HIPAA Security and Privacy

It is critical that your LHD establish controls and checklists to protect itself from any HIPAA breaches. With employees having access to both internal and external systems, it is important to maintain organized processes for providing accesses upon hire, and deactivating accesses at termination.

Following the guidelines described below consistently can protect your LHD from compromising protected health information. Remind staff that carrying out these steps promptly and consistently is not a reflection on the separated employee, and it is not a matter of distrust. It is a matter of respecting the integrity of your data systems and ensuring you have been vigilant in protecting them.

- Assemble a list of all internal systems your company controls access to. Such as your practice
 management system, EMR, accounting and payroll packages, network, and e-mail systems to name a
 few. Department managers should help develop the list, to ensure every system is identified.
- Assemble a list of all external systems your company accesses via the Web, or other secure means.
 Brainstorm with every department to assemble this list. You might be surprised to find that if your maintenance staffer quits, no one could log in to schedule your next inspection of your heating and cooling system.
- Create a "user-access checklist," which includes a checklist of all of the systems you have collected above, a place for "employee name," "hire date," and "termination date."
- When you have a new hire, create a copy of the checklist and put their name on it.
 Record every system the new hire will access. File the completed checklist in their personnel file.
- When you provide additional access, or remove access for an employee, update the checklist in their personnel file. During employee annual reviews, ask the employee if they still need access to each system. Perhaps an employee has changed departments, and no longer requires access to a system. Change the access, and updated their user- access checklist.
- When an employee separates, pull out the user-access checklist from their file.
 Immediately deactivate all internal accounts and contact all external parties to disable all access to external systems.
- Ensure you have at least two separate authorized employee users on every account for all of your external systems, which could include anything from your online bill payment system for the electric bill to the username and password for the website for the company credit card. This will ensure that if one of them is released, the other authorized employee can continue access to any external company.
- **Keep these records stored and formally maintained.** Often, these records are maintained by accounting departments, HR departments, IT, or a central office administrator.