



Baltimore City HIV Progress Report

Data Reported through June 30, 2022

Purpose: Monitoring our Progress

In December 2021, the White House released the updated [National HIV/AIDS Strategy for the United States 2022-2025](#) (NHAS) in an effort to refocus the response to the HIV epidemic in the U.S. NHAS summarizes a set of priorities and strategic action steps with measurable goals to be achieved by 2025. This report aims to provide a summary of Baltimore City's progress in accomplishing the NHAS 2025 goals. This report uses county and state surveillance data to evaluate the annual progress of 1) preventing new HIV infections, 2) improving HIV-related health outcomes of people with HIV, 3) reducing HIV-related disparities and health inequities, and 4) achieving integrated, coordinated efforts that address the HIV epidemic among all partners and interested parties.

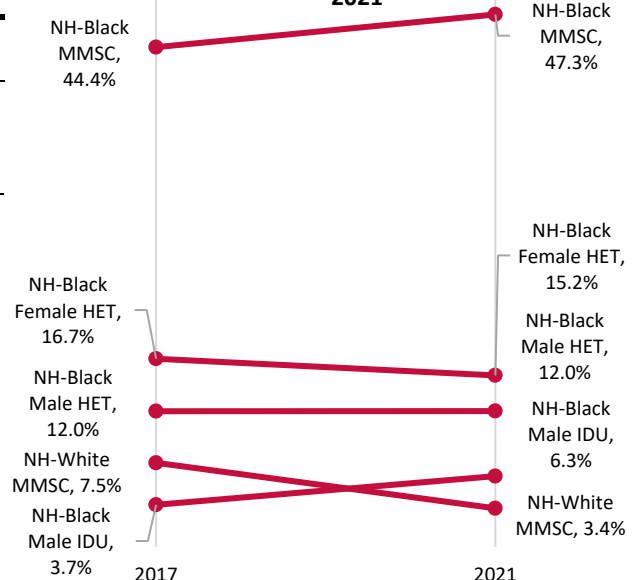
Total Population and People Living with Diagnosed HIV in Maryland and Baltimore City, by Demographics

Demographics	Maryland Total Population [§]	Maryland Residents Living with Diagnosed HIV [†]	Baltimore City Total Population [§]	Baltimore City Residents Living with Diagnosed HIV [‡]
Total	6,165,129	32,183	576,498	10,479
Current Age				
< 13 ^{§§}	15.6%	0.1%	14.7%	0.1%
13-24 ^{§§}	15.1%	2.4%	14.9%	1.9%
25-34	13.2%	14.5%	18.3%	12.7%
35-44	13.5%	19.6%	13.8%	16.5%
45-54	12.8%	22.7%	10.7%	20.3%
55-64	13.5%	27.6%	12.8%	32.5%
≥ 65	16.3%	13.0%	14.8%	16.0%
Sex at Birth				
Female	51.3%	33.7%	53.1%	33.3%
Male	48.7%	66.3%	46.9%	66.7%
Race/Ethnicity				
Hispanic	11.1%	7.3%	6.0%	4.1%
NH-Asian	6.6%	0.8%	2.5%	0.2%
NH-Black	29.0%	74.4%	59.3%	83.0%
NH-White	47.8%	12.1%	26.8%	7.4%
NH-Other ²	0.6%	5.4%	5.4%	5.3%

HIV Diagnoses among Maryland and Baltimore City Residents, by Demographics

Persons with HIV	Maryland Residents Diagnosed with HIV, 2021 [¶]	Baltimore City Residents Diagnosed with HIV, 2021 [¶]
HIV Diagnoses	775	161
HIV Deaths ^{¶¶}	473	288
HIV Diagnoses		
Age at HIV Diagnosis		
< 13	0.3%	0.0%
13-24	19.5%	24.8%
25-34	32.0%	29.8%
35-44	22.5%	22.4%
45-54	11.6%	7.5%
55-64	10.7%	12.4%
≥ 65	3.5%	3.1%
Sex at Birth		
Female	25.3%	20.5%
Male	74.7%	79.5%
Race/Ethnicity		
Hispanic	13.0%	6.2%
NH-Asian	1.3%	0.6%
NH-Black	72.0%	83.9%
NH-White	11.7%	5.6%
NH-Other ²	2.0%	3.7%

HIV Diagnoses in Baltimore City During 2017 and 2021



[†] Data Source: [Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. HIV Surveillance Report, 2020, vol. 33](#), by residence at HIV/AIDS diagnosis. [§] Data Source: 2021 American Community Survey


















[¶] Data Source: Maryland Department of Health (MDH) Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS), Geocoded Data, as of 6/30/2022. 2021 HIV estimates reported through 6/30/2022. HIV diagnoses by address at HIV diagnosis. People with HIV by current address. AIDS deaths by address at AIDS diagnosis. Data for 2020 and 2021 should be interpreted with caution due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on access to HIV testing and care-related services.

^{§§} Estimated values. ^{¶¶} Reported deaths are for 2020 to allow for reporting. Maryland death data is exclusive to MD residents that were ever diagnosed with Stage 3 AIDS.

² NH-Other is comprised of American Indian/Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, some other race alone, and/or two or more races.

NH: Non-Hispanic | MMSC: Male-to-male Sexual Contact | HET: Heterosexual Contact | IDU: Injection Drug Use

Outcomes by 2025: Goals, Indicators, and Progress

Goal	Indicator	Baltimore City Data by Year					2025 Goal	Status
		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
Prevent New HIV Infections	Reduce the number of new HIV infections by 75 percent	190	200	130	170	--	48	
	Increase knowledge of status to 95 percent	92.6%	92.3%	92.8%	92.6%	--	95.0%	
	Reduce the number of new HIV diagnoses by 75 percent	236	235	199	177	161	59	
	Increase PrEP coverage to 50 percent ^Ω	7.9%	10.3%	14.2%	13.3%	15.4%	50.0%	
Improve Health Outcomes for Persons with HIV	Increase the percentage of newly diagnosed persons linked to HIV medical care within one month of diagnosis to 95 percent	80.5%	75.3%	82.4%	84.7%	84.5%	95.0%	
	Increase the percentage of persons with diagnosed HIV infection who are virally suppressed to 95 percent [¶]	59.7%	65.8%	69.1%	64.7%	65.9%	95.0%	
Viral Suppression								
Reduce HIV-Related Health Disparities	MMSC	57.5%	65.8%	68.3%	64.8%	67.0%	95.0%	
	NH-Black MMSC	55.4%	64.1%	66.5%	63.3%	65.7%	95.0%	
	Hispanic MMSC	56.0%	61.4%	63.4%	62.2%	64.3%	95.0%	
	NH-American Indian/Alaska Native MMSC	***	***	***	***	***	95.0%	
	Black Females	62.8%	68.5%	72.3%	66.3%	68.0%	95.0%	
	Transgender Women and Girls	48.0%	63.2%	63.4%	60.8%	64.4%	95.0%	
	Persons who Inject Drugs	62.2%	66.9%	69.7%	65.3%	65.8%	95.0%	
	Youth	47.4%	55.5%	62.5%	66.3%	66.0%	95.0%	
	Progress – Moved towards target		No Progress – No change or moved away from target		Unable to calculate			

Source: Maryland Department of Health Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS), as of 6/30/2022.

Data for 2020 and 2021 should be interpreted with caution due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on access to HIV testing and care-related services.

Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only.

*** Data withheld due to low population counts and/or small numbers.

Ω Source: America's HIV Epidemic Analysis Dashboard (AHEAD).

¶ Viral suppression: the most recent viral load test that was less than 200 copies per milliliter.

§ The multiple imputation method was used for risk estimation and redistribution.

β Includes gay and bisexual men (MMSC) who also have engaged in injection drug use.

¥ People living with diagnosed HIV aged 13-24.