







# Bright Futures...

prevention and health promotion for infants, children, adolescents, and their families™

American Academy of Pediatrics



DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN®

# Coding for Pediatric Preventive Care, 2019

This resource contains comprehensive listings of codes that may not be used by your practice on a regular basis. We recommend that you identify the codes most relevant to your practice and include those on your encounter form or billing sheet.

Following are the *Current Procedural Terminology* (*CPT*°), Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) Level II, and *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM)* codes most commonly reported by pediatricians in providing preventive care services. The pediatrician, not the staff, is ultimately responsible for the appropriate codes to report.

#### **Symbol Description**

- A bullet at the beginning of a code means it is a new code for the current year.
- + A plus sign means the code is an add-on code.

The recommendations in this publication do not indicate an exclusive course of treatment or serve as a standard of medical care. Variations, taking into account individual circumstances, may be appropriate.

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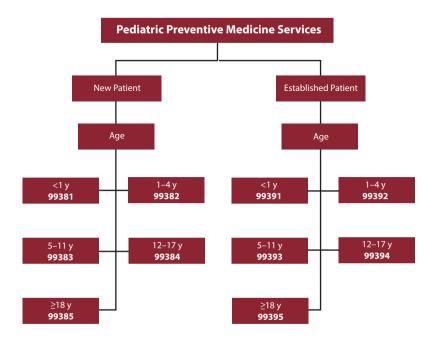
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The Bright Futures/American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) "Recommendations for Preventive Pediatric Health Care," also known as the "periodicity schedule," is a schedule of screenings and assessments recommended at each well-child visit from infancy through adolescence. The following services and codes coincide with this schedule. For more details on the periodicity schedule, see www.aap.org/periodicityschedule.

## Preventive Medicine Service Codes

Services included under these codes include measurements (length/height, head circumference, weight, body mass index, blood pressure) and age- and gender-appropriate examination and history (initial or interval).



- Preventive medicine service codes are not time-based; therefore, time spent during the visit is not relevant in selecting the appropriate preventive medicine services code.
- If an illness or abnormality is discovered, or a preexisting problem is addressed, in the process of performing the preventive medicine service, and if the illness, abnormality, or problem is significant enough to require additional work to perform the key components of a problem-oriented evaluation and management (E/M) service (history, physical examination, medical decision-making, counseling/care coordination, or a combination of those), the appropriate office or other outpatient service code (99201–99215) should be reported in addition to the preventive medicine service code. Append modifier 25 to the office or other outpatient service code (eq. 99392 and 99213 25).
- An insignificant or trivial illness, abnormality, or problem encountered in the process of performing the preventive medicine service should not be separately reported.
- The comprehensive nature of the preventive medicine service codes reflects an age- and gender-appropriate history and physical examination and is not synonymous with the comprehensive examination required for some other E/M codes (eg, 99204, 99205, 99215).
- Immunizations and ancillary studies involving laboratory, radiology, or other procedures, or screening tests (eg, vision, developmental, hearing) identified with a specific *CPT*° code, are reported and paid for separately from the preventive medicine service code.

# PREVENTIVE MEDICINE SERVICES: NEW PATIENTS

- Initial comprehensive preventive medicine E/M of an individual includes an age- and gender-appropriate history; physical examination; counseling, anticipatory guidance, or risk factor reduction interventions; and the ordering of laboratory or diagnostic procedures.
- A new patient is defined as one who has not received any professional face-to-face services rendered by physicians and other qualified health care professionals who may report E/M services and reported by a specific CPT° code(s) from a physician/other qualified health care professional, or another physician/other qualified health care professional of the exact same specialty and subspecialty who belongs to the same group practice, within the past 3 years.

<i>CPT</i> ° Codes		ICD-10-C	ICD-10-CM Codes		
99381	Infant (younger than 1 year)	Z00.110	Health supervision for newborn under 8 days old <b>or</b>		
		Z00.111	Health supervision for newborn 8 to 28 days old <b>or</b>		
		Z00.121	Routine child health exam with abnormal findings or		
		Z00.129	Routine child health exam without abnormal findings		
99382	Early childhood (age 1–4 years)	Z00.121 Z00.129			
99383	Late childhood (age 5–11 years)				
99384	Adolescent (age 12–17 years)				
99385	18 years or older	Z00.00	General adult medical exam without abnormal findings		
		Z00.01	General adult medical exam with abnormal findings		

# PREVENTIVE MEDICINE SERVICES: ESTABLISHED PATIENTS

Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation and management of an individual includes an age- and gender-appropriate history; physical examination; counseling, anticipatory guidance, or risk factor reduction interventions; and the ordering of laboratory or diagnostic procedures.

<i>CPT</i> Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes		
99391	Infant (younger than 1 year)	Z00.110	Health supervision for newborn under 8 days old <b>or</b>	
		Z00.111	Health supervision for newborn 8 to 28 days old <b>or</b>	
		Z00.121	Routine child health exam with abnormal findings or	
		Z00.129	Routine child health exam without abnormal findings	
99392	Early childhood (age 1–4 years)	Z00.121 Z00.129		
99393	Late childhood (age 5–11 years)			
99394	Adolescent (age 12–17 years)			
99395	18 years or older	Z00.00	General adult medical exam without abnormal findings	
		Z00.01	General adult medical exam with abnormal findings	

# PREVENTIVE MEDICINE SERVICES: WITH AND WITHOUT ABNORMAL FINDINGS

The use of an *ICD-10-CM* code for *with abnormal findings* (eg, **Z00.121**) does not mean that an additional E/M service must be used. Abnormal findings can be trivial issues that do not require additional work, but the condition is still documented. Examples of abnormal findings include abnormal screening results, new acute problem, or unstable or worsening chronic condition.

A stable chronic condition (whether addressed or not) would *not* warrant the use of an "abnormal finding" code.

## Counseling, Risk Factor Reduction, and Behavior Change Intervention Codes

- Used to report services provided for the purpose of promoting health and preventing illness or injury.
- They are distinct from other E/M services that may be reported separately when performed. However, one exception is you cannot report counseling codes (99401– 99404) in addition to preventive medicine service codes (99381–99385 and 99391–99395).
- Counseling will vary with age and address such issues as family dynamics, diet and exercise, sexual practices, injury prevention, dental health, and diagnostic or laboratory test results available at the time of the encounter.
- Codes are time-based, where the appropriate code is selected according to the approximate time spent providing the service. Codes may be reported when the midpoint for that time has passed. For example, once 8 minutes are documented, one may report 99401.
- Extent of counseling or risk factor reduction intervention must be documented in the patient chart to qualify the service based on time.
- Counseling or interventions are used for persons without a specific illness for which the counseling might otherwise be used as part of treatment.

- Cannot be reported with patients who have symptoms or established illness.
- For counseling individual patients with symptoms or established illness, report an office or other outpatient service code (99201–99215) instead.
- For counseling groups of patients with symptoms or established illness, report 99078 (physician educational services rendered to patients in a group setting) instead.

## PREVENTIVE MEDICINE, COUNSELING

#### CPT® Codes

99401	Preventive medicine counseling or risk factor	
	reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual;	
	approximately 15 minutes	
99402	approximately 30 minutes	
99403	approximately 45 minutes	
99404	approximately 60 minutes	
99411	Preventive medicine counseling or risk factor	
	reduction intervention(s) provided to individuals in a	
	group setting; approximately 30 minutes	
99412	approximately 60 minutes	

## ICD-10-CM Codes for Preventive Counseling

- The diagnosis codes reported for preventive counseling will vary depending on the reason for the encounter.
- Remember that the patient cannot have symptoms or established illness; therefore, the diagnosis codes reported cannot reflect symptoms or illnesses.

- Examples of some possible diagnosis codes include
- **Z28.3** Underimmunized status (Also include an additional code, eq. **Z28.82** [caregiver refusal].)
- **Z71.3** Dietary surveillance and counseling
- **Z71.82** Exercise counseling
- **Z71.89** Other specified counseling
- **Z71.9** Counseling, unspecified

# BEHAVIOR CHANGE INTERVENTIONS, INDIVIDUAL

- Used only when counseling a patient on smoking cessation (99406, 99407).
- If counseling a patient's parent or guardian on smoking cessation, do not report these codes (99406, 99407) under the patient; instead, refer to preventive medicine counseling codes (99401–99404) if the patient is not currently experiencing adverse effects (eg, illness), or include under the problem-related E/M service (99201–99215).
- Codes 99406–99409 may be reported in addition to the preventive medicine service codes.
- 99406 Smoking and tobacco use cessation counseling visit; intermediate, greater than 3 minutes up to 10 minutes
- 99407 intensive, greater than 10 minutes
- 99408 Alcohol or substance (other than tobacco) abuse structured screening (eg, Alcohol Use Disorder Identification Test [AUDIT], Drug Abuse Screening Test [DAST]) and brief intervention (SBI) services; 15 to 30 minutes
- 99409 greater than 30 minutes

# ICD-10-CM Codes for Risk Factor Reduction and Behavior Change Interventions

F10.10	Alcohol abuse, uncomplicated
F11.10	Opioid abuse, uncomplicated
F12.10	Cannabis abuse, uncomplicated
F13.10	Sedative, hypnotic or anxiolytic abuse, uncomplicated
F13.90	Sedative, hypnotic, or anxiolytic use, unspecified,
	uncomplicated
F15.90	Other stimulant use, unspecified, uncomplicated
F16.90	Hallucinogen use, unspecified, uncomplicated
Z71.41	Alcohol abuse counseling and surveillance of alcoholic
Z71.51	Drug abuse counseling and surveillance of drug abuser
Z71.6	Tobacco abuse counseling
Z87.891	Personal history of nicotine dependence
Z91.89	Other specified personal risk factors, presenting as
	hazards to health not alsowhere classified

# Other Preventive Medicine Services

## **ORAL HEALTH**

## **CPT®** Code

99188 Application of topical fluoride varnish by a physician or other qualified health care professional
 Refer to pages 17 and 18 for definition of qualified health care professional.

#### ICD-10-CM Codes

Z00.121	
Z00.129	
Z29.3	Encounter for prophylactic fluoride administration
Z91.841	Risk for dental caries, low
Z91.842	Risk for dental caries, moderate
Z91.843	Risk for dental caries, high
Z91.849	Unspecified risk for dental caries

## **PELVIC EXAMINATION**

- Preventive medicine service codes (99381–99385 and 99391–99395) include a pelvic examination as part of the age- and gender-appropriate examination.
- If the patient is having a problem, the physician can report an office or other outpatient E/M service code (99212–99215) for the visit and attach modifier 25, which identifies that the problem-oriented pelvic visit is a separately identifiable E/M service by the same physician on the same date of service.
- Link the appropriate *ICD-10-CM* code for the well-child or well-adult examination with abnormal findings (**Z00.121** or **Z00.01**) to the preventive medicine service code, but link a different diagnosis code (eg, **N89.8** [vaginal discharge], **N94.4** [primary dysmenorrhea]) to the office or other outpatient E/M service code (eg, **99212**).
- Anticipatory or periodic contraceptive management is not a "problem" and is therefore included in the preventive medicine service code; however, if contraception creates a problem (eg, breakthrough bleeding, vomiting), the service can be reported separately with an office or other outpatient service code.

## ICD-10-CM Codes

Z01.411	Gynecological exam with abnormal findings
Z01.419	Gynecological exam without abnormal findings
Z11.51	Screening for human papillomavirus (HPV)
Z12.72	Screening for malignant neoplasm of vagina
Z30.011	Initial prescription of contraceptive pills
Z30.012	Prescription of emergency contraception
Z30.013	Initial prescription of injectable contraceptive
Z30.014	Initial prescription of intrauterine contraceptive
	device (IUD)
Z30.015	Encounter for initial prescription of vaginal ring
	hormonal contraceptive
<b>Z</b> 30.016	Encounter for initial prescription of transdermal
	patch hormonal contraceptive device
Z30.017	Encounter for initial prescription of implantable
	subdermal contraceptive
Z30.018	Encounter for initial prescription of other contraceptives
Z30.02	Counseling and instruction in natural family planning
	to avoid pregnancy
Z30.09	General counseling and advice on contraception
Z30.40	Surveillance of contraceptives, unspecified
Z30.41	Surveillance of contraceptive pills
Z30.42	Surveillance of injectable contraceptive
Z30.430	Insertion of IUD
Z30.431	Routine checking of IUD
Z30.432	Removal of IUD
Z30.433	Removal and reinsertion of IUD
Z30.44	Encounter for surveillance of vaginal ring
	hormonal contraceptive device
Z30.45	Encounter for surveillance of transdermal patch
	hormonal contracentive device

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- **Z30.46** Encounter for surveillance of implantable subdermal contraceptive
- **Z30.49** Surveillance of other contraceptives

## **HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENTS**

#### **CPT**° Codes

- 96160 Administration of patient-focused health risk assessment instrument (eg, health hazard appraisal) with scoring and documentation, per standardized instrument (eg, CRAFFT)
- 96161 Administration of caregiver-focused health risk assessment instrument (eg, depression inventory) for the benefit of the patient, with scoring and documentation, per standardized instrument

NOTE: Code **96161** can be reported for a postpartum screening administered to a mother as part of a routine newborn check but billed under the baby's name. Link to ICD-10-CM code **Z00.121** or **Z00.129** for normal screening results during a routine well-baby examination. Do not report ICD-10-CM code **Z13.31** or **Z13.32** under the baby, as those are only for the maternal record.

Used to report administration of standardized health risk assessment instruments on the patient (96160) or a primary caregiver (eg, parent) on behalf of the patient (96161). Code 96161 requires that the questions and answers relate to the primary caregiver's health and behaviors, not the patient's.

# UNLISTED PREVENTIVE MEDICINE SERVICE

### **CPT**° Code

**99429** Unlisted preventive medicine service Report code **99429** only when a more specific preventive medicine service code does not exist.

## **Screening Codes**

## **VISION SCREENING**

<i>CPT</i> ° Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes	
99173	Screening test of visual acuity quantitative, bilateral	Z00.121	Routine child health exam with abnormal findings
99174	Instrument-based ocular screening (eg, photoscreening, automated- refraction), bilateral, with remote- analysis and report	Z00.129	Routine child health exam without abnormal findings
99177	Instrument-based ocular screening (eg, photoscreening, automated- refraction), bilateral, with on-site analysis		

**Z01.00** and **Z01.01** (examination of eyes and vision with and without abnormal findings) are reported only for routine examination of eyes and vision, not when a vision screening is done during a routine well-child examination.

- To report code **99173**, you must employ graduate visual acuity stimuli that allow a quantitative estimate of visual acuity (eg, Snellen chart).
- Codes 99174 and 99177 are reported for instrument-based ocular screening for esotropia, exotropia, anisometropia, cataracts, ptosis, hyperopia, and myopia.

- Code 99177 is reported in lieu of 99174 when the screening instrument provides you with immediate pass or fail results.
- When acuity (99173) or instrument-based ocular screening (eg, 99174) is measured as part of a general ophthalmologic service or an E/M service of the eye (eg, for an eye-related problem or symptom), it is considered part of the diagnostic examination of the office or other outpatient service code (99201–99215) and is not reported separately.
- Other identifiable services unrelated to the screening test provided at the same time are reported separately (eg, preventive medicine services).
- Failed vision screenings will most likely result in a followup office visit (eg, 99212–99215). Report the follow-up screening with Z01.00 if normal results or Z01.01 if abnormal results. If abnormal, link to the diagnosis code for the reason for the failure (eg, H52.1- [myopia]); when a specific disorder cannot be identified, report R94.118 (abnormal results of other function studies of eye).

## **HEARING SCREENING**

<i>CPT</i> ° Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes	
92551	Screening test, pure tone, air only	Z00.121	Routine child health exam with
92552	Pure tone audiometry (threshold),		abnormal findings
	air only	Z00.129	Routine child health exam without
92567	Tympanometry (impedance testing)		abnormal findings

- Requires use of calibrated electronic equipment; tests using other methods (eg, whispered voice, tuning fork) are not reported separately.
- Includes testing of both ears; append modifier **52** when a test is applied to only one ear.

- For newborn hearing screenings for young patients, including those patients who are nonverbal or have developmental delays, other hearing assessment methods may be more appropriate (refer to *CPT* codes **92558** and **92585–92588**).
- Codes **Z01.10** (encounter for examination of ears and hearing without abnormal findings) and **Z01.118** (encounter for examination of ears and hearing with other abnormal findings) are reported only when a patient presents for an encounter specific to ears and hearing, not for a routine well-child examination at which a hearing screening is performed.
- Failed hearing screenings will most likely result in a followup office visit (eg, **99212–99215**). Code **Z01.110** (encounter for hearing examination following failed hearing screening) is reported when a specific disorder cannot be identified or when the follow-up hearing screening findings are normal. You can also report **Z01.118** (encounter for examination of ears and hearing with other abnormal findings) and include the code for the abnormal findings (eg, **R94.120** [abnormal auditory function study]).

## DEVELOPMENTAL/AUTISM SCREENING AND EMOTIONAL/BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT

<i>CPT</i> Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes	
96110	Developmental screening, per instrument, scoring and documentation		Encounter for autism screening Encounter for screening for global
96127	Brief emotional/behavioral assessment (eg, depression inventory) with scoring and documentation, per standardized instrument	•Z13.3	developmental delays (milestones)  1 Encounter for screening for depression

- Used to report administration of **standardized** developmental/autism screening instruments (**96110**) or behavioral/emotional assessments (**96127**).
- Often reported when performed in the context of preventive medicine services but may also be reported when screening or assessment is performed with other E/M services (eg, acute illness or follow-up office visits).
- Clinical staff (eg, registered nurse) typically administers and scores the completed instrument, while the physician incorporates the interpretation component into the accompanying E/M service.
- When a standardized screening or assessment is administered along with any E/M service (eg, preventive medicine service), both services should be reported, and modifier **25** (significant, separately identifiable E/M service by the same physician on the same day of the procedure or other service) may need to be appended to the E/M code to show the E/M service was distinct and necessary at the same visit.
- Examples of both 96110 and 96127 instruments can be found online at https://www.aap.org/en-us/Documents/ coding\_factsheet\_developmentalscreeningtesting andEmotionalBehvioraassessment.pdf.

## **Immunizations**

## **IMMUNIZATION ADMINISTRATION**

## **Pediatric Immunization Administration Codes**

**90460** Immunization administration (IA) through 18 years of age via any route of administration, with

counseling by physician or other qualified health care professional; first or only component of each vaccine or toxoid administered

**+90461** each additional vaccine or toxoid component administered

Report 90461 in conjunction with 90460.

- Component refers to all antigens in a vaccine that prevent diseases caused by 1 organism. Multivalent antigens or multiple serotypes of antigens against a single organism are considered a single component of vaccines. Combination vaccines are vaccines that contain multiple vaccine components. Conjugates or adjuvants contained in vaccines are not considered to be component parts of the vaccine, as defined previously.
- A qualified health care professional is an individual who by education, training, licensure/regulation, facility credentialing (when applicable), and payer policy is able to perform a professional service within his or her scope of practice and to independently report a professional service. These professionals are distinct from clinical staff. A clinical staff member is a person who works under the supervision of a physician or other qualified health care professional and who is allowed by law, regulation, facility, and payer policy to perform or assist in the performance of specified professional services but does not individually report any professional services.
- Code 90460 is used to report the first or only component in a single vaccine given during an encounter. You can report 90460 more than once during a single office encounter. Code 90461 is considered an add-on code to 90460 (hence the + symbol next to it). This means that the provider will use 90461 in addition to 90460 if more than 1 component

is contained within a single vaccine administered. *CPT*® codes **90460** and **90461** are reported regardless of route of administration

- Pediatric immunization administration (IA) codes (90460, 90461) are reported only when both of the following requirements are met:
  - 1. The patient must be 18 years or younger.
  - 2. The physician or other qualified health care professional must perform face-to-face vaccine counseling associated with the administration.

*NOTE:* The clinical staff can do the actual administration of the vaccine.

If both of these requirements are not met, report a non-age-specific IA code (90471-90474) instead.

## Non-age-specific Immunization Administration Codes

- Report a *CPT* ode for both the administration and product and an *ICD-10-CM* code for each vaccine administered during a patient encounter.
- 90471 IA (includes percutaneous, intradermal, subcutaneous, or intramuscular injections); one vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)

Do not report **90471** in conjunction with **90473**.

+90472 each additional vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid) (List separately to code for primary procedure.)

Use **90472** in conjunction with **90460**, **90471**, or **90473** 

- 90473 IA (includes intranasal or oral administration); one vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)
   Do not report 90473 in conjunction with 90471.
- +90474 each additional vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid) (List separately to code for primary procedure.)

Use **90474** in conjunction with **90460**, **90471**, or **90473**.

- Codes 90471 and 90473 are used to code for the first immunization given during a single office visit. Codes 90472 and 90474 are considered add-on codes (hence the + symbol next to them) to 90460, 90471, and 90473. This means that the provider will use 90472 or 90474 in addition to 90460, 90471, or 90473 if more than 1 vaccine is administered during a visit. There can be only 1 first administration during a given visit. (See vignettes 3, 4, and 5 on pages 23–26.)
- If during a single encounter for a patient 18 years or younger, a physician or other qualified health care professional only counsels on some of the vaccines, report code 90460 (and 90461 when applicable) for those counseled on and defer to codes 90472 or 90474, as appropriate, for those that are not counseled on.
- The following vignettes may help illustrate the correct use of the administration codes:

*NOTE:* The coding vignettes are for teaching purposes only and do not necessarily follow every payer's reporting requirements.

## Vignette 1

A 5-year-old established patient is at a physician's office for her annual well-child examination. The patient is scheduled to receive her first hepatitis A vaccine; her fifth diphtheria, tetanus, and acellular pertussis (DTaP) vaccine; and the influenza vaccine. After distributing the Vaccine Information Statements and discussing the risks and benefits of immunizations with her parents, the physician administers the vaccines.

How are the appropriate codes for this service selected?

## Step 1: Select appropriate E/M code.

**99393** Preventive medicine service, established patient, age 5 to 11 years

## Step 2: Select appropriate vaccine product codes.

- 90633 Hepatitis A vaccine, pediatric/adolescent dosage(2-dose schedule), for intramuscular use
- **90700** DTaP, for use in individuals younger than 7 years, for intramuscular use
- 90686 Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent (IIV4), split virus, preservative free, 0.5 mL dosage, for IM use

# Step 3: Select appropriate IA codes by considering the following questions:

- ls the patient 18 years or younger?
- If the patient is younger than 18 years, did the physician or other qualified health care professional perform the faceto-face vaccine counseling, discussing the specific risks and benefits of the vaccines?

If the answer to both questions is yes, select a code from the pediatric IA code family (**90460**, **90461**). If the answer to one of the questions is no, select a code from the non–age-specific IA code family (**90471–90474**).

In this vignette, the answer to both questions is yes. Therefore, the following IA codes will be reported:

90460 IA through 18 years of age via any route of administration, with counseling by physician or other qualified health care professional; first or only component of each vaccine or toxoid administered

+90461 each additional vaccine or toxoid component administered (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure.)

## Step 4: Select the appropriate ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes.

Diagnosis codes are used along with *CPT*® codes to reflect the outcome of a visit. The *CPT* codes tell a carrier what was done, and *ICD-10-CM* codes tell a carrier why it was done.

The vaccine product *CPT* code and its corresponding IA *CPT* code are always linked to the same *ICD-10-CM* code. This is because the vaccine product and work that goes into administering that product are intended to provide prophylactic vaccination against a certain type of disease.

*ICD-10-CM* lists only a single code to describe an encounter in which a patient receives a vaccine. The code is **Z23**, and it is reported at any encounter when a vaccine is given, including routine well-child or adult examinations.

The diagnosis codes for the 3 vaccines and 3 IA codes used in this vignette are as follows:

<i>CPT</i> ° Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes
99393 25	Preventive medicine service, established patient, 5–11 years	Z00.129
90633	Hepatitis A vaccine product	Z23
90460	Pediatric IA (hepatitis A vaccine), first component	Z23
90700	DTaP vaccine product	Z23
90460	Pediatric IA (DTaP vaccine), first component	Z23
90461 (×2)	Pediatric IA (DTaP vaccine), each additional component	Z23
90686	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, preservative free,	Z23
	0.5 mL dosage	
90460	Pediatric IA (influenza vaccine), first component	Z23
Alternative	Coding	
<i>CPT</i> <sup>®</sup> Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes
99393 25	Preventive medicine service, established patient, 5–11 years	Z00.129
90633	Hepatitis A vaccine product	Z23
90700	DTaP vaccine product	Z23
90686	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, preservative free,	Z23
	0.5 mL dosage	
90460 (×3)	Pediatric IA (hepatitis A, DTaP, influenza vaccines),	Z23
	first component	

*NOTE: Most* payers do not want multiple line items of codes **90460** or **90461**; therefore, follow the alternative coding.

Pediatric IA (DTaP vaccine), second and third components

**Z23** 

#### Rationale

90461 (×2)

Because the patient is younger than 18 years and there is physician counseling, pediatric IA codes are reported (90460 and 90461). Each vaccine administered will be reported with its own 90460 (hepatitis A, DTaP, and influenza). The only vaccine with multiple components is DTaP. Because the first component (ie, diphtheria) was counted in 90460, only the second and third components (tetanus and acellular pertussis) are reported with 90461 with 2 units.

## Vignette 2

A 2-month-old established patient presents for her checkup. The following vaccines are ordered: DTaP-*Haemophilus influenzae* 

type b-inactivated poliovirus (Pentacel), pneumococcal, and rotavirus. The physician counsels the parents on all of them, and the nurse administers them all.

<b>CPT</b> © Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes
99391 25	Preventive medicine service, established patient, <1 year	Z00.129
90698	DTaP-Hib-IPV (Pentacel) product	Z23
90670	Pneumococcal product	Z23
90680	Rotavirus vaccine, oral use	Z23
90460 (×3)	Pediatric IA (Pentacel, pneumococcal, rotavirus), first	Z23
	component	
90461 (×4)	Pediatric IA (Pentacel), each additional component	Z23

#### Rationale

Because the patient is younger than 18 years and there is physician counseling, pediatric IA codes are reported (**90460**, **90461**). Clinical staff may administer the vaccine. Even though an oral vaccine is administered, **90460** is still reported because the code descriptor reads *any route*.

## Vignette 3

A 19-year-old patient presents to the office to complete a college physical examination (in college the patient will be living in a dormitory). He is due for a tetanus-diphtheria-acellular pertussis (Tdap) booster, meningococcal vaccine, and intranasal influenza vaccine. The physician counsels the patient on each, and the nurse administers each.

<b>CPT®</b> Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes
99395 25	Preventive medicine service, established patient,	Z02.0
	18–39 years	
90715	Tdap product	Z23
90471	IA, first injection	Z23
90734	Meningococcal (MCV4) product	Z23
90472 (×2)	IA, each additional injection	Z23
90686	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, preservative free,	Z23
	0.5 mL dosage	

#### Rationale

The patient is older than 18 years; therefore, despite physician counseling, pediatric IA codes cannot be reported. Instead, codes **90471**, **90474** must be used.

## Vignette 4

A 17-year-old patient presents to the office for her annual checkup and to complete a college physical examination (in college the patient will be living in a dormitory). The patient is healthy and due for a Tdap booster, meningococcal vaccine, first human papillomavirus (HPV, 9-valent) vaccine, and influenza vaccine. The physician counsels the patient only on the meningococcal and HPV vaccines, and the nurse administers each. The patient is asked to return in 4 to 6 weeks for her second HPV vaccine.

CPT° Codes (First Visit Only)		ICD-10-CM Codes
		(First Visit Only)
99395 25	Preventive medicine service, established patient, 12–17 years	<b>Z00.0</b> and <b>Z02.0</b>
90734	Meningococcal (MCV4) product	Z23
90651	HPV (9-valent) product	Z23
90460 (×2)	Pediatric IA (meningococcal and HPV) first component	Z23
90715	Tdap product	Z23
90472 (×2)	IA, each additional injection (Tdap)	Z23
90686	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, preservative free, 0.5 mL dosage	<b>Z23</b>

### Rationale

Because the physician documents counseling only for the meningococcal and HPV vaccines, code **90460** can be reported only for those vaccines because the patient meets the age criteria. For the Tdap and influenza vaccines, defer to non-pediatric IA codes (**90471**, **90472**). In this case, however, a first vaccine code is already reported with code **90460**, so the additional IA code **90472** has to be reported. While *ICD-10-CM* does not provide official ages for

the "adult" ICD-10-CM codes (**Z00.00** and **Z00.01**) in lieu of the well-child examination codes, many payers use age 17 years as the cutoff. Refer to specific payer policy for details.

## Vignette 5

A 6-month-old patient presents to the office for her routine checkup and to receive vaccines. The patient is due for DTaP, pneumococcal, and hepatitis B vaccines. During the examination, the physician finds an upper respiratory infection and fever. The physician counsels the parent on the vaccines but decides to defer for 2 weeks. The physician completes the well-baby checkup on that day.

Two weeks later, the patient returns. The patient is afebrile and asymptomatic and is seen only by the nurse. The DTaP, pneumococcal, and hepatitis B vaccines are administered.

CPT® Code		ICD-10-CM Code
(First Visit)		(First Visit)
99391	Preventive medicine service, established patient, <1 year	Z00.121

An appropriate acute sick visit (eg, **99213**) may be reported in addition with modifier **25** and linked to an appropriate *ICD-10-CM* code.

CPT° Codes (2 Weeks Later)		ICD-10-CM Codes (2 Weeks Later)
90700	DTaP product	Z23
90670	Pneumococcal product	Z23
90744	Hepatitis B vaccine product	Z23
90471	IA (DTaP), first vaccine	Z23
90472 (×2)	IA (pneumococcal, hepatitis B), each additional vaccine	Z23

### Rationale

If counseling occurs outside the IA service, there is no way to report it separately. Therefore, in this vignette, there is nothing separate to report during the well-baby visit, and when the patient returns and sees only the nurse, pediatric IA codes cannot be reported; defer to codes **90471–90474**. During the

preventive medicine service, when an acute illness is detected, a code from **99212–99215** can be reported if the service is significant and separately identifiable. Code **9921x** is reported with modifier **25**. When the patient returns *only for vaccines*, an E/M service is not reported. The *ICD-10-CM* code will be reported for *with abnormal findings* (**Z00.121**) because an abnormality was identified during the encounter.

For more information on IA codes, refer to the Coding at the AAP website (www.aap.org/coding) and its page dedicated to vaccine coding.

# HOW TO CODE WHEN IMMUNIZATIONS ARE NOT ADMINISTERED

#### ICD-CM-10 Codes

- For many reasons, immunizations are not given during routine preventive medicine services. Parents may refuse vaccines or defer them, a patient may be ill at the time and it is counteractive to administer, or the patient may already have had the disease or be immune.
- Because of tracking purposes and quality measures, it is important to report non-administration as part of the *ICD-10-CM* codes. The following *ICD-10-CM* codes were created to report why a vaccine is not given:

## Vaccination not carried out due to

Z28.01	Acute illness
Z28.02	Chronic illness or condition
Z28.03	Immunocompromised state
Z28.04	Allergy to vaccine or component
Z28.1	Religious reasons
Z28.20	Unspecified reason

Z28.21	Patient refusal
Z28.81	Patient had disease being vaccinated against
Z28.82	Caregiver refusal
• Z28.83	Vaccine was unavailable (eg, manufacturer delay)
Z28.89	Other reason

## **Vignette**

A 1-year-old presents for his routine well-child examination. He is scheduled to receive his first measles, mumps, rubella; hepatitis A; and varicella vaccines. Because he had a documented case of varicella when he was 9 months of age, the varicella vaccine is not given.

Report the following ICD-10-CM codes linked to the E/M service:

- **Z23** Encounter for immunization
- **Z28.81** Vaccination not carried out due to patient had disease being vaccinated against

## Vaccines for Children Program

The rules for reporting vaccines for patients who qualify for the Vaccines for Children (VFC) program vary greatly. Some states require that the product code be submitted, while others require the IA codes. Some require the use of modifiers, while others do not. Currently, the VFC program does not recognize component-based vaccine counseling; therefore, you will not be paid for *CPT*° code **90461**. The AAP continues to work on changing this so pediatric providers can be properly compensated for giving multiple-component vaccines. Also be sure to check with your individual state Medicaid plan for varying rules, including, but not limted to, being able to report code **99211** in addition to IA codes for vaccine-only encounters. Be sure to get these rules in writing.

## **Commonly Administered Pediatric Vaccines**

Product Code	Separately report the administration with codes 90460–90461 or 90471–90474.	Manufacturer	Brand	No. of Vaccine Components
90702	Diphtheria and tetanus toxoids (DT), adsorbed when administered to younger than seven years, for IM use	SP	Diphtheria and Tetanus Toxoids Adsorbed	2
90700	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, and acellular pertussis vaccine (DTaP), when administered to <7 years, for IM use	SP GSK	DAPTACEL INFANRIX	3
90696	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, and acellular pertussis vaccine and inactivated poliovirus vaccine (DTaP-IPV), when administered to children 4-6 years of age, for IM use	GSK SP	KINRIX Quadracel	4
90723	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, acellular pertussis vaccine, Hepatitis B, and inactivated poliovirus vaccine (DTaP-Hep B-IPV), for IM use	GSK	PEDIARIX	5
90698	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, acellular pertussis vaccine, haemophilus influenza Type B, and inactivated poliovirus vaccine (DTaP-IPV/Hib), for IM use	SP	Pentacel	5
90633	Hepatitis A vaccine (Hep A), pediatric/adolescent dosage, 2 dose, for IM use	GSK Merck	HAVRIX VAQTA	1
90740	Hepatitis B vaccine (Hep B), dialysis or immunosuppressed patient dosage, 3 dose, for IM use	Merck	RECOMBIVAX HB	1
90743	Hepatitis B vaccine (Hep B), adolescent, 2 dose, for IM use	Merck	RECOMBIVAX HB	1
90744	Hepatitis B vaccine (Hep B), pediatric/adolescent dosage, 3 dose, for IM use	Merck GSK	RECOMBIVAX HB ENERGIX-B	1
90746	Hepatitis B vaccine (Hep B), adult dosage, for IM use	Merck GSK	RECOMBIVAX HB ENERGIX-B	1
90747	Hepatitis B vaccine (Hep B), dialysis or immunosuppressed patient dosage, 4 dose, for IM use	GSK	ENERGIX-B	1
90647	Hemophilus influenza B vaccine (Hib), PRP-OMP conjugate, 3 dose, for IM use	Merck	PedvaxHIB	1
90648	Hemophilus influenza B vaccine (Hib), PRP-T conjugate, 4 dose, for IM use	SP GSK	ActHIB HIBERIX	1
90651	Human Papillomavirus vaccine types 6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52, 58, nonavalent (HPV), 2 or 3 dose schedule, for IM use	Merck	GARDASIL 9	1
90630	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (IIV4), split virus, preservative free, for intradermal use	SP	Fluzone Intradermal Quad	1
90672	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (LAIV), live, intranasal use	MedImmune	Flumist Quad	1
90674	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (ccIIV4), derived from cell cultures, subunit, preservative and antibiotic free, 0.5 mL dosage, IM (Do not use for multi-dose – report <b>90749</b> )	Seqirus	Flucelvax	1
90682	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (RIV4), derived from recombinant DNA, HA protein only, preservative and antibiotic free, IM use	Seqirus	Flublok	1
90685	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (IIV4), split virus, preservative free, 0.25ml dose, for IM use	SP	Fluzone Quad	1
90686	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (IIV4), split virus, preservative free, 0.5ml dosage, for IM use	Seqirus GSK SP GSK	Afluria FLUARIX Quad Fluzone Quad FLULAVAL	1

Product Code	Separately report the administration with codes 90460–90461 or 90471–90474.	Manufacturer	Brand	No. of Vaccine Components
90687	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (IIV4), split virus, 0.25ml dosage, for IM use	SP	Fluzone Quad	1
90688	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (IIV4), split virus, 0.5ml dosage, for IM use	Seqirus SP GSK	Afluria Fluzone Quad FLULAVAL	1
90756	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (ccIIV4), derived from cell cultures, subunit, antibiotic free, 0.5mL dosage, for IM use	Seqirus	Afluria Flucelvax Quad	1
90656	Influenza virus vaccine, tri (IIV3), split virus, preservative free, 0.5ml dosage, for IM use	Seqirus Novatis	Afluria Fluvirin	1
90658	Influenza virus vaccine, tri (IIV3), split virus, 0.5ml dosage, for IM use	Seqirus	Afluria	1
90673	Influenza virus vaccine, tri (RIV3), derived from recombinant DNA, HA protein only, preservative and antibiotic free, IM use	Seqirus	Flublok	1
90707	Measles, mumps, and rubella virus vaccine (MMR), live, for subcutaneous use	Merck	M-M-R II	3
90710	Measles, mumps, rubella, and varicella vaccine (MMRV), live, for subcutaneous use	Merck	ProQuad	4
90620	Meningococcal recombinant protein and outer membrane vesicle vaccine, serogroup B (MenB-4C), 2 dose schedule, for IM use	GSK	Bexsero	1
90621	Meningococcal recombinant lipoprotein vaccine, serogroup B, 2 or 3 dose schedule, for IM use	Pfizer	Trumenba	1
90734	Meningococcal conjugate vaccine, serogroups A, C, Y and W-135 quad (MenACWY or MCV4) , for IM use	SP GSK	Menactra Menveo	1
90670	Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine, 13 valent (PCV13), for IM use	Pfizer	PREVNAR 13	
90732	Pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine, 23-valent (PPSV23), adult or immunosuppressed patient dosage, when administered to 2 years or older, for subcutaneous or IM use	Merck	PNEUMOVAX 23	1
90713	Poliovirus vaccine (IPV), inactivated, for subcutaneous or IMuse	SP	IPOL	1
90680	Rotavirus vaccine, pentavalent (RV5), 3 dose schedule, live, for oral use	Merck	RotaTeq	1
90681	Rotavirus vaccine, human, attenuated (RV1), 2 dose schedule, live, for oral use	GSK	ROTARIX	1
90714	Tetanus and diphtheria toxoids (Td) adsorbed, preservative free, when administered to seven years or older, for IM use	MBL SP	Td (adult) adsorbed TENIVAC	2
90715	Tetanus, diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis vaccine (Tdap), when administered to 7 years or older, for IM use	SP GSK	ADACEL BOOSTRIX	3
90716	Varicella virus vaccine (VAR), live, for subcutaneous use	Merck	VARIVAX	1
90749	Unlisted vaccine or toxoid	Pleas	se see <i>CPT</i> ® manual.	

 $Developed and maintained by the American Academy of Pediatrics. Updated periodically at https://www.aap.org/en-us/Documents/coding_vaccine_coding_table.pdf. For reporting purposes only.\\$ 

## **Laboratory**

Two different practice models surround the conducting of laboratory tests: blood is drawn in office and specimen is sent to an outside laboratory for analysis, or blood is drawn and laboratory tests are performed in the physician's practice. Never report the laboratory code for a laboratory test that the practice does not run in-house or is not financially responsible for and billed by the outside laboratory. In those cases, report only the blood draw and specimen handling, as appropriate.

# MODEL 1: BLOOD IS DRAWN IN OFFICE AND SPECIMEN IS SENT TO AN OUTSIDE LABORATORY FOR ANALYSIS.

#### **CPT®** Code

**99000** Handling and/or conveyance of specimen for transfer from the physician's office to a laboratory

## **Venipuncture CPT® Codes**

36406	Venipuncture, younger than 3 years, necessitating
	physician's skill, not to be used for routine venipuncture
36410	Venipuncture, 3 years or older, necessitating
	physician's skill, for diagnostic or therapeutic
	purposes (not to be used for routine venipuncture)
36415	Collection of venous blood by venipuncture
36416	Collection of capillary blood specimen (eg, finger,
	heel, ear stick)

## Venipuncture ICD-10-CM Codes

Link to *ICD-10-CM* codes for the well-child examination or for specific screening tests.

# MODEL 2: BLOOD IS DRAWN AND LABORATORY TESTS ARE PERFORMED IN THE PHYSICIAN'S PRACTICE.

## **Venipuncture CPT® Codes**

36406	Venipuncture, younger than 3 years, necessitating
	physician's skill, not to be used for routine venipuncture
36410	Venipuncture, 3 years or older, necessitating
	physician's skill, for diagnostic or therapeutic
	purposes (not be used for routine venipuncture)
36415	Collection of venous blood by venipuncture
36416	Collection of capillary blood specimen (eg, finger,
	heel, ear stick)

## Venipuncture ICD-10-CM Codes

Link to *ICD-10-CM* codes for the well-child examination or for specific screening tests.

## Bilirubin CPT° Codes

82247	Bilirubin, total
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**88720** Bilirubin, total, transcutaneous

## Bilirubin ICD-10-CM Code

**Z13.228** Encounter for screening for other metabolic disorder

## **Dyslipidemia Screening CPT** Codes

80061	Lipid panel (includes total cholesterol, high-density
	lipoprotein [HDL] cholesterol, and triglycerides)
82465	Cholesterol, serum, total
83718	Lipoprotein, direct measurement, high-density
	cholesterol (HDL cholesterol)

**84478** Triglycerides

## Dyslipidemia Screening ICD-10-CM Code

**Z13.220** Encounter for screening for lipid disorders

## Anemia Screening CPT° Code

85018 Blood count; hemoglobin

## Anemia Screening ICD-10-CM Code

**Z13.0** Encounter for screening for diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain disorders involving the immune mechanism (eq. anemia)

## Lead Screening CPT° Code

83655 Lead

## Lead Screening ICD-10-CM Code

**Z13.88** Encounter for screening for disorder due to exposure to contaminants

## **Newborn Metabolic Screening HCPCS Code**

*NOTE:* See Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System Codes section on page 35 for explanation of HCPCS codes.

Newborn metabolic screening panel, includes test kit, postage, and the laboratory tests specified by the state for inclusion in this panel (eg, galactose; hemoglobin, electrophoresis; hydroxyprogesterone, 17-D; phenylalanine [phenylketonuria (PKU)]; and thyroxine, total)

*NOTE*: Only report code **\$3620** if you are billing for the actual running of the laboratory test or test kit. Otherwise only report the appropriate blood collection code (eg, **36416**).

## Newborn Metabolic Screening ICD-10-CM Codes

Report the diagnosis codes for the state-specific newborn screening tests conducted. Examples include

- **Z13.0** Encounter for screening for diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain disorders involving the immune mechanism (eg, anemia, sickle cell)
- **Z13.21** Encounter for screening for nutritional disorder
- **Z13.228** Encounter for screening for other metabolic disorders (eg, PKU, galactosemia)
- **Z13.29** Encounter for screening for other suspected endocrine disorder (eg, thyroid)

## **Papanicolaou Smear HCPCS Code**

*NOTE:* See Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System Codes on page 35 for explanation of HCPCS codes.

**Q0091** Screening Papanicolaou smear; obtaining, preparing, and conveyance of cervical or vaginal smear to laboratory

## Papanicolaou Smear CPT® Code

Collection of a cervical specimen via a pelvic examination is included in the preventive medicine service code (99381–99385 and 99391–99395).

## Papanicolaou Smear ICD-10-CM Codes

- **Z12.4** Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of cervix (excludes HPV)
- **Z12.72** Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of vagina

- **Z12.79** Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of other genitourinary organs
- **Z12.89** Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasms of other sites

# **Tuberculosis Testing (Mantoux/Purified Protein Derivative [PPD])**

## **Administration of PPD Test**

<i>CPT</i> °Code		ICD-10-CM Code	
86580	Skin test; tuberculosis, intradermal	Z11.1	Encounter for screening for respiratory tuberculosis

*NOTE:* There is no separate administration code for the PPD test. Do not report one.

## **Reading of PPD Test**

If patient returns to have a nurse read the test results, report

<i>CPT</i> ° Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes	
99211	Office or other outpatient services (negative PPD outcome)	Z11.1	Encounter for screening for respiratory tuberculosis (if test is negative)
	Office or outpatient services (physician service for positive encounter)	R76.11	Nonspecific reaction to tuberculin skin tuberculosis (if test is positive)

## Sexually Transmitted Infection and HIV Screening CPT® Codes

86701	Antibody; HIV-1
86703	Antibody; HIV-1 and HIV-2; single assay
87490	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or
	RNA); Chlamydia trachomatis, direct probe technique
87491	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA);
	C trachomatis, amplified probe technique

87590 Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*, direct probe technique
87591 Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); *N gonorrhoeae*, amplified probe technique
87810 Infectious agent detection by immunoassay with direct optical observation; *C trachomatis*87850 Infectious agent detection by immunoassay with direct optical observation; *N gonorrhoeae*

# Sexually Transmitted Infection and HIV Screening *ICD-10-CM* Codes

- **Z11.3** Encounter for screening for infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission (excludes HPV and HIV)
- **Z11.8** Encounter for screening for other infectious and parasitic diseases (eg, chlamydia)

# Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System Codes

- The HCPCS Level II codes are procedure codes used to report services and supplies not included in the CPT® nomenclature.
- Like CPT codes, HCPCS Level II codes are part of the standard procedure code set under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.
- Certain payers may require that HCPCS codes be reported in lieu of or as a supplement to CPT codes.
- The HCPCS nomenclature contains many codes for reporting nonphysician provider patient education, which can be an integral service in the provision of pediatric preventive care.

preventive care include 50302 Completed Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment service (List in addition to code for appropriate E/M service.) 50610 Annual gynecologic examination; new patient Annual gynecologic examination; established patient **S0612** Annual gynecologic examination, clinical breast **S0613** examination without pelvic examination Routine examination for college, new or established **S0622** patient (List separately in addition to appropriate F/M code ) Parenting classes, nonphysician provider, per session **S9444 S9445** Patient education, not otherwise classified, nonphysician provider, individual, per session 59446 Patient education, not otherwise classified. nonphysician provider, group, per session Infant safety (including cardiopulmonary **S9447** resuscitation) classes, nonphysician provider, per session Exercise classes, nonphysician provider, per session **S9451** Nutrition classes, nonphysician provider, per session S9452 Stress management classes, nonphysician provider, S9454

Examples of HCPCS Level II codes relevant to pediatric

per session

## Commonly Reported ICD-10-CM Codes for Preventive Services

ICD-10-CM					
Code	Descriptor	Special Coding Conventions			
Encounter	Encounter and Examination Codes				
Z00.110	Newborn check under 8 days old	Outpatient codes only			
Z00.111	Newborn check 8 to 28 days old	Outpatient codes only			
Z00.121	Routine child health examination	First-listed ICD-10-CM code only.			
Z00.129	with abnormal findings without abnormal findings	Includes routine screening when performed at same encounter.			
Z00.00 Z00.01	General adult medical examination without abnormal findings with abnormal findings	First-listed <i>ICD-10-CM</i> code only. Typically used for patients 18 years and older (payer policy).			
Z02.0 Z02.4 Z02.5	Examination for admission to educational institution Examination for driving license Examination for participation in sport	Not required in addition to a <b>Z00</b> code			
Z01.00 Z01.01	Examination of eyes and vision without abnormal findings with abnormal findings	First-listed <i>ICD-10-CM</i> code only. Do not report as a secondary code or in addition to a <b>Z00</b> code.			
Z01.110	Hearing examination following failed hearing screening	First-listed ICD-10-CM code only. Do not report as a secondary code or in addition to a <b>Z00</b> code.			
Z01.10 Z01.118	Encounter for examination of ears and hearing without abnormal findings with other abnormal findings	First-listed ICD-10-CM code only. Do not report as a secondary code or in addition to a <b>Z00</b> code.			
Z23	Immunizations	This is the only code in <i>ICD-10-CM</i> for vaccines. Link to both the product and administration $CPT^*$ codes.			
Z29.3	Encounter for prophylactic fluoride administration				

#### **Screening Codes**

A screening code is not necessary if the screening is inherent to a routine examination, but it can be reported.

	•	
Z11.1	Respiratory tuberculosis	
Z11.3	Infections with a predominantly	
	sexual mode of transmission	
	(excludes HPV and HIV)	
Z12.4	Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of cervix ( <i>excludes</i> HPV)	
Z12.79	Malignant neoplasm of other	
	genitourinary organs	
Z12.89	Malignant neoplasms of other sites	
Z13.29	Other suspected endocrine disorder	
Z13.1	Diabetes mellitus	
Z13.228	Other metabolic disorders (eg, inborn errors of metabolism, galactosemia, PKU)	
Z13.220	Lipid disorders	

ICD-10-CN Code	Descriptor	Special Coding Conventions
Screening	Codes (continued)	
A screenin	g code is not necessary if the screening	is inherent to a routine examination, but
it can be re		
Z13.21	Nutritional disorder	
Z13.228	Other metabolic disorder	
Z13.29	Other suspected endocrine disorder	
Z13.0	Diseases of the blood and blood-	
	forming organs and certain disorders	
	involving the immune mechanism	
	(eg, anemia, sickle cell)	
Z13.31	Encounter for screening for depression	
Z13.89	Other disorders	
Z13.41	Encounter for autism screening	
Z13.42	Encounter for screening for global	
	developmental delays (milestones)	
Z13.88	Disorder due to exposure to	
	contaminants (eg, lead)	
Underimn	nunized Status and Vaccines Not Give	n
Z28.3	Underimmunized status	A status code is informative and may
		affect the course of treatment and its
		outcome. Report when this is the case.
Z28.01	Vaccine not given: Acute illness	
Z28.04	Allergy to vaccine or components	
Z28.82	Caregiver refusal	
Z28.02 Z28.03	Chronic illness or condition Immune compromised state	
Z28.03 Z28.21	Patient refusal	
Z28.21 Z28.81	Pt had disease being vaccinated for	
Z28.1	Religious reasons	
Z28.89	Other reason	
•Z28.83	Vaccine was unavailable	
	(eg, manufacturer delay)	
Z28.20	Unspecified reason	

## Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set Measures Related to Pediatric Preventive Care

Measure Topic	Measure	Coding Options
Child and Adolescent Well- Care Visits: Well-Child Visits in the First 15 Months of Life (W15)	At least 6 well-child examinations by 15 months of age	ICD-10-CM: <b>Z00.110</b> , <b>Z00.111</b> , <b>Z00.121</b> , <b>Z00.129</b> CPT: <b>99381</b> , <b>99382</b> , <b>99391</b> , <b>99392</b>
Child and Adolescent Well- Care Visits: Well-Child Visits in the Third, Fourth, Fifth, and Sixth Years of Life (W34)	One or more comprehensive well-child visits with a PCP (per year)	ICD-10-CM: <b>Z00.121</b> , <b>Z00.129</b> CPT: <b>99382</b> , <b>99392</b>
Child and Adolescent Well- Care Visits: Adolescent Well- Care Visits (AWC)	At least one annual comprehensive well-care encounter (per year) for adolescents and young adults aged 12–21 years	ICD-10-CM: <b>Z00.00</b> , <b>Z00.01</b> , <b>Z00.121</b> , <b>Z00.129</b> CPT: <b>99384</b> , <b>99385</b> , <b>99394</b> , <b>99395</b>

Measure Topic	Measure	<b>Coding Options</b>	
Lead Screening in Children (LSC)	By age 2 years, have had one or more capillary or venous lead blood tests for lead poisoning	CPT: <b>83655</b>	
Chlamydia Screening in Women (CHL)	Sexually active women aged 16–24 years who received at least one chlamydia test each year	CPT: 87110, 87270, 87320, 87490-87492, 87810	
Childhood Immunization Status (CIS) and Immunizations for Adolescents (IMA)	By age 2 y, have DTaP (4 doses) IPV (3 doses) MMR (1 dose) Hib (3 doses) Hep B (3 doses) Varicella (1 dose) Pneumococcal (4 doses) Hep A (1 dose) Rotavirus (2–3 doses) Influenza (2 doses) By 13th birthday, have Meningococcal (1 dose)   (Ages 11–13 y) Tdap (1 dose)   (Ages 10–13 y) HPV (males/females)   (2–3 doses)   (Ages 9–13 y)	Varies; refer to the Commonly Administered Pediatric Vaccines table on pages 28 and 29 for specific vaccine codes.	
Weight Assessment and Counseling for Nutrition and Physical Activity for Children/ Adolescents (WCC)	For those aged 3–17 years who had an outpatient visit with a PCP during the measurement year and had evidence of BMI percentile documentation and counseling for nutrition and/or physical activity	ICD-10-CM: <b>Z68.51–Z68.54</b> , <sup>a</sup> <b>Z71.3</b> , <b>Z02.5</b> , <b>Z71.82</b> CPT: <b>3000F</b> <sup>a</sup>	

Abbreviations: BMI, body mass index; *CPT, Current Procedural Terminology*; DTaP, diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis; Hep A, hepatitis A; Hep B, hepatitis B; Hib, *Haemophilus influenzae* type b; HPV, human papillomavirus; *ICD-10-CM, International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification*; IPV, inactivated poliovirus; MMR, measles, mumps, rubella; PCP, primary care practitioner; Tdap, tetanus, diphtheria, acellular pertussis. 
<sup>a</sup> Body mass index codes should only be reported when there is a related condition (eg, obesity). Payers needs to accept **3000F** in lieu of BMI *ICD-10-CM* codes for the BMI measure unless the patient has a related condition.





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This online resource provides health care professionals with an organized and integrated compilation of current forms and materials needed to perform a well-child visit on one site. The new online platform allows easy access to the Core Forms for Health Supervision Visits including previsit questionnaires; visit documentation forms; parent and patient education handouts; and additional documentation forms and AAP-developed educational resources.

## Bright Futures: Guidelines for Health Supervision of Infants, Children, and Adolescents, 4th Edition

This essential resource provides key background information and recommendations for themes critical to healthy child development along with well-child supervision standards for 31 age-based visits—from newborn through 21 years.

## Additional Pediatric Coding Resources From the American Academy of Pediatrics

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