Sexual Health Snapshots

Prince George's County Teens



21%

of all chlamydia and gonorrhea infections reported in Prince George's County are among teens ages 15-19

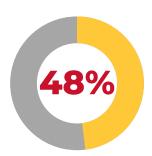
Maryland Department of Health, Center for STI Prevention, 2022

B

426

Births to Prince George's County teens 19 and under

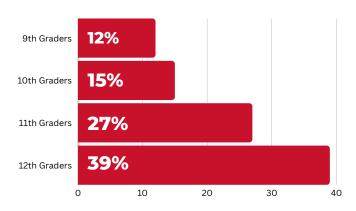
Maryland Department of Health, Vital Statistics Administration, 2021



of Prince George's County high school students reported using a condom the last time they had sex

Maryland Department of Health, Youth Risk Behavior Survey, 2021-2022

Prince George's County high school students who reported ever having sex



Maryland Department of Health, Youth Risk Behavior Survey, 2021-2022

DID YOU KNOW?



- You can't tell if someone has a Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) just by looking at them. Most STIs don't cause any symptoms, so the only way to know for sure is to get tested.
- You can prevent pregnancy and STIs by not having sex. If you do have sex (oral, anal or vaginal), use a condom every time to reduce the risk for STIs, including HIV, and to prevent pregnancy.

It's your health, you can protect it!

Talk to a health care provider or your local health department about confidential STI testing and treatment. Scan the QR code to find your local health department.



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