of children in foster care received at least one ambulatory care visit in CY 2016, compared with 82.3 percent of other HealthChoice children.
 - This is an overall increase from CY 2012, when 74.1 percent of children in foster care received an ambulatory care visit.
 - As observed across the general HealthChoice population, younger children in foster care were more likely than older children to receive ambulatory services.
- 34.2 percent of children in foster care had at least one ED visit in CY 2016, a decrease from 36.8 percent in CY 2012.
- 63.4 percent of children in foster care had at least one dental visit in CY 2016, compared with 62.7 percent of other HealthChoice children.



Reproductive Health

HealthChoice performance exceeded the NHM, with the exception of CY 2013.

- Receiving timely prenatal care: 87.6 percent in CY 2016
 - Increase of 1.8 percentage points over CY 2012
 - Increase of 6.1 percentage points over the low in CY 2013
- Receiving expected number of prenatal visits
 - Percentage of women who received more than 80 percent of expected visits declined to 71.0 percent in CY 2016 from 71.5 percent in CY 2012
 - Percentage of women who received less than 21 percent of visits decreased to 5.0 percent in CY 2016 from 6.3 percent in CY 2012



Antenatal Care Outreach

Eight of the nine MCOs are conducting outreach to enrollees of childbearing age.

- Identification: Maryland Prenatal Risk Assessment, claims data, provider referrals, self-referrals, Local Health Departments
- Media: Mailings, phone, events, member handbooks, patient education, online resources
- Referrals to: Community-based organizations, Ob/Gyns, PCPs, dental providers, behavioral health providers, prenatal classes, post-partum care



Family Planning Program

- The Family Planning Program expanded to cover women under age 51 below 200 percent of the Federal Poverty Level in 2012.
- Enrollment decreased by 9,436 between CY 2012 and CY 2016 to 15,447 participants with any period of enrollment in CY 2016.
 - This corresponds with the ACA expansion, which expanded eligibility for comprehensive coverage to many Family Planning Program participants.
- 2,925 participants received at least one service in CY 2016 (18.9 percent).



HIV/AIDS

- The overall percentage of participants with HIV/AIDS with an ambulatory care visit increased by 0.7 percentage points, from 91.4 percent in CY 2012 to 92.1 percent in CY 2016 (a decrease of 0.7 percentage points from CY 2014).
- ED utilization decreased by 4.0 percentage points, from 55.3 percent in CY 2012 to 51.3 percent in CY 2016, after peaking at 55.9 percent in CY 2013.
- CD4 testing increased by 5.6 percentage points, from 70.0 percent in CY 2012 to 75.6 percent in CY 2016.
- Viral load testing decreased by 0.1 percentage points, from 69.5 percent in CY 2012 to 69.4 percent in CY 2016.



HIV/AIDS

- HIV Screening: From CY 2012 to CY 2016, the percentage of HealthChoice participants screened for HIV increased from 15.4 percent to 16.2 percent.
- HIV Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) Use: From CY 2012 to CY 2016, the percentage of HealthChoice participants taking PrEP decreased from 0.25 percent to 0.19 percent.



REM Program

- The percentage of REM participants receiving dental visits grew by 4.6 percentage points, from 49.2 percent in CY 2012 to 53.8 percent in CY 2016.
- Ambulatory care visits increased by 0.5 percentage points over the study period.
- ED utilization rate decreased by 1.6 percentage points between CY 2012 and CY 2016, from to 45.9 percent to 44.3 percent, after peaking in CY 2013 at 46.7 percent.



Racial and Ethnic Disparities

- Blacks (561,106) and Whites (369,408) gained the greatest enrollment numbers; proportionally, the Other and Asian categories grew the most.
- Ambulatory care visit rates increased among children of all racial and ethnic groups from CY 2012 to CY 2016; among adults, Asians, Whites and Native Americans experienced decreases.
- Blacks continued to have the highest ED rate (37.1 percent), while Asians had the lowest (16.0 percent).
- Data integrity challenges



ACA Expansion



History

- July 2006: Primary Adult Care (PAC) Program covers childless adults up to 116 percent FPL
- January 2014: Maryland expands Medicaid eligibility under the ACA to cover adults under age 65 up to 138 percent FPL
- The expansion population consists of three principal sub-groups:
 - Former PAC participants
 - Childless adults not previously enrolled in PAC
 - Parents and caretaker relatives



Demographic Highlights

Race/Ethnicity

• Majority of enrollees were Black (43.2 percent) or White (36.9 percent)

Gender

• Female: 49.5 percent

• Male: 50.5 percent

• Age

• 19-34 years: 42.3 percent

• 35-49 years: 25.1 percent

• 50-64 years: 32.7 percent

• Region: The majority of participants (76.2 percent) resided in...

- Baltimore Suburban (29.1 percent)
- Washington Suburban (25.9 percent)
- Baltimore City (21.2 percent)



Service Utilization

		CY 2014			CY 2015			CY 2016	
Enrollment Period	Number of Users	Total Enrollees	% of Total	Number of Users	Total Enrollees	% of Total	Number of Users	Total Enrollees	% of Total
			Inpa	tient Adm	issions				
Any Period	26,573	283,697	9.4%	31,087	365,992	8.5%	32622	355,271	9.2%
12 Months	14,028	118,255	11.9%	19,088	168,682	11.3%	22,670	222,677	10.2%
			Ambı	ılatory Ca	re Visits				
Any Period	174,293	283,697	61.4%	225,794	365,992	61.7%	236,729	355,271	66.6%
12 Months	95,639	118,255	80.9%	138,728	168,682	82.2%	172,901	222,677	77.7%
ED Visits									
Any Period	89,029	283,697	31.4%	110,071	365,992	30.1%	114,624	355,271	32.3%
12 Months	46,838	118,255	39.6%	65,587	168,682	38.9%	82,894	222,677	37.2%



Behavioral Health Utilization

		CY 2014			CY 2015			CY 2016	
Enrollment Period	Number of Users	Total Enrollees	% of Total	Number of Users	Total Enrollees	% of Total	Number of Users	Total Enrollees	% of Total
				MHD On	ly				
Any Period	26,774	283,697	9.4%	35,123	365,992	9.6%	37,637	355,271	10.6%
12 Months	15,504	118,255	13.1%	22,559	168,682	13.4%	27,742	222,677	12.5%
				SUD Onl	ly				
Any Period	18,911	283,697	6.7%	21,529	365,992	5.9%	23,739	355,271	6.7%
12 Months	10,234	118,255	8.7%	12,518	168,682	7.4%	16,717	222,677	7.5%
			L	Dual Diagn	osis				
Any Period	12,666	283,697	4.5%	15,899	365,992	4.3%	18,100	355,271	5.1%
12 Months	8,356	118,255	7.1%	11,252	168,682	6.7%	14,501	222,677	6.5%
None									
Any Period	225,346	283,697	79.4%	293,441	365,992	80.2%	275,795	355,271	77.6%
12 Months	84,161	118,255	71.2%	122,353	168,682	72.5%	163,717	222,677	73.5%



Questions?

HealthChoice evaluations can be found here:

https://mmcp.health.maryland.gov/healthchoice/pages/HealthChoice-Evaluation.aspx

Contacts for follow-up:

- Alyssa Brown
 - Deputy Director, Planning Administration
 - alyssa.brown@maryland.gov
- Laura Goodman
 - Division Chief for Evaluation, Research, and Data Analytics, Planning Administration
 - laura.goodman@maryland.gov

