



# HIV AMONG FOREIGN-BORN PERSONS IN MARYLAND, 2022

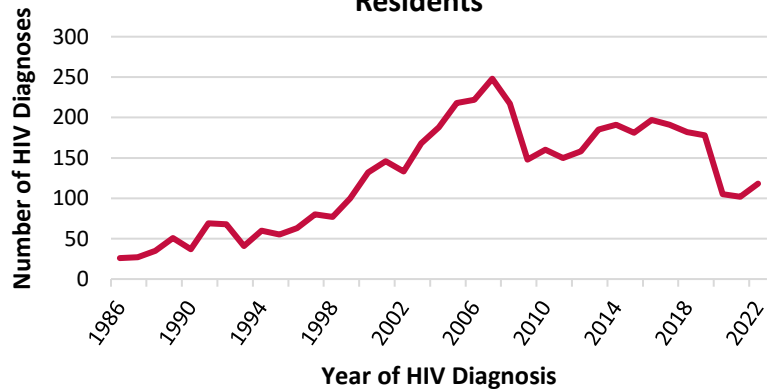
DATA REPORTED THROUGH JUNE 30, 2023

## New HIV Diagnoses in Maryland

In 2022, there were 118 reported HIV diagnoses among foreign-born persons in Maryland.

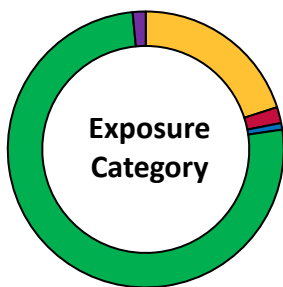
- Of the 751 total reported HIV diagnoses in Maryland, 118 (15.7%) were born in a foreign country. Persons born in Africa accounted for 7.1% of the total newly reported HIV diagnoses and 44.9% of the foreign-born diagnoses.
- Of the 118 diagnoses born in a foreign country, 37.3% were female and 62.7% were male.
- 33.1% were diagnosed with AIDS within 3 months, indicating they were likely infected for years.

Trends in HIV Diagnoses Among Foreign-Born Residents

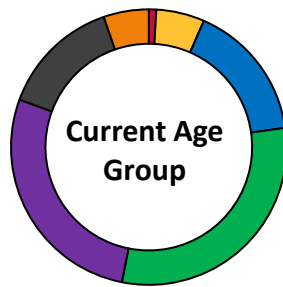


## Characteristics of Foreign-Born Marylanders Living with HIV

At the end of 2022, there were 4,356 foreign-born persons living with diagnosed HIV.



■ MMSC    ■ IDU  
■ MMSC/IDU    ■ HET  
■ Perinatal



■ 13-19    ■ 20-29    ■ 30-39  
■ 40-49    ■ 50-59    ■ 60-69

- Of the 4,356 foreign-born persons living with diagnosed HIV, 61.9% were African-born and 17.2% were Central American-born.
- The most common birth countries among foreign-born persons living with diagnosed HIV were Cameroon (17.2%), Ethiopia (9.4%), Nigeria (7.6%), El Salvador (7.1%), and Kenya (3.6%).
- 66.8% of the 4,356 foreign-born persons living with diagnosed HIV had a recent viral load test result reported in 2022. Of these, 91.2% had a suppressed viral load.

**HET:** Heterosexual Contact | **IDU:** Injection Drug Use | **MMSC:** Male-to-male Sexual Contact

**Note:** The completeness of reporting a person’s country of birth is variable in surveillance data. Not all agencies collect or have complete data on nativity. In addition, some individuals may immigrate to the U.S. with HIV. HIV testing data from other countries is often unavailable for these people; therefore, they are counted as a new diagnosis following their first HIV related lab test in the United States, even if they were first diagnosed elsewhere.

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation  
 Prevention and Health Promotion Administration  
 Maryland Department of Health  
<https://health.maryland.gov/phpa/OIDEOR/CHSE>

Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing exposure category. Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only. Data source: Maryland Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS). Data for 2020 and 2021 should be interpreted with caution due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on access to HIV testing and care-related services.