Maryland Board of Pharmacy Public Board Meeting

Agenda March 20, 2024

Name	Title	Present	Absent
Evans, K.	Commissioner		
Fink, K.	Commissioner		
Geigher, P.	Commissioner/Treasurer		
Hardesty, J.	Commissioner		
Leikach, N.	Commissioner/President		
Morgan, K.	Commissioner		
Oliver, B.	Commissioner		
Oriaifo, A.	Commissioner		
Patel, A.	Commissioner		
Robinson, D.	Commissioner/Pharmacy Technician		
Rusinko, K.	Commissioner/Secretary		
Slagle, K.	Commissioner		
Vázquez, J.	Commissioner		
Bethman, L.	Board Counsel		
Felter, B.	Board Counsel		
Speights-Napata, D.	Executive Director		
Partin, J.	Network Specialist		
James, D.	Licensing Manager		
Leak, T.	Compliance Director		
Reed, J.	Legislative Liaison		
Chew, C.	Enforcement Compliance Auditor		

Subject Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)
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A.) N. Leikach, Board President	Members of the Board with a conflict of interest relating to any item on the agenda are advised to notify the Board at this time or when the issue is addressed in the agenda. 1. Call to Order 2. Sign-in Introduction and of meeting attendees – (Please indicate on sign-in sheet if you are requesting CE Units for attendance)	
	3. Distribution of Agenda and packet materials	
B.) K. Rusinko, Secretary	4. Review and approve February 2024 Public Meeting Minutes	
	51.5.57	
Napata Executive	2. Staff Update	
N. Leikach, Board President		
J. Partin, Network Specialist	1. Procurement and Budget Updates a. February Financials – Paper copies distributed 2. Management Information Systems (MIS) Unit Updates	
K. Rusinko	1. Unit Updates 2. Monthly Statistics	
	B.) K. Rusinko, Secretary D. Speights- Napata Executive Director N. Leikach, Board President J. Partin, Network Specialist	Item on the agenda are advised to notify the Board at this time or when the issue is addressed in the agenda. 1. Call to Order 2. Sign-in Introduction and of meeting attendees — (Please indicate on sign-in sheet if you are requesting CE Units for attendance) 3. Distribution of Agenda and packet materials 4. Review and approve February 2024 Public Meeting Minutes D. Speights-Napata

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			License Type	New	Renewed	Reinstated	Total
			Distributor	7	2	0	1,496
			Pharmacy	17	0	1	2,094
			Pharmacist	43	404	7	12,702
			Vaccination	11	186	0	5,341
			Pharmacy	3	0	0	36
			Intern -				
			Graduate				
			Pharmacy	5	5	0	386
			Intern –				
			Student				
			Pharmacy	138	298	11	10,429
			Technician				
			Pharmacy	1	0	0	38
			Technician-				
			Student				
			TOTAL	225	895	19	32,522
E. Compliance	T. Leak,	1.	Unit Updates				
	Compliance	2.]	Monthly Stati	stics			
	Director						
		Com	plaints & Inv	esugauons	·-		
		New	Complaints -	- 53			
		_	D - C 1 (- 1	C:11 1			
			Refusal to l	F1II - I			

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)
		Unprofessional Conduct - 1	
		• Inspection Issues- 31	
		 Medication Error - 2 	
		• Customer Service- 6	
		• Licensing Issues- 3	
		• Employee Pilferage- 3	
		Out of State Disciplinary Actions - 6	
		Resolved - 39	
		Actions within Goal- 39/39	
		Formal (Final) Disciplinary actions taken- 1	
		Summary Actions Taken- 0	
		Average Days to Complete- N/A	
		Regulatory Inspections:	
		Total - 132	
		Annual Inspections - 114	
		• Chain - 51	
		• Independent - 18	
		• Sterile Compounding - 5	
		• Repository - 23	
		• Comprehensive Care - 4	
		• Hospital - 6	
		• Supplemental Assisted Living - 3	
		• Follow up - 0	
		• Distributor - 3	
		• Attempted- 1	
		Openings/Remodels/Relocations - 6	
		Closing Inspections - 5	
		Change of Ownership - 7	
		Pending Opening – 1	
		Pending Closing - 2	

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)

F. Legislation & Regulations	J. Reed, Legislative	<u>Legislation</u>		
	Liaison	 HB 880 (SB 1021) – <u>Pharmacy Benefits Administration - Maryland Medical Assistance Program and Pharmacy Benefits Managers</u> – No position. 		
		 HB 1097 - <u>State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners - Veterinary Technicians and Veterinary Assistants</u> - No position. 		
		• HB 1121 – Public Health – Opioids and Opioid Overdose Reversal Drugs – Information – No position.		
		• HB 1132 – <u>Drugs, Biological Products, and Devices – Off-Label Use – Promotion</u> – No position.		
		 HB 1201 (SB 1072) – <u>Occupational and Professional Licensing - Military Training and Military Spouses</u> – Letter of Information. 		
		 HB 1260 (SB 926) – <u>State Government – Permits, Licenses, and Certificates – Reimbursement</u> – No position. 		
		 HB 1270 (SB 1019) – <u>Health Benefits Plans – Prescription Drugs – Rebates and Calculations of Cost Sharing</u> – No position. 		
		 HB 1388 (SB 1182) – <u>Labor and Employment – Noncompete and Conflict of Interest Clauses – Veterinary and Health Care Professionals</u> – <u>Letter of Information</u>. 		
		 HB 1304 – <u>Maryland Department of Health and Department of Human Services – Earned Income Tax</u> <u>Credit – Distribution of Information</u> – No position. 		
		• SB 926 – <u>State Government – Permits, Licenses, and Certificates – Reimbursement</u> – No position.		
				Regulations
		Proposed COMAR 10.34.19.00		
		Title 10 MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH		
		Subtitle 34 BOARD OF PHARMACY		
		Chapter 19 Sterile Pharmaceutical Compounding		

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)			
		Authority: Health Occupations Article, §§12-205, 12-403, 1 Annotated Code of Mary				
		.01 Scope. This chapter applies to a [licensed] pharmacy licensed in Maryla	and engaging in:			
		A. Compounding or mixing sterile prescription solutions or suspensions to be administered [parenterally or by irrigation, inhalation, or intraocular routes; and] injections or by infusion, irrigations for internal body cavities, ophthalmic, pulmonary inhalation, baths and soaks for live organs and tissues, or implant routes and;				
		B. Compounding of Hazardous Drugs, except where U.S. Ph Pharmaceutical Compounding—Sterile Preparations addresse Pharmacopeia (USP) Chapter 800 Hazardous Drugs—Handlin	es Hazardous drugs, and U.S.			
		[B.] C. Compounding of radiopharmaceuticals, except where U.S. Pharmacopeia (USP) General Chap Pharmaceutical Compounding—Sterile Preparations addresses radiopharmaceuticals [, U.S. Pharmacopei (USP) Chapter 821 Radioactivity, and U.S. Pharmacopeia (USP) Chapter 823 Radiopharmaceuticals for Positron Emission Tomography—Compounding,] and USP Chapter 825 Radiopharmaceuticals—Preparation, Compounding, Dispensing, and Repackaging would apply; and				
		.02 Incorporation by Reference.1. In this chapter, the following documents are incorporated by remaining the components of the components o	reference:			
		A. U.S. Pharmacopeia (USP) General Chapter 797 Pharmaceutic (USP 797 Standards), which has been incorporated by reference in				
		[B. U.S. Pharmacopeia (USP) General Chapter 795 Pharmaceuti (USP 795 Standards), which has been incorporated by reference in				
		B. U.S. Pharmacopeia (USP) General Chapter 800 Hazardou (USP 800 Standards), which has been incorporated by reference				

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)				
		[C. U.S. Pharmacopeia (USP) Chapter 821 Radioactivity, which has been incorporated by reference in 21 U.S.C. §351(b) (as amended).]					
		[D. U.S. Pharmacopeia (USP) Chapter 823 Radiopharmaceuticals for Positron Emission Tomography—Compounding, which has been incorporated by reference in 21 U.S.C. §351(b) (as amended).]					
		 C. U.S. Pharmacopeia (USP) Chapter 825 Radiopharmaceuticals – Preparation, Compounding, Dispensing, and Repackaging, which has been incorporated by reference in 21 U.S.C. §351(b) (as amended). 2. The Board may reference guidance documents issued by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) when inspecting and reviewing compounding practices not specifically outling this Chapter or a chapter of U.S. Pharmacopeia. 					
		.03 Definitions.					
		A. In this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicar	ted.				
		B. Terms Defined.					
		(1) "Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient (API)" means any sintended to be used in the compounding of a preparation, there preparation and furnishing pharmacological activity or other mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans and function of the body. Also referred to as Bulk drug substance. product is not an API but is typically manufactured from an API	eby becoming the active ingredient in that direct effect in the diagnosis, cure, animals or affecting the structure and A conventionally manufactured drug				
		[(1)] (2) "Adverse event" means:					
		(a) Any adverse patient outcome related to the sterile compo	ounding process; or				

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		(b) Evidence of environmental contamination, including mi forth in USP 797 Standards.	crobial contamination above the threshold set				
		[(2) "Antineoplastic" means an agent that prevents the development, growth, or proliferation of malignant cells.]					
		(3) ["Anteroom" means the area, room, or rooms where personnel perform hand hygiene and garbing immediately adjacent to the designated clean room where the compounding of sterile preparations is performed.] "Anteroom" means an ISO Class 8 or cleaner room with fixed walls and doors where personnel hand hygiene, garbing procedures, and other activities that generate high particulate level may be performed. The anteroom is the transition room between the unclassified area of the facility the buffer room.					
		(4) [Batch.					
		(a)]"Batch" means a preparation compounded in advance of receipt of a prescription, or a preparation compounded in a supply that will be used on more than one dispensing to a patient or patients or any preparation compounded in excess of the filling of an individual prescription.					
		[(b)] (a) "Batch" includes a limited quantity of identical pre process, by the same individuals, carried out during one limited tire					
		(5) "Beyond-Use Date (BUD)" means the date, or hour and used, stored, or transported. The date is determined from the compounded.					
		[(5)] (6) "Biological safety cabinet (BSC)" means a ventilated	d containment unit:				
		(a) Suitable for work involving agents that pose higher risk compounding; and	of exposure to operators during				

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)				
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		(b) Used when there is a need for protection of the preparati	ion, personnel, and environment.				
		[(6) "Clean room" means a room with an International Standards Organization (ISO) Class 5 environment or an ISO Class 7 environment that meets USP 797 Standards, inside which compounding occurs within an ISO Class 5 engineering control device such as a laminar airflow workstation or a biological safety cabinet.]					
		(7) "Cleanroom suite" means a classified area that consists	of both an anteroom and buffer room.				
		(8) "Buffer room" means an ISO Class 7 or cleaner room with that generate and maintain an ISO Class 5 environment are plonly be accessed through the anteroom or another buffer room	nysically located. The buffer room may				
		[(7)] (9) ["Closed system vial transfer device (CSTD)" means a closed system drug transfer device the mechanically, not by means of vents or filters, prohibits the transfer of environmental contaminants into system and the escape of hazardous drug aerosols or vapors into the environment.] "Closed-system drug transfer device (CSTD)" means drug-transfer device that mechanically prohibits the transfer of environmental contaminants into the system and the escape of HD or vapor concentrations outside system.					
		[(8)] (10) ["Compounded sterile preparation" means sterile me epidural, and intraocular medications, compounded in the pharmac compounding techniques under acceptable compounding condition (CSP)" means a preparation intended to be sterile that is creat pooling, reconstituting, repackaging, assembling or otherwise a substance.	ey using currently accepted aseptic as.] "Compounded sterile preparation and by combining, admixing, diluting,				
		[(9)] (11) ["Compounding" means the preparation, mixing, ass "Compounding" means the process of combining, admixing, derepackaging, assembling or otherwise altering a drug product preparation:	iluting, pooling, reconstituting,				

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		(a) As the result of a practitioner's prescription drug order or relationship in the course of professional practice;	r initiative based on the practitioner/patient	
		(b) For the purpose of, or incidental to, research, teaching, of dispensing of the drug or device; or	or chemical analysis and not for the sale or	
		(c) In anticipation of a prescription drug order based on routine, regularly observed prescribing patterns.		
		[(10)] (12) ["Compounding aseptic isolator" means an enclose especially designed for sterile preparation compounding that maint workspace and the operator.] "Compounding aseptic isolator (CA HEPA filtration to provide an ISO Class 5 unidirectional air ensterile non-HDs.	ains a physical barrier between the AI)" means a type of RABS that uses	
		(13) "Compounding aseptic containment isolator (CACI)" filtration to provide an ISO Class 5 unidirectional air environment sterile HDs.	• •	
		[(11)] (14) ["Controlled environment" means a designated area consists of a clean room and an anteroom.] "Classified Area" means a designated area classification based on the ISO standards required in by USP 7	ans an area that maintains an air quality	
		[(12) "Cytotoxic" means drug entities that are damaging or del	pilitating to cells, tissues, or organs.]	
		[(13)] (15) "Designee" means a public agency or private entity Sterile Compounding Inspections that is trained in:	recognized by the Board to conduct	
		(a) USP 797 Standards;		
		(b) FDA good manufacturing practices approved by the Boat pharmacies that perform sterile compounding; or	ard to conduct inspections of nonresident	

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		(c) Both §B(13)(a) and (b) of this regulation.	
		(16) "Expiration" means the time period during which a remain stable, or retain its identity, strength, quality, and put its labeled storage conditions.	
		(17) "Hazardous Drug (HD)" means a drug included on the Safety and Health (NIOSH) list of antineoplastic and other has are identified by at least one of the following six criteria: care developmental toxicity, reproductive toxicity in humans, organismals, genotoxicity, or new drugs that mimic existing HDs in	azardous drugs in healthcare settings, we cinogenicity, teratogenicity or an toxicity at low dose in humans or
		(18) "ISO class" means an air-quality classification from the International Organiz Standardization.	
		[(14)] (19) ["Laminar air flow workstation" means an ISO Clinside which sterile compounding occurs.] "Laminar airflow wo type of laminar airflow system that provides an ISO Class 5 ocompounding. The device provides a unidirectional HEPA-file	orkbench (LAFW)" means a device that or better air quality environment for ste
		(20) "Laminar airflow system (LAFS)" means device or z ISO Class 5 or better air quality environment for sterile comp unidirectional HEPA-filtered airflow.	_
		[(15)] (21) ["Media fill verification" means a process of practechnique of personnel or an aseptic process by manual manipula simulates compounding processes and techniques used in actual of means a simulation used to qualify processes and personnel exthat the processes and personnel are able to prepare CSPs wi	tion of microbiological growth media whi compounding procedures.] "Media-fill tes ngaged in sterile compounding to ensur

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		(22) "NIOSH List" means the National Institute for Occup maintained list of antineoplastic and other HDs used in health	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		[(16)] (23) "Parenteral" means routes of drug administration of gastrointestinal tract.	r fluid administration other than via the	
		[(17)] (24) "Pharmacist" means an individual who is licensed to practice pharmacy regardless of the location where the activities of practice are performed.		
		[(18)] (25) "Pharmacy" means an establishment in which prescription or nonprescription drugs or devices are compounded, dispensed, or distributed.		
		(26) "Primary Engineering Control (PEC)" means a device or zone that provides an ISO Class 5 a quality environment for sterile compounding. [(19)] (27) "Pyrogen testing" means an analysis of sterile preparations for the presence of cell material from microbiological organisms in sufficient quantity to elicit a febrile reaction. [(20) "Risk level" means a risk level of low, medium, or high as defined in USP 797 Standards.] (28) "Restricted-access barrier system (RABS)" means an enclosure that provides HEPA-filtered ISO Class 5 unidirectional air that allows for the ingress and/or egress of materials through defined openings that have been designed and validated to preclude the transfer of contamination, and that generally are not to be opened during operations.		
		(29) Secondary Engineering Control (SEC)" means a space primary engineering controls are placed.	e which provides a classified area where	
		[(21)] (30) "Sterile" means free from [living microorganisms microorganisms.	or any other contaminants] viable	

[(22)] (31) ["Sterile compounding" means compounding of biologies, diagnostics, drugs, nutric radiopharmaceuticals that, under USP 797 Standards, are prepared using aseptic techniques.] "Steric compounding" means the process of combining, admixing, diluting, pooling, reconstituting, reassembling or otherwise altering a drug product or bulk drug substance to create a preparation aseptic techniques following UPS 797 standards. [(23)] (32) "Total parenteral nutrition" means providing [caloric] nutritional needs by the pare for a patient who is unable to ingest sufficient calories. [(24) "USP 795 Standards" means standards set forth in the US Pharmacopeia (USP) General C Pharmaceutical Compounding—Non-Sterile Preparations.] [(25)] (33) "USP 797 Standards" means standards set forth in the U.S. Pharmacopeia (USP) Ge Chapter 797 Pharmaceutical Compounding—Sterile Preparations. (34) "USP 800 Standards" means standards set forth in USP General Chapter 800 Hazard Drugs—Handling in Healthcare Settings. (35) "USP 825 Standards" means standards set forth in USP General Chapter 825 Radiopharmaceuticals—Preparation, Compounding, Dispensing, and Repackaging. .04 Pharmacy Environment. The compounding, preparation, and dispensing of compounded sterile preparations shall be accordapharmaceuticals—Preparation, and dispensing of compounded sterile preparations shall be accordapharmacy environment subject to State and federal laws, regulations, and standards. .05 General Requirements. A licensed supervising pharmacist who has appropriate practical and didactic training in compounder sterile preparations, clean room technology, laminar flow technology, quality assurance techniques,	chapter 795 Interal route Chapter 795 Interal route Inding

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		application of intravenous drug therapy shall control and supervise the section of the pharmacy that prepares		
		compounded sterile preparations and is responsible for, at a minim	ium, the following:	
		A. Preparation of [compounded sterile preparations] CSPs withi	n the pharmacy or decentralized pharmacy;	
		B. Storage of materials pertinent to the preparation of [compounded sterile preparations] CSPs, including		
		drugs, chemicals, and biologicals, and the establishment of specific	cations for procurement of the materials;	
		C. Labeling of containers of [compounded sterile preparations] CSPs compounded within or dispensed by the pharmacy; D. Recording of transactions of the pharmacy as may be applicable to State and federal laws and regulation as may be necessary to maintain accurate control over, and accountability for, pharmaceutical materials; [and		
		E. [Ensuring that licensed pharmacists meeting the requirements of §A of this regulation, or registered pharmacy technicians under direct supervision of a licensed pharmacist meeting the requirements of §A or regulation, prepare, compound, and dispense compounded sterile preparations.] An initial and ongoing training and competency program for all staff with duties within the cleanroom in accordance with 797 and Regulation .14 of this Chapter. F. Engineering controls and equipment utilized for compounding meet the standards of USP 797 Regulation .09 of this Chapter.		
		G. Policies and procedures, as listed in USP 797 and Regulations .12 of this Chapter, are implem maintained, and reviewed on an annual basis; and		
		H. A quality assurance and quality control program to monit	tor:	
		a. Adherence to policies and procedures;		
		b. Prevention and detection of errors and quality issues	; ;	

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)	
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		c. Investigation of complaints and reported adverse eve	ents;	
		d. Corrective actions and recall programs.		
		.06 Special Handling, Packaging, Labeling, and Beyond Use Da	ating.	
		A. The pharmacy shall make available special handling and pack integrity and drug stability of the prepared prescription orders, include sterile preparations, during handling and administration to the patients.	uding [antineoplastic or other] hazardous	
		(1) A reasonable effort to provide tamper-evident packaging on CSPs [if appropriate to setting];		
		(2) Proper in-transit storage consistent with preparation labeling	ng; [and]	
		(3) For medications not distributed to a Healthcare Practit to inform the patient if the prescription is a temperature sensit due to extreme hot or cold temperatures or moisture; and	• •	
		[(3)] (4) Delivery to the patient within a reasonable time.		
		B. The dispensed container for any [compounded sterile preparated Maryland law and regulations, in addition to the following informations and the container for any properties of the container for any properties	_	
		(1) The date of the preparation unless otherwise readily retriev	vable from prescription records;	
		(2) Time prepared, if applicable;		
		(3) The pertinent requirements for proper storage;		
		(4) The name of the prescriber, unless in an inpatient hospital	setting;	
		(5) The name of the patient;		

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)
		(6) D: : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : -	
		(6) Directions for use;	
		(7) The name of the base solution for infusion preparations;	
		(8) The full name and concentration or amount of active drugs	s contained in the final sterile preparation;
		(9) The name or identifying initials of the [pharmacist] individed compounded sterile preparation] and pharmacist who checked the from prescription records;	
		(10) The name, address, and telephone number of the pharmac	ey unless in an inpatient hospital facility;
		(11) The beyond-use [/expiration] dat[ing]e and time of the [conotime is stated, the time is presumed to be at 11:59 p.m. of the st	
		(12) Any ancillary and cautionary instructions as needed; and	
		(13) A pertinent warning consistent with applicable federal an biohazardous, when applicable] of the presence of hazardous dru handling and proper disposal.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		C. A pharmacy compounding sterile [infusion] preparations shall allow its patients or other health care providers who may be admin pharmacists.	· ·
		[D. Expiration or Beyond-Use Dating. In the absence of direct te Criteria and Beyond Use Dating section of USP 795 Standards, the determined by USP 797 Standards and reference materials as cited	e pharmacist shall use "beyond-use dating" as
		D. [Expiration or Beyond-use Dating] Beyond-use Dates. [In the detailed in the Stability Criteria and Beyond Use Dating section of	

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)
		"beyond-use dating" as determined by USP 797 Standards and refet this chapter.]	erence materials as cited in Regulation .16 of
		(1) A pharmacy shall use timeframes for BUDs as determine Standards; and	ned by USP 797 Category 1 or 2
		(2) BUDs greater than those set forth in USP 797 Category 797 Category 3 Standards and appropriate reference materials	- -
		.07 Record-Keeping Requirements.	
		A. Patient Prescription Records.	
		(1) The pharmacy shall maintain records of patient prescription	ns.
		(2) Patient prescription records shall contain:	
		(a) Available medical information consistent with prevailing	g pharmacy standards; and
		(b) The complete record of the formulations of the solutions	that were compounded.
		(3) The pharmacy shall keep completed patient prescription re years, either:	cords in a retrievable manner for at least 5
		(a) At the inspection site; or	
		(b) So as to be immediately retrievable by computer or othe	r electronic means.
		B. Compounded Sterile Preparations Records.	
		(1) For a pharmacy preparing compounded sterile preparations for at least 5 years:	s, the following records shall be maintained

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)
		(a) The training and competency evaluation of employees in	sterile preparation procedures;
		(b) [Refrigerator and freezer temperatures] The training an pharmacy employees responsible for the maintenance and clea	
		[(b)] (c) Refrigerator and freezer temperatures;	
		(d) Incubator temperatures when in use;	
		[(c)] (e) Certification of the [sterile compounding environme workstations, [and the clean and anterooms] cleanrooms, and othe storage areas;	_
		[(d)] (f) Other daily facility quality control logs specific to t example, cleaning logs for facilities and equipment, cleanroom pr	
		(g) Trending of microbiological growth and actions take	n for adverse trending;
		(h) Investigations, corrective actions, and preventative m	neasures for any adverse event;
		(i) Certificates of Analysis of API components of CSPs, a	and microbial growth;
		(j) Safety Data Sheets of API utilized in the process of ste and cleaning agents utilized in the cleanroom suite;	erile compounding and other chemicals
		[(e)] (k) Records documenting inspection for expired or recomponents, or raw ingredients;	alled pharmaceutical preparations,
		(l) Documentation of recalls initiated by the pharmacy of	f compounded sterile products;
		[(f) Preparation records including compounding work sheets technicians' checking/sign-off process; and	s, and records of the registered pharmacy

(g) Preparation records including compounding work sheets and records of the pharmacists' checking/sign-off process.] (m) Compounding and preparation records, including worksheets, processing checklists, procedure sign off forms, and final check logs. (o) Master formulation record (MRF) as described by USP 797 for all CSPs prepared from nonsterile ingredient(s) or CSPs prepared for more than one patient; and (p) The results and documentation of applicable end product sterilization, testing, and validati (2) In addition to the records requirement in §B(1) of this regulation, for batch compounded sterile preparations, a pharmacy compounding sterile batch preparations for future use shall have records indicating the:
checking/sign-off process.] (m) Compounding and preparation records, including worksheets, processing checklists, procedure sign off forms, and final check logs. (o) Master formulation record (MRF) as described by USP 797 for all CSPs prepared from nonsterile ingredient(s) or CSPs prepared for more than one patient; and (p) The results and documentation of applicable end product sterilization, testing, and validati (2) In addition to the records requirement in \$B(1) of this regulation, for batch compounded sterile preparations, a pharmacy compounding sterile batch preparations for future use shall have records indicating
(a) Drug and ingredient names; (b) Lot numbers; (c) Expiration dates of components; (d) Drug/diluent amounts; [and] (e) Assigned BUDs; and (e) Date on which the compounded sterile batch preparations were prepared. [(3) A pharmacy shall maintain records of media fill verification results for 5 years.]

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		.08 Batch Preparation.	
		A. A [pharmacist] pharmacy may prepare batched sterile prepare supported by prior valid prescriptions or physician orders] before a medication order.	
		B. Batch preparation of specific compounded sterile preparation	s is acceptable if the:
		(1) [Pharmacist] Pharmacy [can document a] compounds lin history of valid prescriptions or physician orders that have been ge professional prescriber-patient-pharmacist relationship; and	- 1
		(2) Pharmacy maintains the prescription on file for [such] each	[preparations] CSP dispensed[.];
		C. Batch preparation labeling shall be compliant with Regula	ation .06 of this Chapter;
		D. Record Keeping of batch preparations shall be compliant	with Regulation .07 of this Chapter.
		.09 Minimum Facility Requirements.	
		A. [Controlled Environment.] Classified Area.	
		(1) The pharmacy shall have a [controlled environment] classi Standards, as applicable .	fied area that meets USP 797, 800, or 825
		(2) [A pharmacist] The pharmacy shall ensure that the [contr	olled environment] classified area is:
		(a) Accessible only [to] by designated personnel; and	
		(b) Used only for the preparation of compounded sterile pre [controlled environment] classified area.	parations, or such other tasks that require a

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		(3) The [permit holder] pharmacy shall ensure that the [control	olled environment] classified area is:	
		(a) Structurally isolated from other areas within the pharma-	cy by means of restricted entry or access; and	
		(b) Air conditioned to maintain a temperature and humidity of the [controlled environment] classified area according to USP 797 standards.		
		(4) If compounding occurs outside of a cleanroom, the area and procedures shall meet USP 797 Standards for a segregated compounding area or for immediate use administration.		
		B. [Controlled Environment — Clean] Buffer Room. The [permit holder] pharmacy shall ensure that [clean] buffer room in the [controlled environment] classified area :		
		(1) Meets USP 797 Standards for design and USP 797 performance criteria quality standards for [clear buffer rooms;		
		(2) Contains no sinks or floor drains;		
		(3) Contains work surfaces constructed of smooth, impervious plastic, so that the work surfaces may be readily cleaned and saniti		
		(4) If [cytotoxic agents] hazardous drugs are [routinely] used preparations, contains room or rooms equipped with special pressured and 800 Standards [and the National Institute for Occupational Institute for O	nrization requirements consistent with USP	
		(5) Has in place appropriate environmental engineering control air-quality standards during normal compounding activity (dynam	_	
		(6) Contains the following equipment:		

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		 (a) [A laminar airflow workstation or other suitable] Primary engineering controls validated to maintain International Standards Organization (ISO) Class 5 compounding environment during normal compounding activity (dynamic conditions); (b) Waste containers that are approved by Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) for used needles and syringes, and for [chemotherapy] hazardous drug waste; and 		
		(c) Ancillary supplies required for proper compounding.		
		C. [Controlled Environment —] Anteroom. The [permit holder] pharmacy shall ensure that the anteroom in the [controlled environment] classified area : (1) Meets USP 797 Standards for design and USP 797 performance criteria quality standards for anterooms; and (2) Contains the following equipment:		
		[(a) A sink with hot and cold running water;]		
		[(b)] (a) Waste containers [for personal protective equipment]; and		
		[(c)] (b) An eyewash station or sink design suitable for flus	shing an eye injury[;].	
		[(d) A hazardous waste spill kit, if applicable.]		
		[D. The requirements specified in §§B(1) and C(1) of this regulation are not applicable if a compounding aseptic isolator is used to compound sterile preparations in accordance with the:		
		(1) Compounding aseptic isolator conditions set forth in USP 797 Standards; and		
		(2) Isolator vendor or manufacturer specifications.]		
		D. A sink with hot and cold running water shall be available:		

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		(1) Within the anteroom;		
		(2) At least a meter away from a primary engineering control within a segregated compounding area; or		
		(3) If outside the cleanroom suite, the pharmacy shall have a policy and procedure on how to maintain hand hygiene while entering the cleanroom and donning protective garb.		
		.10 Minimum Requirements for Equipment.		
		A. The [permit holder] pharmacy shall provide at least the following equipment that is maintained in working order:		
		(1) Adequate refrigerator and freezer space (if applicable);		
		(2) A sink [and wash area in the anteroom] for hand hygiene and if applicable, cleaning equipment;		
		(3) Appropriate waste containers for:		
		 (a) Used needles and syringes; and (b) [Cytotoxic] Hazardous drug waste including disposable [apparel] personal protective equipment (PPE) used in its preparation, if applicable; 		
		(4) [Laminar air flow workstation or compounding aseptic isomeet[s] USP 797 Standards, dedicated for products other than [and	_	
		(5) If applicable to types of preparations compounded, biological safety cabinet, or compounding aseptic containment isolator that meets USP 797 Standards, dedicated for use with [antineoplastics or other] hazardous or radiopharmaceutical sterile preparations;		
		(6) Appropriate filters and filtration equipment; and		

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		(7) A [device] dedicated space or equipment for light/dark field examination.		
		B. [If used, the permit holder shall provide the following equipment that is maintained in working order, calibrated, or certified where appropriate:		
		(1) Autoclave;		
		(2) Automated compounding devices (for example, total parer	nteral nutrition compounding pumps);	
		(3) Electronic balance;		
		(4) Convection oven;		
		(5) Thermometers or other temperature device;		
		(6) Incubator.] All equipment, devices, and monitoring tools utilized in the sterile compounding process shall be maintained in working order, calibrated, or certified where appropriate.		
		.11 Minimum Requirements for Supplies.		
		A pharmacy engaging in compounding sterile preparations shall maintain adequate stock levels of the following supplies according to USP 797 Standards, including but not limited to:		
		A. [Personal protective equipment] Garb for sterile compound	ing including:	
		(1) Sterile gloves;		
		(2) Masks;		
		(3) Non-shedding gowns;		
		(4) Shoe covers;		

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		(5) Hair covers;		
		(6) Beard covers; and		
		(7) Other garb and personal protective equipment (PPE) for handling hazardous drugs as required per USP 800;		
		B. Disposable syringes and needles in necessary sizes;		
		C. [Disinfectant cleaning agents as specified in USP 797 Standards, including 70 percent sterile isopropyl alcohol;] Cleaning agents		
		(1) Disinfectant and sporicidal cleaning agents as specified in USP 797 Standards; and		
		(2) If water is utilized as part of the PEC cleaning process cleaning agents), it shall be sterile, as defined by USP 797.	(for example, rinsing surfaces or diluting	
		D. [Disposable lint free towels] 70 percent sterile isopropyl or ethyl alcohol;		
		E. [Hand washing materials, including antimicrobial skin cleans	er] Disposable lint free towels;	
		F. [Adequate equipment and materials for antineoplastic or cytotoxic agent spills] Hand washing materials , including nail picks, antimicrobial skin cleanser, and alcohol-based hand rub;		
		G. [Supplies necessary for the aseptic preparation of compounde waste spill kit, if applicable;	ed sterile preparations; and] A hazardous	
		[G] H . Supplies necessary for the aseptic preparation of compou	anded sterile preparations; and	
		[H] I. Closed system vial transfer devices (CSTD), as required for [cytotoxic] hazardous drug compounding, if applicable.		
		.12 Minimum Requirements for Policies and Procedures.		

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		A. The [permit holder] pharmacy shall ensure that [the] a supervising pharmacist [or the pharmacist's designee] shall maintain a policy and procedure manual, reviewed annually, that sets forth in detail the [permit holder's] pharmacy's standard operating procedures with regard to compounding sterile preparations. B. The [permit holder] pharmacy shall [insure] ensure that the policy and procedure manual that sets forth the standard operating procedures with regard to compounding sterile preparations is implemented and adhered to.		
		C. The policy and procedure manual shall include policies and p	rocedures governing the following:	
		(1) A risk-management program which includes documentation	on of outcomes including, but not limited to:	
		(a) Environmental excursions		
		[(a) An incident reporting system;]		
		(b) [An a] Adverse drug reactions; [reporting system; and]		
		(c) [A p] Preparation contamination [reporting system]; and		
		(d) Recalls of CSPs prepared by the Pharmacy.		
		(2) Security measures ensuring that the premises where sterile compounded preparations are stored and prepared are secured, to prevent access by unauthorized personnel;		
		(3) Equipment including, but not limited to:		
		(a) Procedures for use;		
		(b) Documentation of appropriate certifications; and		

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)	
		(c) Documentation of appropriate [calibration and] preventive maintenance and calibration, if applicable;		
		(4) Sanitation and cleaning standards and procedures [including monitoring for bacterial microorganisms to demonstrate effectiveness of cleaning activities];		
		(5) Maintenance and availability of [R]reference materials	as set forth in Regulation .16 of this chapter;	
		(6) Information concerning drug:		
		(a) Preparation;		
		(b) Storage and handling;		
		(c) Dispensing;		
		(d) Labeling;		
		(e) [Beyond-use/expiration dating] Beyond-use Dating;		
		(f) Release testing and verification;		
		[(f)] (g) Delivery;		
		[(g)] (h) Destruction;		
		[(h)] (j) Recalls; and		
		[(i)] (j) Returns;		
		(7) Patient record keeping as set forth in Regulation .07 of th	is chapter;	

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)		
		(8) Facility and equipment control monitoring as set forth in Regulation .07 of this Chapter; (9) Facility and certification and viable testing program, as described by USP 797; [(8)] (10) Handling, dispensing, and documentation of investigational drugs; [(9)] (11) A quality assurance program; [(10)] (12) [Verification of training and competency guidelines] Training verification procedures, including:			
		 (a) Gloved thumb and fingertip sampling; (b) Visual observation for adherence to aseptic technique; and (c) Media-fill testing with post gloved fingertip and thumb, and surface sampling; [(11) Compounding process media fill, verification procedures;] [(12)] (13) Description of appropriate garb donning and doffing processes; [(13)] (14) Conduct guidelines for personnel in the controlled areas; 			
		[(14)] (15) Personnel responsibilities, including pharmacists who are not physically involved i compounding process, compounding staff, and cleaning and maintenance staff who have access cleanroom; [(15)] (16) Patient education, [if appropriate] unless in an inpatient setting; [(16)] (17) Protocols and procedures to maintain the integrity of the [interior work area of the lamflow workstations] of the cleanroom suite and the PECs;			

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)	
		[(17)] (18) [Written procedures as applicable for [h] Handling [antineoplastic agents and other] of hazardous [substances including] drugs as per USP 800, if applicable, including:		
		(a) Utilizing the proper equipment and supplies;		
		(b) A statement that compounding shall be conducted withit cabinet or [negative pressure] compounding aseptic containment		
		(c) Proper use of personal protective [attire] equipment ; an	nd	
		(d) Proper techniques to prevent both contamination of the individual preparing the [prescription] medication ;	(d) Proper techniques to prevent both contamination of the preparation and chemical exposure of the vidual preparing the [prescription] medication ;	
		(19) Segregation of biological and hazardous material from other compounding activities to prevent cross-contamination, if applicable;		
			(18)] (20) [Written procedures as applicable for the] The disposal of infectious materials or materials aining [cytotoxic residues,] hazardous drugs or waste, as per USP 800 Standards, if applicable;	
		[(19)] (21) Written documentation of policy and procedure ch assurance evaluations; and	(21) Written documentation of policy and procedure changes based on data gathered from quality ce evaluations; and	
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[(20)] (22) [Written documentation of policy and procedures assuring] Assurance of the sterility and ility of compounded sterile preparations, including end-product testing and sterilization, if applicable.	
		.13 [Attire] Cleanroom Garbing.		
		A. When compounding sterile preparations, individuals shall comply with the following standards:		
		(1) Sequencing of garbing that complies with USP 797 and 800 Standards, as applicable;		
		(2) Thorough hand-washing before gowning;		

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		(3) Wearing clean room garb inside the designated area at all times, which consists of:		
		(a) A non-shedding coverall or gown;(b) Head and facial hair covers;		
		(c) A face mask; [and] (d) Shoe covers; and		
		(e) Other personal protective equipment required for the drugs, as per USP 800.	ne handling and preparation of hazardous	
		(4) Clean room garb, with the exception of sterile gloves, shadesignated clean room area;	ll be donned and removed outside the	
		(a) Personal protective equipment and garb required fo hazardous drugs shall be removed, as per USP 800;	r the handling and preparation of	
		(5) [All jewelry shall be removed] All jewelry that can be pl(6) Sterile powder free gloves are required; [and]	hysically removed, shall be removed;	
		(7) Make-up, cosmetic lotions creams or ointments, false n be worn in the clean room; and	ails, and other cosmetic accessories may not	
		(8) Nails shall be natural and short, not extending past the [B. The requirements of this regulation are not applicable if a co		
		compound sterile preparations in accordance with USP 797 Stand specifications.]		

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		.14 Training of Staff, Patient, and Caregiver.		
		A. The [pharmacist] pharmacy shall make counseling available to the patient or primary caregiver, or both, concerning [proper use of compounded sterile preparations and related supplies furnished by the pharmacy]:		
		(1) Proper use of compounded sterile preparations and relate	ed supplies dispensed by the pharmacy;	
		(2) Signs of contamination or other issues seen in compounde	ed sterile preparations; and	
		(3) Proper disposal of excess medications, biohazards, sharps	s, and hazardous drug waste.	
		B. The [permit holder] pharmacy shall ensure that pharmacy personnel engaging in compounding sterile preparations are trained and demonstrate competence in the safe handling and compounding of [compounded sterile preparations [and parenteral solutions], including [cytotoxic agents] hazardous drugs , if applicable.		
		C. The [permit holder] pharmacy shall maintain records of training and demonstrated competence for individual employees for 5 years.		
		D. The [permit holder] pharmacy shall ensure the continuing competence of pharmacy personnel engaged i compounding sterile preparations.		
		E. A pharmacy that compounds sterile preparations shall comply	with the following training requirements:	
		 (1) The pharmacy shall establish and follow a written program of annual training and performance evaluation designed to ensure that individuals working in the designated area have the knowledge and skills necessary to perform the assigned tasks properly and include at least the following: (a) [Aseptic technique with media fill verification at a frequency defined by risk level as described in USP 797 Standards:] Aseptic technique with gloved fingertip and thumb sampling, and media-fill testing with post gloved thumb and fingertip and surface sampling at a minimum frequency defined by USP 797 Standards; 		

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		[(i) 12 months for low and medium risk; and		
		(ii) 6 months for high risk;]		
		(b) Pharmaceutical calculations and terminology;		
		(c) [Compounding sterile preparation] Sterile compounding	g documentation process;	
		(d) Quality assurance procedures;		
		(e) Aseptic preparation procedures, including principals of	f unidirectional airflow;	
		(f) Proper hand cleansing, gowning, and gloving techniques;		
		(g) General conduct [in] within the controlled area;		
		(h) Cleaning, sanitizing, and maintaining equipment used in the controlled area;		
		(i) Cleaning, sanitizing, and maintaining the cleanroom suite;		
		[(i)] (j) Sterilization techniques [for high risk preparations; and], if applicable;		
		[(j)] (k) Container [, equipment,] and closure system selection[.];		
		(l) Identifying and reporting of problems, failures, and o	errors to designated persons.	
		(2) Individuals assigned to the [controlled] classified area shall successfully complete practical skills training in aseptic technique and aseptic area practices prior to compounding medication for patients .		
		(3) Evaluations shall include:		
		(a) Written testing;		

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		(b) Observation for adherence to aseptic technique and aseptic area policies and procedures; and		
		 (c) Media-fill [verification] testing with gloved fingertip and thumb sampling, and surface sampling as set forth in §E(1)(a) of this regulation. (4) A pharmacy with only one pharmacist performing compounding shall establish and maintain training and competencies through a third party who is competent in standards set forth in this Chapter and USP 797: (5) Individuals who enter the cleanroom for cleaning, maintenance, or any other reason shall, at a minimum, have demonstrated competence and understanding of appropriate garbing, hand hygiene, conduct, and duties within the cleanroom: 		
		(6) Individuals responsible for handling, storing, packing, in duties associated with their position:	and transporting of CSPs shall be trained	
		(7) Upon initial hire staff shall complete evaluations, as set including three passing consecutive gloved fingertip and thuml		
		.15 Quality Assurance.		
		The [permit holder] pharmacy shall ensure that the [compounde and sterility throughout the assigned ["beyond use" dating period] program that includes:		
		A. A reasonable effort by the pharmacist to assure that [compour under appropriate controlled conditions before dispensing, during a providing adequate labeling and verbal or written instructions regarset forth by the product manufacturer and established standards and preparation] CSP dispensed;	transport, and at the location of use by rding proper storage and administration, as	

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		B. The [phases of compounded sterile preparation] sterile compounding process , distribution, storage, administration, and directions for use for each type of preparation dispensed; [C. Environmental sampling for microbial organisms in laminar air flow workstations and clean rooms is performed according to methods and schedules specified by USP 797 Standards and if microbial contamination is suspected, for example, in the event of positive media fill verification results;]		
		 [D.] C. [Laminar air flow workstations, biological safety cabinets, and compounding aseptic isolators] Primary engineering controls [certified] certification by a trained and qualified operator, according to USP 797 Standards; [E.] D. [Clean room and anteroom] Secondary engineering control certification by a trained and qualified operator according to USP 797 Standards; E. Environmental sampling microbial organisms is performed according to methods and schedules specified by USP 797 Standards; 		
		F. Trending of microbial growth observed during viable testi	ing;	
		G. A formal written process for reviewing and investigating environmental excursions occurring with personnel and within the cleanroom, including suspected sources of contamination, corrective preventative actions, follow-up actions, associated recalls, and reporting to State and Federal Agents as required by law;		
		[F.] H. The proper disposal in accordance with accepted profession federal laws of unused drugs and materials used in the preparation including [antineoplastic agents and] hazardous drugs , radiophar contaminated materials;	of compounded sterile preparations,	
		[G.] I. A [formal] written review process to document , report, and evaluate compliance with this [chapter Chapter; and		

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		[H.] J. A process that complies with applicable USP [797] Standards for performing sterility, [checks or] potency , pyrogen and endotoxin testing, [or both] or other quality attributes , for applicable [compounded sterile preparations] CSPs .		
		.16 Reference Library.		
		Minimum reference materials in a pharmacy shall include:		
		A. [U.S. Pharmaceutical] United States Pharmacopeia , General Chapter 797, Pharmaceutical Compounding—Sterile Preparations, United States Pharmacopeia , General Chapter 800 , United States Pharmacopeia , General Chapter 825 , and other applicable reference materials in order to perform sterile compounding;		
		B. Reference materials containing drug stability and compatibility data; [and]		
		C. Reference materials concerning drug interactions and incompatibility[.]; and		
		D. Reference materials containing drug dosing for veterinary	y patients, if applicable.	
		.17 Minimum Requirements for Inspections.		
		A. The Board shall inspect pharmacies located in Maryland at least annually.		
		B. The pharmacy shall provide as part of the inspection process:		
		[(1) Quality assurance testing reports;		
		(2) Documentation of reporting adverse events as required in l	Regulation .18 of this chapter;	
		(3) Microbial testing of a sampling of the sterile compounded according to USP 797 Standards; and]	preparations of the pharmacy if applicable	

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)	
		(1) Documents, reports, and information required under this Chapter; and		
		[(4)] (2) Any other information requested to ensure compliance with USP 797 Standards.		
		C. Within 90 days before the date of application, inspections of nonresident pharmacies may be conducted by:		
		(1) A designee of the Board;		
		(2) The U.S. Food and Drug Administration; or		
		(3) Another appropriate state entity which indicates compliance	ce with USP 797 Standards.	
		D. The Board or designee shall inspect nonresident pharmacies upon initial application and upon renewal.		
		E. The Board may inspect a pharmacy at any time to:		
		(1) Verify compliance with permit requirements; or		
		(2) Investigate a complaint.		
		.18 Reporting Requirements Pharmacies.		
		A pharmacy shall:		
		A. Document and perform routine testing as required by USP 797 Standards for the appropriate [risk levels] categories of sterile compounded preparations; and		
		B. Report to the Board within 5 calendar days:		
		(1) Adverse events that have been discovered including correct	ctive actions taken or proposed;	
		(2) Deficiencies related to the sterile compounding process;		

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		(3) Disciplinary actions in other states or by other state agencies;		
		(4) Changes in accreditation status;		
		(5) Disciplinary actions taken against a pharmacist or pharmacy technician who is an owner, operator, or employee of the pharmacy; and		
		(6) Disciplinary actions taken against any other [known] permit, or any other authorization, held by the pharmacy permit holder.		
		.19 Office Use.		
		Unless otherwise authorized, a person that prepares and distributes sterile compounded medications for office use into, out of, or within the State shall hold:		
		A. A manufacturer's permit or other [permit] registration as designated by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration to ensure the safety of sterile compounded medications for office use; and		
		B. If applicable, a wholesale distributor's permit, issued by the Board under Health Occupations Article, Title 12, Subtitle 6C, Annotated Code of Maryland.		
		Drug Therapy Management		
		Pharmacy: University of Maryland (St. Joseph Medical Center) Pharmacists: Erica Wilson and Angela Stranko Protocol: Heart Failure		
III. Committee Reports	A. Practice Committee K. Evans, Chair	Pharmacy: Johns Hopkins Pharmacists: Joshua Chou, Jessica Merey, and Maika Patino Protocols: Hypertension, Diabetes, Smoking Cessation, Cardiovaso Acid Suppressing Pharmacotherapy Commissioners Rusinko and Vázquez Recused	cular Risk Reduction, and Management of	

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)	
		Practice of Pharmacy Questions		
		QUESTION ONE; Ngan Pham, MedStar Commissioner Evans Recused		
		I'm reaching out to inquire about a hospital bedside discharge medication delivery process. There is a proposal for social work to pick up medications from outpatient pharmacies (i.e., CVS) to deliver them to patients prior to discharge. The intention is to improve access for patients with barriers to medication adherence. The proposed process would involve social work picking up medications and delivering them to the nurses, the nurses would lock away the medications on the unit, and then the nurse would hand the medications to patients at discharge.		
		I would like to know from the Board of Pharmacy perspective:		
		 Is the proposed process allowed? Is the inpatient pharmacy responsible for any part of this process? If so, what are the responsibilities that pharmacy should take into consideration? 		
		PROPOSED RESPONSE ONE		
		The policies and procedures of a hospital must address distribution and storage methods, and security. COMAR 10.34.03.04. Provided a patient designates a social worker as their agent, the process described is not prohibited. COMAR 10.34.25.03.		
		QUESTION TWO; Inspection staff		
		Does the Board consider batching (pre-packaging of a non-patient delegated pharmacy act requiring registration?	specific medication, e.g. bingo cards) to be a	
		PROPOSED RESPONSE TWO		
		As pre-packaging and repackaging of a medication (e.g., batching) prescription, this constitutes a delegated pharmacy act which must technician, or registered pharmacy intern. Unlicensed personnel and	be performed by a registered pharmacy	

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)
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		as a cashier, administrative/billing clerk, delivery driver, custodian, or inventory control clerk. COMAR 10.34.21.02B(2). QUESTION THREE; B. Hilker, Meritus Health MHA is asking hospitals to weigh in on allowing patients to bring their medical marijuana to the hospital for inpatient use. What is the Board's stance on this or how does the law currently read?	
		PROPOSED RESPONSE THREE	
		The policies and procedures which hospital facilities follow are not within the scope of the Board of Pharm As the Office of Health Care Quality monitors the quality of care in Maryland's healthcare facilities, you may contact the Office of Health Care Quality at 410-402-8015.	
		QUESTION FOUR; B. Sawyer	
		I am a Virginia-licensed pharmacist who is considering a remote, that involves chronic disease state management and patient counse Virginia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Georgia. The pharmacy se of a supervising physician; therefore, the employer requires licens only. Does the Board have guidance on working as an independer any laws pertaining to the provision of counseling by a pharmacist Maryland?	eling with various physician offices across rvices will be billed "incident to" the license ure in the pharmacist's state of residence at contractor in this type of work? Are there
		PROPOSED RESPONSE FOUR	
		A pharmacist who provides remote chronic disease state managem Maryland must obtain a license to practice pharmacy issued by the Ann., Health Occ. § 1-1005.	

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)
B. Licensing	K. Rusinko,	1. Review of Pharmacist Applications: None	
Committee	Chair	2. Review of Pharmacist Renewal Applications: None	
		3. Review of Pharmacist Reinstatement Applications:	
		 a. G.T The applicant is requesting to be refunded his reciprocity application fee. Committee Recommendation: Approve, refund for submitting wrong application. 	
		b. J.E The applicant paid for renewal which had not been processed since he made a mistake <u>Committee Recommendation:</u> Approve, renew application.	
		 c. S.O The applicant is requesting to be reimbursed for a portion of the reinstatement fee. Committee Recommendation: Deny 	
		4. Review of Technician Applications: None	
		5. Review of Technician Reinstatement Applications: None	
		6. Review of Intern New Applications: None	
		7. Review of Pharmacy Applications: None	
		8. Review of Continuing Education Program Request: None	
		9. Review of Pharmacy Technicians Training Programs: None	
		10. New Business:	

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)
		a. Rishika Kabra- Wants to be approved as an CPR/First	
		a. Rishika Kabra- Wants to be approved as an CPR/First Aid Training Provider. Provided evidence to show the various modes of CPR training. They provide two ways to attend CPR training via instructor-led through Zoom conference or in-person with a live instructor. They also provide a skill evaluation checklist for instructors to follow. Committee Recommendation: Deny, it's the same certificate unless you can show that it's a different certificate for Zoom versus in-person. Unless you can provide a list of locations for the in-person with a live instructor?	

Subject	Responsible Party	Discussion	Action Due Date (Assigned To)
C. Public Relations Committee	J. Vázquez, Chair	Public Relations Committee Update:	
D. Disciplinary	K. Fink, Chair	Disciplinary Committee Update	
E. Emergency Preparedness Task Force	N. Leikach, Chair	Emergency Preparedness Task Force Update	
IV. Other Business & FYI	N. Leikach, President		
V. Adjournment	N. Leikach, President	A. The Public Meeting was adjourned B. I would like to ask for a motion to close the public meeting and open a closed public session for the purpose of engaging in medical review committee deliberations of confidential matters contained in licensure applications in accordance with General Provisions Article Section 3-305(b)(13). C. Immediately thereafter, N. Leikach, convened an Administrative Session for purposes of discussing confidential disciplinary cases. D. With the exception of cases requiring recusals, the Board	
		members present at the Public Meeting continued to participate in the Administrative Session.	