

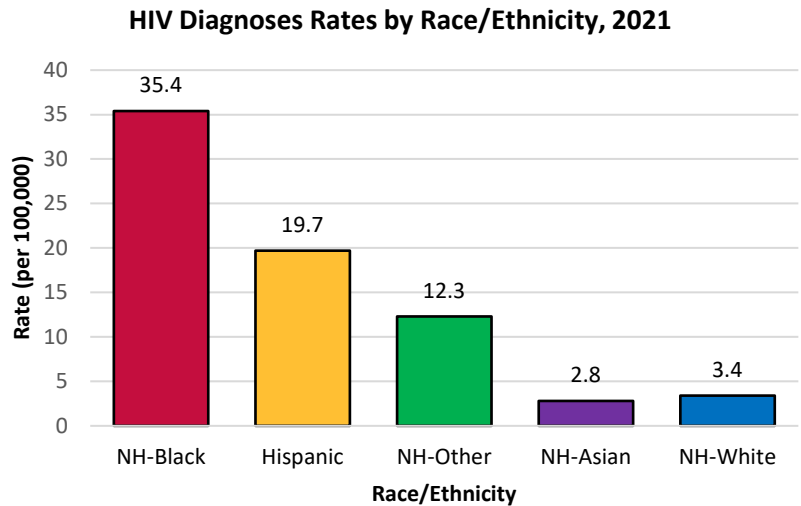


HIV BY RACE/ETHNICITY IN MARYLAND, 2021

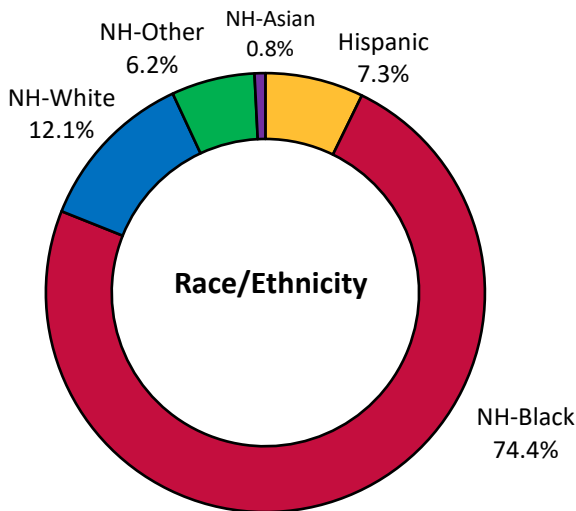
DATA REPORTED THROUGH JUNE 30, 2022

New HIV Diagnoses in Maryland

- Of the 773 reported new HIV diagnoses in 2021 in Maryland, 71.9% were among NH-Black people, and 11.8% were NH-White people.
- AIDS diagnosis rates in 2021 were up to 12 times higher among NH-Black people (20.4 per 100,000) as compared to people of other races.
- Of Marylanders living with HIV, Hispanic people have the highest estimated number that remain undiagnosed (14.9%), as of 2020.



Characteristics of Marylanders Living with HIV



- 74.4% of the 32,149 Marylanders living with diagnosed HIV in 2021 were NH-Black people.
- HIV rates are highest among NH-Black people (1,524.7 per 100,000 people), which is 10 times higher than the rate among NH-White people (147.7). 1 in 66 NH-Black people in Maryland were living with diagnosed HIV.
- High HIV rates were also experienced by NH-Multiracial (1,608.3) and Hispanic (457.6) individuals. 1 in 219 Hispanic people in Maryland were living with diagnosed HIV.
- 42.6% of NH-Black people reported HET exposure, while MMSC was the most common exposure among NH-White (61.9%), and Hispanic (53.0%) persons.
- Of the total Marylanders living with HIV who had a viral load test reported in 2021, viral suppression was lowest among NH-Black people (88.7%).

NH: Non-Hispanic | **HET:** Heterosexual Contact | **MMSC:** Male-to-male Sexual Contact

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation
Prevention and Health Promotion Administration
Maryland Department of Health
<http://phpa.health.maryland.gov/OIDEOR/CHSE>

Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing exposure category. Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only.
Data source: Maryland Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS).
Data for 2020 and 2021 should be interpreted with caution due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on access to HIV testing and care-related services.