



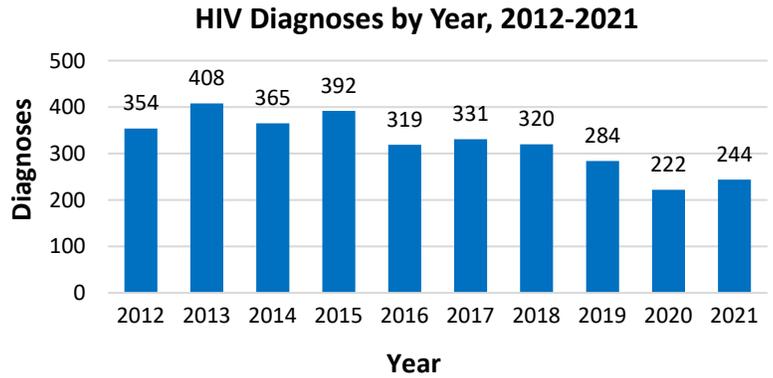
HIV IN PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, 2021

DATA REPORTED THROUGH JUNE 30, 2022

New HIV Diagnoses

In 2021, there were 244 people diagnosed with HIV in Prince George's County.

- 79.5% of the 244 reported HIV diagnoses in Prince George's County during 2021 were among NH-Black people and 14.3% were among Hispanic people.
- Of the 244 HIV diagnoses in 2021, 32.0% were among adults ages 30-39 years old, 27.0% were among those ages 20-29, and 15.2% were among those ages 40-49.



People Living with Diagnosed HIV

At the end of 2021, there were 8,107 people living with diagnosed HIV in Prince George's County.

Age on December 31, 2021

13-19	47	0.6%
20-29	676	8.3%
30-39	1,820	22.4%
40-49	1,831	22.6%
50-59	2,172	26.8%
60+	1,561	19.3%

Sex at Birth

Female	2,602	32.1%
Male	5,505	67.9%

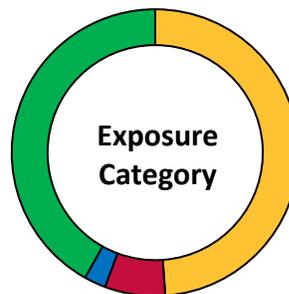
Race/Ethnicity

Hispanic	672	8.3%
NH-Black	6,701	82.7%
NH-White	322	4.0%
NH-Other	412	5.1%

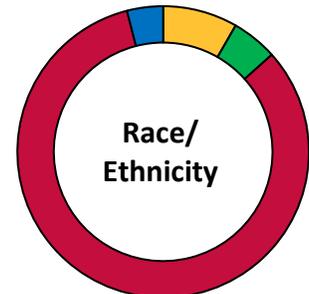
Exposure Category

MMSC	3,898	48.1%
IDU	543	6.7%
MMSC/IDU	195	2.4%
HET	3,344	41.2%
Perinatal Transmission	96	1.2%

- Rates (per 100,000) were two times as high in males (1,436.6) as compared to females (620.9).
- Rates among people living with diagnosed HIV were 3 to 4 times higher among NH-Black people (1,328.1) as compared to Hispanic people (464.9) and NH-White people (317.1). 82.7% of people living with diagnosed HIV in Prince George's County were NH-Black.



■ MMSC ■ IDU
■ MMSC/IDU ■ HET



■ Hispanic ■ NH-Other
■ NH-Black ■ NH-White

NH: Non-Hispanic | **HET:** Heterosexual Contact | **IDU:** Injection Drug Use | **MMSC:** Male-to-male Sexual Contact

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation
Prevention and Health Promotion Administration
Maryland Department of Health
<http://phpa.health.maryland.gov/OIDEOR/CHSE>

Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing exposure category. Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only.
Data source: Maryland Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS).
Data for 2020 and 2021 should be interpreted with caution due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on access to HIV testing and care-related services.