Sexual Health Snapshots

Cecil County Teens



28%

of all chlamydia and gonorrhea infections reported in Cecil County are among teens ages 15-19

Maryland Department of Health, Center for STI Prevention, 2022



Births to Cecil County teens
19 and under

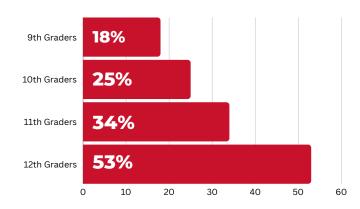
Maryland Department of Health, Vital Statistics Administration, 2021



of Cecil County high school students reported using a condom the last time they had sex

Maryland Department of Health, Youth Risk Behavior Survey, 2021-2022

Cecil County high school students who reported ever having sex



Maryland Department of Health, Youth Risk Behavior Survey, 2021-2022

DID YOU KNOW?



- You can't tell if someone has a Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) just by looking at them. Most STIs don't cause any symptoms, so the only way to know for sure is to get tested.
- You can prevent pregnancy and STIs by not having sex. If you do have sex (oral, anal or vaginal), use a condom every time to reduce the risk for STIs, including HIV, and to prevent pregnancy.

It's your health, you can protect it!

Talk to a health care provider or your local health department about confidential STI testing and treatment. Scan the QR code to find your local health department.



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