



GENDER AND HIV IN MARYLAND, 2021

DATA REPORTED THROUGH JUNE 30, 2022

New HIV Diagnoses in Maryland

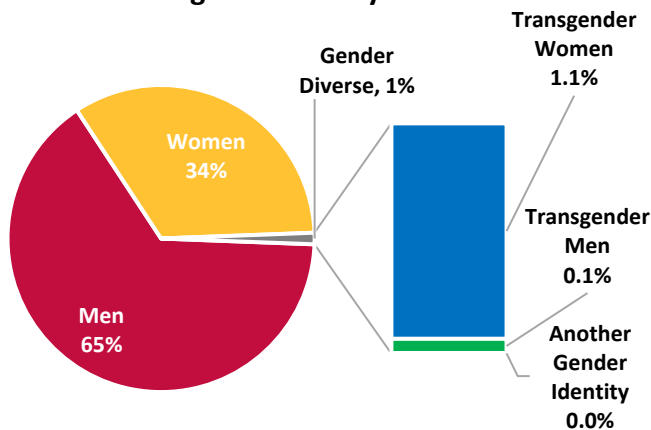
In 2021, there were 23 reported HIV diagnoses among gender diverse people.

- Of the 773 reported HIV diagnoses in 2021, 2.6% were transgender women or girls, and 0.4% were transgender men or boys.
- 82.6% of newly diagnosed gender diverse people were linked to care within 1 month of receiving a diagnosis of HIV.
- Of the 441 reported AIDS diagnoses in 2021, 3 (0.7%) were transgender women or girls, and 1 (0.2%) was a transgender man or boy.

Characteristics of Gender Diverse People Living with HIV in Maryland

At the end of 2021, there were 388 gender diverse people living with diagnosed HIV.

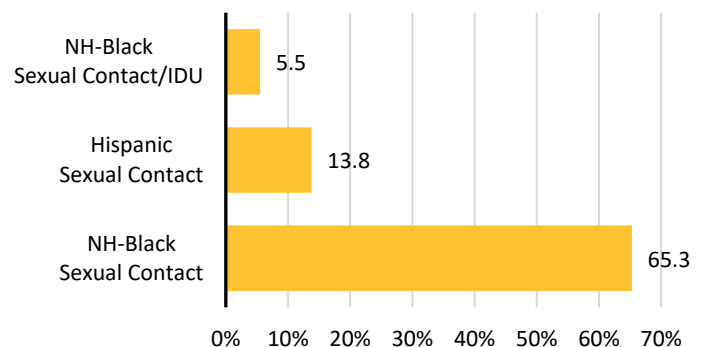
Total Living HIV Cases by Gender



- Of the 32,149 total living with diagnosed HIV in 2021, 363 were transgender women or girls, 24 were transgender men or boys, and 1 was another gender identity.
- Of the 388 gender diverse people living with diagnosed HIV, 44.3% were adults ages 30-39, 20.6% were those ages 20-29, and 16.2% were those ages 40-49.

- Among gender diverse individuals living with diagnosed HIV, sexual contact was the most common exposure (89.2%), followed by sexual contact and IDU (6.4%), and IDU (3.9%).
- 77.7% of the transgender women and girls living with diagnosed HIV in Maryland had a viral load test result reported in 2021. Of those 302 people with a test result, 80.5% had a suppressed viral load.

Living Gender Expansive People with HIV by Select Demographics



IDU: Injection Drug Use | NH: Non-Hispanic

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation
Prevention and Health Promotion Administration
Maryland Department of Health
<http://phpa.health.maryland.gov/OIDEOR/CHSE>

Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing exposure category. Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only. Data source: Maryland Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS). Data for 2020 and 2021 should be interpreted with caution due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on access to HIV testing and care-related services.