Sample Display - 3 panel



- All pages are designed to print on 8.5 x 11 inch paper using a color printer with card stock paper.
- Dotted lines indicate cut lines.
- The five photos shown in the center panel are designed as "lift up" panels. Cut the panels apart then simply tape the top photo to the bottom panel so readers may lift up the top card and read more information on the panel beneath the photo.

Oral Caicer



Martin O'Malley, Governor Anthony G. Brown, Lieutenant Governor Joshua M. Sharfstein, Secretary

Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

_____ -

medical provider if any of these conditions It is important to consult with a dental or last more than two weeks.

- A sore throat or feeling that something is caught in the throat
- Loosening of the teeth or pain around the teeth or jaw.
- Difficulty moving the jaw or tongue.



- A painless sore on your lip or in your mouth that does not heal.
- Patches inside your mouth or on your lips that are white, a mixture of red and white, or red.
- Numbness on the tongue or other area of the mouth.
- Difficulty wearing dentures.
- Difficulty swallowing or chewing.

common symptom.

This is the most

A painless 2 minute exam may save your life.

About Oral Cancer

occurs anywhere in the mouth, the lips Oral cancer is a type of cancer that and head and neck region.

- oral cancer are expected in the United Approximately 36,000 new cases of States each year.
- In Maryland, an average of 600 new cases are expected each year.

Risk factors of oral cancer include:

- Age. Most oral cancers occur after age 40.
- Gender. Oral cancer is twice as in women. common in men as
- Tobacco use.
- Alcohol use.
 - ♦Diet.
- Prolonged
 sun exposur
- - Human Papillomavirus (HPV).

Oral Cancer is preventable. Early detection is important.



There is a better chance for a cure if oral cancer is found early.

FREE HELP FOR QUITTING TOBACCO
The Maryland Tobacco Quitline is a free service provided by DHMH to help people quit using tobacco products.
Call 1-800-OUIT-NOW (1-800-784-8669) for free telephone-based counseling, support and tips to help you quit for good.
Prevention Strategies

1 - I



☑ Have an oral cancer exam once a year.

Lift up for more information

(More information for annual oral cancer exams)

Ask your dental or medical provider for an oral cancer exam during your visit.

Oral cancer exams are painless and take less than 2 minutes!



 Avoid tobacco products-cigarettes, chew or snuff, pipes or cigars.

Lift up for more information

(More information about tobacco products)

90% of patients with oral cancer use tobacco.



☑ Limit alcohol consumption.

Lift up for more information

(More information about alcohol consumption)



☑ Use a lip balm with a SPF of at least 15.

Lift up for more information

(More information about SPF 15 for sun protection)

80% of patients with oral cancer frequently consume alcohol. 30% of patients with oral cancer have outdoor occupations associated with prolonged sun exposure.



☑ Eat a variety of fruits and vegetables.

Lift up for more information

(More information about fruits and vegetables)

Eating at least five servings of fruits and vegetables every day may provide some protection against oral cancer.



Your dental or medical provider will:



Ask you to remove your dentures if you wear them.



Check and feel your face, neck, ears and lip to look for any lumps. Feel under your chin and on both sides of your neck.



Check and feel your face, neck, ears and lip to look for any lumps. Feel under your chin and on both sides of your neck.



Ask you to stick out your tongue and look for red or white spots on your tongue with a piece of gauze to see all around your tongue.



Check the roof of your mouth, the back of your throat and the floor of your mouth.



