

ParityManager™ Report

Maryland Department of Health

Medicaid - Merged Optum FFS UM HP/CareFirst 012022

August 31, 2022

8
Parity Flags

Executive Summary

The table below displays a count of parity flags for each Standard.

	Parity Flag
Standard 4: Annual/Lifetime Dollar Limits	0
Standard 6: Financial Requirements	0
Standard 7: Quantitative Treatment Limitations (QTLs) Requirements	0
Standard 8: Identification of Nonquantitative Treatment Limitations (NQTLs)	8

The table below displays a list of Standards missing information and need additional input.

	Missing Information
Standard 4: Annual/Lifetime Dollar Limits	Yes
Standard 6: Financial Requirements	Yes
Standard 7: Quantitative Treatment Limitations (QTLs) Requirements	Yes

The URAC ParityManager^{\mathbf{m}} facilitates the processes that a modern parity compliance program needs to have but, as a document management and communications software solution, ParityManager^{\mathbf{m}} does not in and of itself automatically result in parity compliant operations.

Standard 4: Annual/Lifetime Dollar Limits

The number of flags per classification and limit type combination is shown.

	Parity Flag
Lifetime Dollar Limits	0
Annual Dollar Limits	0

If either section is considered incomplete, it is reported in the table below.

	Missing Information
Lifetime Dollar Limits	Υ
Annual Dollar Limits	Υ

Standard 6: Financial Requirements

The number of flags per classification and limit type combination is shown.

Parity Flag				
	Deductible	Copay	Coinsurance	Out-of-pocket maximum
Inpatient	0	0	0	0
Outpatient - Other	0	0	0	0
Outpatient - Office Based	0	0	0	0
Emergency Benefits	0	0	0	0
Prescription Drugs	0	0	0	0

Any classification/limit type combination considered incomplete is reported in the table below.

Missing Information				
	Deductible	Copay	Coinsurance	Out-of-pocket maximum
Inpatient	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
Outpatient - Other	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
Outpatient - Office Based	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
Emergency Benefits	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
Prescription Drugs	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ

Standard 7: Quantitative Treatment Limitations (QTLs) Requirements

The number of flags per classification and limit type combination is shown.

	Parity Flag	Parity Flag			
	Day Limits	Hour Limits	Visit Limits		
Inpatient	0	0	0		
Outpatient - Other	0	0	0		
Outpatient - Office Based	0	0	0		
Emergency Benefits	0	0	0		
Prescription Drugs	0	0	0		

Any classification/limit type combination considered incomplete is reported in the table below.

Missing Information				
	Day Limits	Hour Limits	Visit Limits	
Inpatient	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Outpatient - Other	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Outpatient - Office Based	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Emergency Benefits	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Prescription Drugs	Υ	Υ	Υ	

Standard 8: Identification of Nonquantitative Treatment Limitations (NQTLs)

The number of flags per classification and category combination shown below.

Parity Flag				
	Mental Health	Substance Use Disorder	Medical/Surgical	
Inpatient	1	1	0	
Outpatient - Other	1	1	0	
Outpatient - Office Based	1	1	0	
Emergency Benefits	1	1	0	
Prescription Drugs	0	0	0	

Any classification/category/NQTL combination considered incomplete is reported in the table below.

Missing Information						
Mental Health Substance Use Disorder Medical/Surgical						
Inpatient	-	-	-			
Outpatient - Other	-	-	-			
Outpatient - Office Based	-	-	-			
Emergency Benefits	-	-	-			
Prescription Drugs	-	-	-			

Universal Application of NQTL

Classification: Inpatient NQTL: Outlier Management

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · Excessive utilization
- · High levels of variation in length of stay
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- · Not Applicable
- · Service type
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · Variability in quality

Definitions

- Excessive utilization: Procedures for which we have identified possible over-utilization.
- High levels of variation in length of stay: this is an error and should not be listed
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care: lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification
- Service type: Type of service being requested.
- Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- Variability in quality: Drugs must be marketed as safe and therapeutically active formulations whose performance is consistent and predictable.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard MCG Guidelines

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Excessive utilization

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

2. High levels of variation in length of stay

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

3. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

4. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

5. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

6. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

7. Variability in quality

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of

care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

- PA Criteria
- · Utilization trends

References

- ATTACHMENT M Contract ASO PBHS 20-18319 (1).pdf
- Auth Stats for June 2020.xlsx
- Sample monthly FWA report Standard Template MD.xlsx
- MDH ASO RFP OPASS 20-18319 11.29.18 (7).pdf
- Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf
- Auth Stats for June 2020 Sample.xlsx
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description_final.signed.pdf

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD
- Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- Internal audit findings related to coverage determination consistency with the plan's medical necessity criteria
- Outlier Management Data

Classification: Inpatient NQTL: Service Limitations

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_9.10.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

· Not Applicable

Definitions

. Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard MCG Guidelines

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

o Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

Not Applicable

Source

Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

- Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description_final.signed.pdf

Classification: Inpatient NQTL: concurrent review

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · High levels of variation in length of stay
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- · Not Applicable
- · Service type
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · Variability in quality

Definitions

- . High levels of variation in length of stay: this is an error and should not be listed
- Least restrictive appropriate level of care: lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care: Lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification
- Service type: Type of service being requested.
- Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- Variability in quality: Drugs must be marketed as safe and therapeutically active formulations whose performance is consistent and predictable.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard

MCG Guidelines

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

- Clinical Guidelines MCG
- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Medical expert reviews

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. High levels of variation in length of stay

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

2. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

3. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

4. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

5. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

6. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

7. Variability in quality

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

• PA Criteria

- Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- Internal audit findings related to coverage determination consistency with the plan's medical necessity criteria

- ATTACHMENT M Contract ASO PBHS 20-18319 (1).pdf
- Auth Stats for June 2020.xlsx
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description_final.signed.pdf

Classification: Inpatient NQTL: data collection PARITY FLAG

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• 1.Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_9.10.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

Not Applicable

Definitions

• Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Not Applicable

Evidentiary StandardNot Applicable

Source

Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

• NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

- DO NOT APPLY NQTLs to Inpatient-MH.docx
- Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Classification: Inpatient NQTL: fail first requirements/step therapy

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Not Applicable

Definitions

• Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

Clinical Guidelines MCG
 Evidentiary Standard
 MCG Guidelines

Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

Clinical Guidelines MCG

Not Applicable
 Evidentiary Standard
 Source

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

• NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

· NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

- DO NOT APPLY NQTLs to Inpatient-MH.docx
- Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf

Classification: Inpatient NQTL: medical necessity

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · High levels of variation in length of stay
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- Service type
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · Variability in quality

Definitions

- High levels of variation in length of stay: this is an error and should not be listed
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care: Lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- · Service type: Type of service being requested.
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- Variability in quality: Drugs must be marketed as safe and therapeutically active formulations whose performance is consistent and predictable.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard

MCG Guidelines

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. High levels of variation in length of stay

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Medical expert reviews

2. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Medical expert reviews

3. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Medical expert reviews

4. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- · Medical expert reviews

5. Variability in quality

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Medical expert reviews

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

• PA Criteria

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- Internal audit findings related to coverage determination consistency with the plan's medical necessity criteria

- ATTACHMENT M Contract ASO PBHS 20-18319 (1).pdf
- MDH ASO RFP OPASS 20-18319 11.29.18 (7).pdf
- Auth Stats for June 2020.xlsx
- Auth Stats for June 2020 Sample.xlsx
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description final.signed.pdf

Classification: Inpatient NQTL: prior authorization/pre authorization

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- Not Applicable
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness

Definitions

- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care: Lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard MCG Guidelines

- o Accreditation standards for quality assurance.
- Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.
- State regulatory standards for health plan network adequacy.

Source

o Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Not Applicable

2. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

3. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o Not Applicable

Source

 Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

• PA Criteria

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- Internal audit findings related to coverage determination consistency with the plan's medical necessity criteria

- ATTACHMENT M Contract ASO PBHS 20-18319 (1).pdf
- Auth Stats for June 2020.xlsx
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description_final.signed.pdf

Classification: Outpatient - Other NQTL: Outlier Management

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · Excessive utilization
- · High levels of variation in length of stay
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- Not Applicable
- · Service type
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · Variability in quality

Definitions

- Excessive utilization: Procedures for which we have identified possible over-utilization.
- High levels of variation in length of stay: this is an error and should not be listed
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care: lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification
- Service type: Type of service being requested.
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- Variability in quality: Drugs must be marketed as safe and therapeutically active formulations whose performance is consistent and predictable.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard

MCG Criteria

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Excessive utilization

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

2. High levels of variation in length of stay

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

3. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

4. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

5. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

6. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

7. Variability in quality

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of

care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

- Not Applicable
- o Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- o Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

- Outlier Management Data
- PA Criteria

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

• Outlier Management Data

- 1.Sample monthly FWA report Standard Template MD.xlsx
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description_final.signed.pdf

Classification: Outpatient - Other NQTL: Service Limitations

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Not Applicable
- · Service type

Definitions

- Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification
- · Service type: Type of service being requested.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard MCG Criteria

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

2. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

• NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification
- NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

References

• Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf

DO NOT APPLY NQTLS to OP -Other SUD v2.0.d	locx	

Classification: Outpatient - Other NQTL: concurrent review

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · Clinical indications and/or evidence
- · High levels of variation in length of stay
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- · Not Applicable
- Service type
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · Variability in quality

Definitions

- Clinical indications and/or evidence: Professional standards and protocols defined as comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials
- High levels of variation in length of stay: this is an error and should not be listed
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care: Lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- Least restrictive appropriate level of care: lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification
- Service type: Type of service being requested.
- . Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- Variability in quality: Drugs must be marketed as safe and therapeutically active formulations whose performance is consistent and predictable.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard

MCG Criteria

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

o Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Clinical indications and/or evidence

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

2. High levels of variation in length of stay

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

 Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits

Not Applicable

3. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

4. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

5. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

6. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

7. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

8. Variability in quality

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of

care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

• PA Criteria

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- Internal audit findings related to coverage determination consistency with the plan's medical necessity criteria

- ATTACHMENT M Contract ASO PBHS 20-18319 (1).pdf
- MDH ASO RFP OPASS 20-18319 11.29.18 (7).pdf
- Auth Stats for June 2020.xlsx
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description_final.signed.pdf

Classification: Outpatient - Other NQTL: data collection

PARITY FLAG

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

Not Applicable

Definitions

• Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Not Applicable **Evidentiary Standard** Source

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification
- NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

- Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf
- DO NOT APPLY NQTLS to OP -Other SUD.docx

Classification: Outpatient - Other NQTL: fail first requirements/step therapy

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

· Not Applicable

Definitions

. Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard

MCG Criteria

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

o Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

Source

Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

· NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

· NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

- DO NOT APPLY NQTLs to OP-Other-MH.docx
- DO NOT APPLY NQTLS to OP -Other SUD.docx
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description_final.signed.pdf

Classification: Outpatient - Other NQTL: medical necessity

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 9.10.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · High levels of variation in length of stay
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- · Not Applicable
- · Service type
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · Variability in quality

Definitions

- . High levels of variation in length of stay: this is an error and should not be listed
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care: lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- . Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification
- · Service type: Type of service being requested.
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- Variability in quality: Drugs must be marketed as safe and therapeutically active formulations whose performance is consistent and predictable.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard

MCG Criteria

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

o Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. High levels of variation in length of stay

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

2. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- · Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Not Applicable

3. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

4. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

5. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

6. Variability in quality

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

PA Criteria

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- Internal audit findings related to coverage determination consistency with the plan's medical necessity criteria

- ATTACHMENT M Contract ASO PBHS 20-18319 (1).pdf
- Auth Stats for June 2020.xlsx
- · 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description final.signed.pdf

Classification: Outpatient - Other NQTL: prior authorization/pre authorization

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · High levels of variation in length of stay
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- · Not Applicable
- · Service type
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · Variability in quality

Definitions

- . High levels of variation in length of stay: this is an error and should not be listed
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care: lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- . Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification
- · Service type: Type of service being requested.
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- Variability in quality: Drugs must be marketed as safe and therapeutically active formulations whose performance is consistent and predictable.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard

MCG Criteria

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

o Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. High levels of variation in length of stay

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

2. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Not Applicable

3. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

4. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

5. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

6. Variability in quality

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

PA Criteria

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- Internal audit findings related to coverage determination consistency with the plan's medical necessity criteria

- Auth Stats for June 2020 Sample.xlsx
- ATTACHMENT M Contract ASO PBHS 20-18319 (1).pdf
- · 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description final.signed.pdf

Classification: Outpatient - Office Based NQTL: Outlier Management

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · Excessive utilization
- · High levels of variation in length of stay
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- · Not Applicable
- · Service type
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · Variability in quality

Definitions

- Excessive utilization: Procedures for which we have identified possible over-utilization.
- High levels of variation in length of stay: this is an error and should not be listed
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care: lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification
- Service type: Type of service being requested.
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- Variability in quality: Drugs must be marketed as safe and therapeutically active formulations whose performance is consistent and predictable.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard

MCG Criteria

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Excessive utilization

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

2. High levels of variation in length of stay

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

3. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Not Applicable

4. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

5. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

6. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

7. Variability in quality

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of

care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

- Not Applicable
- Utilization is two standard deviations above average utilization per episode of care.

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

• NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

• Outlier Management Data

- 1.Sample monthly FWA report Standard Template MD.xlsx
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description_final.signed.pdf

Classification: Outpatient - Office Based NQTL: Service Limitations

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

· Service type

Definitions

• Service type: Type of service being requested.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard MCG Criteria

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

o Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Source

 Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

• NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

• Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD

- Auth Stats for June 2020.xlsx
- Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_9.10.20.pdf

Classification: Outpatient - Office Based NQTL: concurrent review

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · Clinical indications and/or evidence
- · High levels of variation in length of stay
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- · Not Applicable
- · Service type
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · Variability in quality

Definitions

- Clinical indications and/or evidence: Professional standards and protocols defined as comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials
- High levels of variation in length of stay: this is an error and should not be listed
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care: Lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- Least restrictive appropriate level of care: lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification
- · Service type: Type of service being requested.
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- Variability in quality: Drugs must be marketed as safe and therapeutically active formulations whose performance is consistent and predictable.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard

MCG Criteria

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Clinical indications and/or evidence

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

2. High levels of variation in length of stay

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

 Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits

Not Applicable

3. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Not Applicable

4. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

5. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

6. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

7. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

8. Variability in quality

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of

care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

• PA Criteria

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- Internal audit findings related to coverage determination consistency with the plan's medical necessity criteria

- Auth Stats for June 2020 Sample.xlsx
- ATTACHMENT M Contract ASO PBHS 20-18319 (1).pdf
- Auth Stats for June 2020.xlsx
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description_final.signed.pdf

Classification: Outpatient - Office Based NQTL: data collection

PARITY FLAG

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Evaluation of System Design
- · Not Applicable

Definitions

- . Evaluation of System Design: Improvement over time individually and collectively
- . Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Evaluation of System Design

Evidentiary Standard

 Behavioral Health Administration standards for assessing clinical outcomes

Source

Maryland BHA program requirements

2. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

 Behavioral Health Administration standards for assessing clinical outcomes

Source

Maryland BHA program requirements

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Data Collection Data Capture extract
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- Internal audit findings related to coverage determination consistency with the plan's medical necessity criteria

- ATTACHMENT M Contract ASO PBHS 20-18319 (1).pdf
- Data Collection NQTL Data Capture.docx

Classification: Outpatient - Office Based NQTL: fail first requirements/step therapy

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Not Applicable

Definitions

. Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard MCG Criteria

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

o Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

Not Applicable
 Evidentiary Standard
 Source

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- Internal audit findings related to coverage determination consistency with the plan's medical necessity criteria
- NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

- ATTACHMENT M Contract ASO PBHS 20-18319 (1).pdf
- Auth Stats for June 2020 Sample.xlsx
- DO NOT APPLY NQTLs to OP-Office SUD.docx
- Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf

Classification: Outpatient - Office Based NQTL: medical necessity

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · High levels of variation in length of stay
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- Service type
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · Variability in quality

Definitions

- High levels of variation in length of stay: this is an error and should not be listed
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care: Lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- Service type: Type of service being requested.
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- Variability in quality: Drugs must be marketed as safe and therapeutically active formulations whose performance is consistent and predictable.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard

MCG Criteria

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. High levels of variation in length of stay

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Source

 Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits

2. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Source

 Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits

3. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Source

 Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits

4. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Source

 Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits

5. Variability in quality

Evidentiary Standard

 Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.

Source

 Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

• PA Criteria

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- Internal audit findings related to coverage determination consistency with the plan's medical necessity criteria

- MDH ASO RFP OPASS 20-18319 11.29.18 (7).pdf
- ATTACHMENT M Contract ASO PBHS 20-18319 (1).pdf
- Auth Stats for June 2020 Sample.xlsx
- Auth Stats for June 2020.xlsx
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description final.signed.pdf

Classification: Outpatient - Office Based NQTL: prior authorization/pre authorization

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · High levels of variation in length of stay
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care
- Not Applicable
- · Service type
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · Variability in quality

Definitions

- . High levels of variation in length of stay: this is an error and should not be listed
- · Least restrictive appropriate level of care: lowest level of care the individual can be safely and effectively treated.
- . Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification
- Service type: Type of service being requested.
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- Variability in quality: Drugs must be marketed as safe and therapeutically active formulations whose performance is consistent and predictable.

Medical/Surgical

1. Clinical Guidelines MCG

Evidentiary Standard

MCG Criteria

 Compliance with professionally recognized evidence based clinical guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as MCG clinical criteria.

Source

o Clinical Guidelines MCG

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. High levels of variation in length of stay

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

2. Least restrictive appropriate level of care

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Not Applicable

3. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

4. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

5. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

6. Variability in quality

Evidentiary Standard

- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- Not Applicable

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

PA Criteria

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · Authorization Denial Rates for MH/SUD
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- Internal audit findings related to coverage determination consistency with the plan's medical necessity criteria

- ATTACHMENT M Contract ASO PBHS 20-18319 (1).pdf
- Auth Stats for June 2020.xlsx
- · 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description final.signed.pdf

Classification: Emergency Benefits NQTL: data collection

PARITY FLAG

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_9.10.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

Not Applicable

Definitions

• Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Not Applicable

Evidentiary Standard

Source

 Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification
- NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

References

• Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf

Classification: Emergency Benefits NQTL: medical necessity

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid_Parity Analysis Definitions_7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

Not Applicable

· Not Applicable

Definitions

• Not Applicable: NQTL does not apply for this classification

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Not Applicable **Evidentiary Standard**

NA

1. Not Applicable **Evidentiary Standard** Source

Not Applicable

Source

Not Applicable

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification
- · NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification
- NQTL does not apply to any services in this classification

- We DO NOT apply any NQTLs to the Emergency and Pharmacy Benefits.docx
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description_final.signed.pdf

Classification: Prescription Drugs NQTL: fail first requirements/step therapy

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· fail first protocol

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Fail-first protocol or requirement to try a generic, less expensive, or lower efficacy drug for a certain trial period before receiving approval for a new drug
- · Lack of clinical efficiency of treatment or service
- · Safety risks
- Service type
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · Site visit requirements
- · fail first protocol

Definitions

- Fail-first protocol or requirement to try a generic, less expensive, or lower efficacy drug for a certain trial period before receiving approval for a new drug: Fail-first protocol or requirement to try a generic, less expensive, or lower efficacy drug for a certain trial period before receiving approval for a new drug
- Lack of clinical efficiency of treatment or service: treatment that is not based on evidenced based clinical criteria such as InterQual guidelines.
- Safety risks: Safety consistent with FDA approved labeling, including black box warnings. Potential for abuse or diversion, significant potential for inappropriate use or narrow safety margin. Lack of compelling evidence.
- · Service type: Type of service being requested.
- Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- Site visit requirements: If the Applicant is not accredited by an agency recognized by the Credentialing Entity in, a site visit of the organization is required and results must be found to be satisfactory with a passing score of 85% or higher.
- · fail first protocol: fail first protocol

Medical/Surgical

1. fail first protocol

Evidentiary Standard

Fail First Protocol

 Standards used by any committees of experts, and required level of qualifications of committee members.

Source

Formulary

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

 Fail-first protocol or requirement to try a generic, less expensive, or lower efficacy drug for a certain trial period before receiving approval for a new drug

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- · State and Federal requirements

2. Lack of clinical efficiency of treatment or service

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- o State and Federal requirements

3. Safety risks

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Internal claims analysis
- State and Federal requirements

4. Service type

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- State and Federal requirements

5. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- · State and Federal requirements

6. Site visit requirements

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Internal claims analysis
- · State and Federal requirements

7. fail first protocol

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- o State and Federal requirements

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

Formulary

P&T Minutes

- Maryland_PDL_7.1.20.pdf
- P & T SOP Revised 02.10.2020 FINAL.docx
- PRP PA Audit Process Review 7 27 20 DB.docx
- 2020 May UMHP P&T Meeting Minutes.pdf
- 1.UMHP Formulary Factors Used in Decision-Making.docx

- Clinical Criteria applied based on FDA labeling and requirements and Official Compendium
- Internal monitoring of prior authorizations to determine compliance of treatment/service plans for drug efficacy based on concurrent review of treatment plans, service usage, and drug utilization
- Type and level of documentation (e.g., chart notes, lab results, treatment plans, etc.) the health plan requires from providers during reviews
- · Utilization trends

Classification: Prescription Drugs NQTL: medical necessity

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· fail first protocol

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- · Lack of clinical efficiency of treatment or service
- Medication status on Preferred Drug List (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee
- · clinical appropriateness/medical necessity
- · fiscal responsibility/cost effectiveness
- medication status on preferred drug list (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the P&T Committee

Definitions

- Lack of clinical efficiency of treatment or service: treatment that is not based on evidenced based clinical criteria such as InterQual guidelines.
- Medication status on Preferred Drug List (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee: A drug's classification within the Preferred Drug List (PDL), which is a list of the Department's Preferred and Non-Preferred drugs developed by the Department's Preferred Drug Program via recommendations made by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee
- clinical appropriateness/medical necessity: identified measures in place to determine the most appropriate treatment option for participants based on the participant's medical status, the placement of the treatment option on the PDL, and the treatment option's clinical criteria
- **fiscal responsibility/cost effectiveness**: examination of a drug's actual cost and rebateable status for the State with an emphasis on cost conservation and reduction of waste for the Department while still maintaining the accessibility of care to participants
- medication status on preferred drug list (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the P&T
 Committee: A drug's classification within the Preferred Drug List (PDL), which is a list of the Department's Preferred and Non-Preferred drugs developed by the Department's Preferred Drug Program via recommendations made by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee

Medical/Surgical

1. fail first protocol

Evidentiary Standard Fail First Protocol

> Standards used by any committees of experts, and required level of qualifications of committee members.

Source

Formulary

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

Lack of clinical efficiency of treatment or service Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

 Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define

- the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- State and Federal requirements

2. Medication status on Preferred Drug List (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- State and Federal requirements

3. clinical appropriateness/medical necessity

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Internal claims analysis
- State and Federal requirements

4. fiscal responsibility/cost effectiveness

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- o State and Federal requirements

medication status on preferred drug list (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the P&T Committee

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- · State and Federal requirements

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- PA Criteria
- · Prior authorization statistics
- Type and level of documentation (e.g., chart notes, lab results, treatment plans, etc.) the health plan requires from providers during reviews

References

- Maryland_PDL_7.1.20.pdf
- P & T SOP Revised 02.10.2020 FINAL.docx
- PRP PA Audit Process Review 7 27 20 DB.docx
- 1.UMHP Formulary Factors Used in Decision-Making.docx
- Sporonox oral capsules Ref# 280-A.pdf
- Protopic Step Therapy Ref # MMT 177-F.pdf
- MMT Global Exception Ref# 569-A.pdf

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Clinical Criteria applied based on FDA labeling and requirements and Official Compendium
- Internal monitoring of prior authorizations to determine compliance of treatment/service plans for drug efficacy based on concurrent review of treatment plans, service usage, and drug utilization
- Type and level of documentation (e.g., chart notes, lab results, treatment plans, etc.) the health plan requires from providers during reviews
- Utilization trends

Classification: Prescription Drugs NQTL: prior authorization/pre authorization

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 7.16.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· fail first protocol

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- An approval required from the Department or its designee before a drug is dispensed
- Fail-first protocol or requirement to try a generic, less expensive, or lower efficacy drug for a certain trial period before receiving approval for a new drug
- Internal auditing for treatment compliance via concurrent review of treatment plans and medical documentation
- · Lack of clinical efficiency of treatment or service
- Licensure, certification, accreditation and/or experience requirements for providers to join provider network
- Medication status on Preferred Drug List (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness
- · clinical appropriateness/medical necessity

Definitions

- An approval required from the Department or its designee before a drug is dispensed: Approval required from the Department or its
 designee before a drug is dispensed
- Fail-first protocol or requirement to try a generic, less expensive, or lower efficacy drug for a certain trial period before receiving approval for a new drug: Fail-first protocol or requirement to try a generic, less expensive, or lower efficacy drug for a certain trial period before receiving approval for a new drug
- Internal auditing for treatment compliance via concurrent review of treatment plans and medical documentation: Process review activities to review a participant's course and efficacy of treatment to determine the approval or renewal of a prior authorization for their drug.
- Lack of clinical efficiency of treatment or service: treatment that is not based on evidenced based clinical criteria such as InterQual guidelines.
- Licensure, certification, accreditation and/or experience requirements for providers to join provider network: Providers must have a current, valid, unrestricted license to practice in all states where care is provided. Specialists must be Board Certified, Board Eligible/Board Qualified, or fall under one of the Individual Review categories regarding specialty Credentialing (see Adverse Action and Individual Review policy). Allied Health Professionals must be certified in their respective specialty. Advanced practice nurses, under Maryland State law, are only required to have an approved attestation on file with the licensing board that the Nurse Practitioner has an agreement for collaboration and consulting with a licensed physician, and will refer to and consult with physicians and other healthcare Practitioners as needed.
- Medication status on Preferred Drug List (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee: A drug's classification within the Preferred Drug List (PDL), which is a list of the Department's Preferred and Non-Preferred drugs developed by the Department's Preferred Drug Program via recommendations made by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee
- · Severity or chronicity of an illness: Does the medication match the severity and chronicity of the illness
- clinical appropriateness/medical necessity: identified measures in place to determine the most appropriate treatment option for participants based on the participant's medical status, the placement of the treatment option on the PDL, and the treatment option's clinical criteria

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. fail first protocol

Evidentiary Standard

Fail First Protocol

 Standards used by any committees of experts, and required level of qualifications of committee members.

Source

Formulary

1. An approval required from the Department or its designee before a drug is dispensed

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- FDA dosage limit
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- · National accreditation standards
- State and Federal requirements

Fail-first protocol or requirement to try a generic, less expensive, or lower efficacy drug for a certain trial period before receiving approval for a new drug

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- FDA dosage limit
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- National accreditation standards
- State and Federal requirements

Internal auditing for treatment compliance via concurrent review of treatment plans and medical documentation Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- FDA dosage limit
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

• Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define

- the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- o National accreditation standards
- State and Federal requirements

4. Lack of clinical efficiency of treatment or service

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- o FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- FDA dosage limit
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- · National accreditation standards
- o State and Federal requirements

Licensure, certification, accreditation and/or experience requirements for providers to join provider network Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- FDA dosage limit
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- Internal claims analysis
- National accreditation standards
- State and Federal requirements

Medication status on Preferred Drug List (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- FDA dosage limit
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- National accreditation standards
- State and Federal requirements

7. Severity or chronicity of an illness

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- o FDA dosage limit
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- · National accreditation standards
- o State and Federal requirements

8. clinical appropriateness/medical necessity

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- o FDA dosage limit
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis
- o National accreditation standards
- State and Federal requirements

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

- Dollar spend trends
- Formulary
- PA Criteria
- Policies & Procedures
- Type and level of documentation (e.g., chart notes, lab results, treatment plans, etc.) the health plan requires from providers during reviews

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Clinical Criteria applied based on FDA labeling and requirements and Official Compendium
- Internal monitoring of prior authorizations to determine compliance of treatment/service plans for drug efficacy based on concurrent review of treatment plans, service usage, and drug utilization
- Type and level of documentation (e.g., chart notes, lab results, treatment plans, etc.) the health plan requires from providers

during reviews

• Utilization trends

- Maryland_PDL_7.1.20.pdf
- P & T SOP Revised 02.10.2020 FINAL.docx
- PRP PA Audit Process Review 7 27 20 DB.docx
- 1.UMHP Formulary Factors Used in Decision-Making.docx
- 1.UMHP-2020-Provider-Manual-Final.pdf
- 2020 UMMSHP Clinical Ops Program Description_final.signed.pdf
- UMHP Formulary Design.docx
- UMHP Formulary Factors Used in Decision-Making.docx

Classification: Prescription Drugs NQTL: tiered drug formulary

Definitions

NONE PROVIDED. SEE DOCUMENT REFERENCES

References

• Maryland Medicaid Parity Analysis Definitions 9.10.20.pdf

Factors

Medical/Surgical

· fail first protocol

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Medication status on Preferred Drug List (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee
- · clinical appropriateness/medical necessity
- · fiscal responsibility/cost effectiveness
- medication status on preferred drug list (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the P&T Committee

Definitions

- Medication status on Preferred Drug List (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee: A drug's classification within the Preferred Drug List (PDL), which is a list of the Department's Preferred and Non-Preferred drugs developed by the Department's Preferred Drug Program via recommendations made by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee
- clinical appropriateness/medical necessity: identified measures in place to determine the most appropriate treatment option for participants based on the participant's medical status, the placement of the treatment option on the PDL, and the treatment option's clinical criteria
- fiscal responsibility/cost effectiveness: examination of a drug's actual cost and rebateable status for the State with an emphasis on cost conservation and reduction of waste for the Department while still maintaining the accessibility of care to participants
- medication status on preferred drug list (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the P&T Committee: A drug's classification within the Preferred Drug List (PDL), which is a list of the Department's Preferred and Non-Preferred drugs developed by the Department's Preferred Drug Program via recommendations made by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee

Medical/Surgical

1. fail first protocol

Evidentiary Standard Fail First Protocol

> Standards used by any committees of experts, and required level of qualifications of committee members.

Source

Formulary

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

 Medication status on Preferred Drug List (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

 Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits

o Internal claims analysis

2. clinical appropriateness/medical necessity

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis

3. fiscal responsibility/cost effectiveness

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis

medication status on preferred drug list (PDL) as determined by the Preferred Drug Program via recommendations by the P&T Committee

Evidentiary Standard

- A certain number/type of recognized medical literature and professional standards (including comparative effectiveness studies and clinical trials), and published research studies.
- Compliance with professionally recognized treatment guidelines used to define clinically appropriate standards of care such as ASAM criteria or APA treatment guidelines.
- FDA Prescribing Information & Official Compendium
- Process review(s) for auditing claims data to ensure compliance of participant's treatment and service plan in conjunction with their prior authorization

Source

- Evidentiary standards, including any published standards as well as internal plan or issuer standards, relied upon to define the factors triggering the application of an NQTL to benefits
- o Internal claims analysis

Operations Measures

Medical/Surgical

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

- Formulary
- Inter-rater reliability surveys for medical/surgical, mental health and substance use disorder reviewers
- P&T Minutes
- PA Criteria
- Policies & Procedures
- Type and level of documentation (e.g., chart notes, lab results, treatment plans, etc.) the health plan requires from providers during reviews

- Maryland_PDL_7.1.20.pdf
- P & T SOP Revised 02.10.2020 FINAL.docx
- PRP PA Audit Process Review 7 27 20 DB.docx
- 1.UMHP Formulary Factors Used in Decision-Making.docx
- 1.UMHP-2020-Provider-Manual-Final.pdf
- 2.UMHP-2020-Provider-Manual-Final.pdf
- UMHP.HS.PH.04 Pharmacy Prior Authorization.docx
- UMHP-Complete-Formulary-Sept.-2020.pdf

- Clinical Criteria applied based on FDA labeling and requirements and Official Compendium
- Internal monitoring of prior authorizations to determine compliance of treatment/service plans for drug efficacy based on concurrent review of treatment plans, service usage, and drug utilization
- Type and level of documentation (e.g., chart notes, lab results, treatment plans, etc.) the health plan requires from providers during reviews
- · Utilization trends