



HIV AMONG YOUTH (AGES 13-24) IN PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, 2021

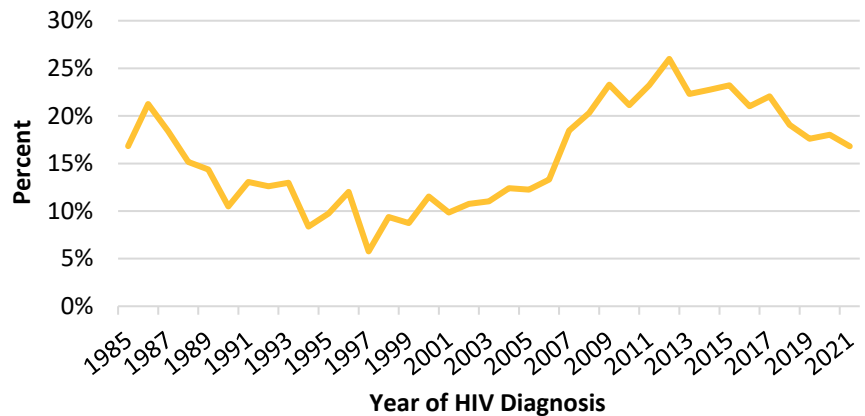
DATA REPORTED THROUGH JUNE 30, 2022

New HIV Diagnoses in Prince George's County

In 2021, there were 41 reported HIV diagnoses among people ages 13-24.

- In 2021, youth ages 13-24 accounted for 16.8% of the 244 reported HIV diagnoses. Of those, 39 (95.1%) were male, and 2 (4.9%) were female.
- 75.6% of the new diagnoses among youth were NH-Black people.
- Most HIV diagnoses among youth were attributed to MMSC (83.2%), followed by 12.2% attributed to HET.
- It is estimated that an additional 34.2% of youth living with HIV in Prince George's County remain undiagnosed, as of 2020.

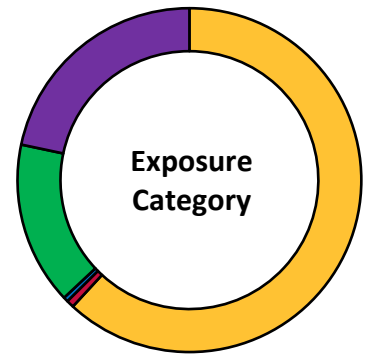
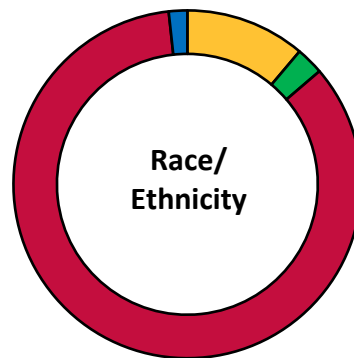
Trends in HIV Diagnoses Among Youth
(Ages 13-24), 1985-2021



Characteristics of Youth Living with HIV

At the end of 2021, there were 233 people ages 13-24 living with diagnosed HIV.

- Rates (per 100,000) were 3 times higher in males (242.4) as compared to females (76.2). In other words, 1 in 412 males and 1 in 1,312 females ages 13-24 were living with diagnosed HIV.
- Rates (per 100,000) among youth were 3 to 11 times higher among NH-Black youth (243.4) as compared to Hispanic youth (71.2) and NH-White youth (23.1). In other words, 1 in 410 NH-Black youth were living with diagnosed HIV.
- 188 (80.7%) of youth living with diagnosed HIV had a viral load test during 2021. Of those individuals, 146 (77.7%) had a suppressed viral load.



■ Hispanic ■ NH-Other
■ NH-Black ■ NH-White

■ MMSC
■ IDU
■ MMSC/IDU
■ HET
■ Perinatal Transmission

NH: Non-Hispanic | HET: Heterosexual Contact | IDU: Injection Drug Use | MMSC: Male-to-male Sexual Contact

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation
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Maryland Department of Health
<http://phpa.health.maryland.gov/OIDEOR/CHSE>

Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing exposure category. Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only.
Data source: Maryland Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS).
Data for 2020 and 2021 should be interpreted with caution due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on access to HIV testing and care-related services.