



The Health Resources and **Services Administration's Ryan** White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) provides a comprehensive system of HIV primary medical care, medications, and essential support services for low-income people with HIV. More than half the people with diagnosed HIV in the United States—nearly 568,000 people in 2019—receive services through the RWHAP each year. The RWHAP funds grants to states, cities, counties, and local community-based organizations to provide care, treatment, and support services for people with **HIV** to improve health outcomes and reduce HIV transmission. The RWHAP, first authorized in 1990, was funded at \$2.4 billion in fiscal year (FY) 2020.

HRSA's Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Part F: Dental Programs

Program Fact Sheet | September 2021

Funds from all Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) recipients may support the provision of oral health services. However, two programs under RWHAP Part F specifically focus on funding oral health care for people with HIV:

- The Dental Reimbursement Program (DRP)
- The Community-Based Dental Partnership Program (CBDPP)

These programs fund oral health services, as well as education and training of oral health providers, to expand provider capacity.

Recipients and Eligibility

The recipients of the DRP and CBDPP are dental education programs seeking to improve their response to the HIV epidemic in their area. Eligible applicants for both the DRP and the CBDPP are institutions that have dental or dental hygiene education programs accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation. These could include—

- Dental schools
- Hospitals with postdoctoral dental residency programs
- Community colleges with dental hygiene programs

Dental Reimbursement Program Implementation

First funded in 1994, the DRP expands access to oral health care for people with HIV while training additional dental and dental hygiene providers.

To achieve its goal, the DRP provides reimbursements to accredited dental schools, schools of dental hygiene, and postdoctoral dental education programs.

Community-Based Dental Partnership Program Implementation

First funded in 2002, the CBDPP increases access to oral health care for people with HIV, providing education and clinical training for dental care providers, especially those practicing in community-based settings.

To achieve its goal, the CBDPP works through multipartner collaborations between dental and dental hygiene education programs and community-based dentists and dental clinics. Community-based program partners help design programs and assess their impact.

Funding Considerations

Congress appropriated approximately \$13.1 million for the Part F Dental Programs in FY 2021.