State of Maryland

Board of Examiners for Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers and Speech-Language Pathologists

Regulations

Title 10 - Department of Health and Mental Hygiene
Subtitle 41
Board of Examiners for Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers and Speech-Language Pathologists

Chapter 01 – Collection of Fees

.01 Scope.

This chapter governs all persons licensed as audiologists, hearing aid dispensers, speech-language pathologists, or speech-language pathology assistants in the State.

.02 Fees.

A. Application fee for full audiology or speech-language pathology license ... $150
B. Hearing aid dispenser examination fee ... $150
C. Repeat hearing aid dispenser written examination ... $100
D. Waiver of hearing aid dispenser written examination ... $100
E. Biennial renewal of license fee ... $250
F. Biennial renewal of dual audiology/speech-language pathology license fee ... $400
G. Late fee for renewal of license ... $50
H. Reinstatement of expired license fee ... $100
I. Application fee for limited audiology or speech-language pathology license ... $100
J. Application fee for hearing aid dispenser limited license and examination ... $150
K. Renewal of limited license fee ... $25
L. Replacement of registration certificate ... $5
M. Replacement of wall certificate ... $25
N. Application fee for full speech-language pathology assistant license ... $100
O. Application fee for temporary speech-language pathology assistant license ... $100
P. Biennial renewal of full speech-language pathology assistant license fee ... $100
Q. Renewal of temporary speech-language pathology assistant license fee ... $25
R. Verification of license fee ... $25
S. Returned check fee ... $25
T. Speech-language pathologists roster fee ... $75
U. Audiologists roster fee ... $55
V. Hearing aid dispensers roster fee ... $55
W. Inactive status fee ... $25
X. Reactivation fee ... $50 in addition to renewal fee and Maryland Health Care Commission fee.

.03 Changes in Fees.

A. Fees are subject to change by action of the Boards of Examiners. All licensees and applicants will be notified of changes.

B. Application forms should be requested from: Board of Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists, Maryland State Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, 4201 Patterson Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21215-2299.

.04 Fee Exceptions.

An audiologist, hearing aid dispenser, or speech-language pathologist who holds a current license is exempt from paying the license verification fee.

.05 Refunds, Proration, Prohibition.

Fees paid to the Board are nonrefundable and may not be prorated.
Chapter 02 – Code of Ethics

.01 Scope.

This chapter governs individuals licensed as audiologists, hearing aid dispensers, speech-language pathologists, or speech-language pathology assistants in the State.

.02 Ethical Responsibilities.

A. The licensee shall consider paramount the welfare of individuals served professionally.

B. Necessary Training. The licensee shall:

(1) Obtain proper training for the services the licensee provides; and

(2) Be prepared to document, at the request of the Board, any training obtained.

C. Professional Conduct.

(1) The licensee may not be represented by titles which are not consistent with training.

(2) The licensee shall follow acceptable patterns of professional conduct in relationship with the individuals served and engage in only the aspects of the profession that are within the scope of the licensee's competence.

(3) The licensee may not guarantee the result of a speech-language or hearing consultation or therapeutic procedure. A guarantee of any sort expressed or implied, oral or written, is contrary to professional ethics. The licensee may make a reasonable statement of the anticipated results, but, because successful results are dependent on many factors, a warranty is deceptive and unethical.

(4) The licensee may not diagnose or treat individual speech or hearing disorders by correspondence. This does not preclude follow-up by correspondence with individuals previously seen. It also does not preclude providing the persons served professionally with general information of an educational nature.

(5) The licensee may not reveal to unauthorized persons professional or personal information about the individual professionally served without appropriate permission from that individual, unless required by law.

(6) The licensee may not exploit individuals served professionally by:

(a) Accepting them for treatment when benefit cannot reasonably be expected to accrue;

(b) Continuing treatment unnecessarily;

3
(c) Charging for services not rendered;

(d) Failing to fully inform the individual served of the nature and possible effects of services rendered, or products dispensed, or both;

(e) Misrepresenting services rendered, or products dispensed, or both; or

(f) Failing to obtain informed consent to use the individual served for research or as subjects of teaching demonstrations.

D. The licensee shall use every resource available, including referral to other specialists as needed, to effect maximal improvements in the individuals served.

E. The licensee shall take every precaution to avoid harm to the individual served professionally.

F. Sexual Misconduct.

(1) An audiologist, hearing aid dispenser, speech-language pathologist, or speech-language pathology assistant may not engage in sexual misconduct in the practice of audiology, hearing aid dispensing, or speech-language pathology.

(2) Sexual misconduct includes, but is not limited to:

(a) Sexual behavior with an individual served in the context of a professional evaluation, treatment, procedure, or other service to the client or patient, regardless of the setting in which the professional service is provided;

(b) Sexual behavior with an individual served under the pretense of diagnostic or therapeutic intent or benefit;

(c) A sexual relationship, whether consensual or non-consensual, with an individual served;

(d) Making sexual advances toward an individual served or requesting sexual favors;

(e) Therapeutically inappropriate or intentional touching in a sexual manner of an individual served;

(f) Physical contact of a sexual nature with an individual served;

(g) Therapeutically unnecessary discussion of sexual matters or other verbal conduct of a sexual nature while treating the individual being served;
(h) Directly or indirectly watching the individual served while the individual is undressing or dressing when it is not part of the therapeutic process;

(i) Taking, for sexual purposes, photographs or video-tapes of an individual served;

(j) Sexual harassment of staff or students; or

(k) Sexual contact with an incompetent or unconscious individual being served.

G. Penalties. Violation of Regulation .02 may result in Board action to reprimand the licensee, place the licensee on probation, or suspend or revoke the licensee's license. The Board may also impose a penalty not exceeding $1,000.

.03 Advertising.

A. The licensee may not include statements in advertising that:

(1) Misrepresent facts;

(2) Are likely to mislead or deceive because in context the statements make only a partial disclosure of relevant facts;

(3) Are intended to or are likely to create false or unjustified expectations of favorable results;

(4) Relate to fees without reasonable disclosure of all relevant variables so that the statement would not be misunderstood or be deceptive to laypersons;

(5) Convey the impression that the licensee could influence improperly any public body, official, corporation, or any person on behalf of the individual served professionally;

(6) Contain representations or implications that in reasonable probability can be expected to cause an ordinarily prudent person to misunderstand or be deceived;

(7) Contain representations that the licensee is willing to perform a procedure which is illegal in Maryland or the United States; or

(8) Falsely disparage competitors, the competitors' products, or the competitors' methods of doing business.

B. A licensee may not use an agent, partnership, professional association, or health maintenance organization to implement actions prohibited by this regulation.

C. Solicitation. A licensee may not engage in solicitation including but not limited to in-person, telephone, or direct mail solicitation which:
(1) Amounts to fraud, undue influence, intimidation, or overreaching; or

(2) Contains statements which are prohibited under §A of this regulation.

.04 Special Responsibilities.

A. The licensee shall seek open professional discussion of all theoretical and practical issues, but avoid personal invective directed toward professional colleagues or members of allied professions.

B. The licensee shall guard against conflicts of professional interest.

C. The licensee may not enter into a commercial agreement that financially exploits an individual served professionally.

D. The licensee may not engage in commercial activities that conflict with the licensee's responsibilities to individuals served professionally.

E. The licensee may not discriminate on the basis of race, religion, gender, age, national origin, sexual orientation, or handicapping condition in the licensee's professional relationships with colleagues or individuals served professionally.

F. The licensee may not provide professional services without exercising independent professional judgment, regardless of referral source or prescription.

G. The licensee may delegate duties to support personnel under the supervision of the licensee if the delegated duties do not require the professional skill and judgment specific to the licensee's scope of practice.

H. The licensee shall maintain adequate records of professional services rendered and products dispensed, and shall allow access to these records when appropriately authorized.

I. The licensee shall withdraw from professional practice when substance abuse or emotional, mental, or physical disability may adversely affect the quality of services rendered.

J. The licensee who has reason to believe that another licensee has violated the Code of Ethics shall inform the Board.

K. The licensee shall cooperate fully with the Board in an investigation and adjudication of matters related to the Code of Ethics.

L. The licensee may not construe the failure to specify a particular responsibility or practice in this chapter as indicating that the responsibility or practice is not equally as important as those specified. An act that is in violation of the spirit and purpose of the
Code of Ethics constitutes unprofessional conduct and may result in disciplinary action against the licensee under Health Occupations Article, §2-314, Annotated Code of Maryland.

Chapter 03 – Licensure and Continuing Education

.01 Scope.

These regulations govern an individual practicing as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist, or both, in Maryland.

.02 Definitions.

A. In this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated.

B. Terms Defined.

(1) “Accredited educational institution” means:

(a) A college or university located in the U.S. whose program has been accredited by a national accrediting association recognized by the:

(i) Council for Higher Education Accreditation; or

(ii) United States Department of Education; or

(b) A college or university located outside the U.S. whose program has met the standards for certification of the governing educational body that is regulated by the government of the country where the college or university is located.

(2) "Board" means the Board of Examiners for Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists.

(3) "Credit" means 1 semester hour except when specified in these regulations. "Credit" is used only with reference to fulfilling academic requirements for original licensure application.

(4) "Continuing education unit (CEU)" means the basic unit of measurement for a licensee's direct participation in an approved continuing education experience. "Continuing education unit (CEU)" is used only with reference to fulfilling requirements for renewal of full licensure.

(5) "Examination" means the National Examination in Speech-Language Pathology or the National Examination in Audiology.
(6) "Oral competency" means the demonstration of general English-speaking proficiency by receiving a passing score on a standardized test that the Board has approved.

(7) "Pro bono work" means work provided within the State within the scope of practice of the licensee that is performed without financial reimbursement or direct financial gain.

.03 Requirements for Licensure.

A. Limited Licensure.

(1) A person who has met all requirements for licensure except supervised post-graduate professional experience or examination, or both, may apply for limited licensure.

(2) An individual seeking limited licensure shall fulfill the following requirements:

(a) Hold a master's degree in speech-language pathology or a doctoral degree in audiology, or both, from an accredited educational institution having a graduate or doctoral program in either field;

(b) Have met the academic and practicum requirements for a Certificate of Clinical Competence of the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association or Board Certification in Audiology from the American Board of Audiology that were in effect at the time a master's degree in speech pathology or doctoral degree in either field was obtained; and

(c) Demonstrate oral English competency as follows:

(i) Completion of at least 60 credits from an undergraduate college or university where English was the language of instruction throughout the applicant's inclusive dates of attendance; or

(ii) Achievement of a minimum score as defined by the Board on the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) within the 2 years preceding license application.

B. Supervision of Professional Experience for Audiologists.

(1) Supervisory Plan for Audiologists.

(a) Each applicant shall submit to the Board for approval a description of the supervisory plan to be followed during the period of limited licensure.

(b) The plan shall show adequate supervision, in accordance with this chapter.

(c) The Board may accept completion of the clinical fellowship required for the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association Certificate of Clinical Competence or
completion of the mentored practice required for American Board of Audiology Certification as meeting the requirements for supervised practice in this chapter.

(2) Unless an exception is approved by the Board for extenuating circumstances, an applicant shall begin the clinical training within 2 years after completion of the academic course work and academic clinical practicum requirements and shall complete the clinical training within 24 months.

(3) To complete a clinical training, the applicant shall be employed as a professional in the field of audiology under appropriate on-site direct supervision for not less than 9 months with a minimum of 36 hours of work per week. This requirement may also be met with part-time employment as follows:

(a) 14—16 hours a week for a period of 24 months;

(b) 17—20 hours a week for a period of 18 months;

(c) 21—24 hours a week for a period of 15 months;

(d) 25—35 hours a week for a period of 12 months.

(4) At least 80 percent of the applicant's employment during the clinical training shall be in direct client contact which includes:

(a) Assessment/diagnosis/evaluation;

(b) Screening;

(c) Habilitation/rehabilitation; and

(d) Activities related to client management.

(5) An individual serving as a supervisor:

(a) Shall hold a valid license issued by the Board in audiology, or if the supervisor is employed by a facility whose employees qualify for an exemption from licensure the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association in audiology or Board Certification in Audiology from the American Board of Audiology;

(b) Shall have been in practice for a minimum of 3 years after completion of the clinical training;

(c) Shall supervise not more than three limited licensees at one time; and

(d) May not have been formally disciplined by the Board within the previous 5 years.
(6) An individual serving as a supervisor of a limited licensee is legally and ethically responsible for services provided or omitted by the limited licensee.

(7) Change in Supervisor or Place of Professional Employment.

(a) During the period of limited licensure, if an individual changes supervisor, or place of professional employment, or both, the individual shall submit a revised supervisory plan to the Board for Board approval.

(b) The Board shall approve the new supervisor or the new setting before the individual may begin to practice under the new supervisor or in the new setting.

(8) A supervisor shall notify the Board within 5 days if the supervisor withdraws from supervising a limited licensee.

(9) Individuals granted an audiology limited license before July 31, 2007:

(a) Are exempt from the on-site direct supervision and may follow the initial supervision plan submitted with the application for the limited license; and

(b) Shall follow the current hours per week, hours per period, or both, to complete the limited license, although the Board may review and determine if an exemption should be made on an individual basis.

(10) If a limited license is eligible to be renewed after September 30, 2007, the licensee is no longer exempt from any of the current standards.

C. Supervision of Professional Experience for Speech Pathologists.

(1) Supervisory Plan for Speech Pathologists.

(a) An applicant shall submit to the Board for approval a description of the supervisory plan to be followed during the period of limited licensure.

(b) The plan shall show adequate supervision, in accordance with this chapter.

(c) The Board may accept completion of the clinical fellowship required for the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association Certificate of Clinical Competence as meeting the requirements for supervised practice in this chapter.

(2) Unless an exception is approved by the Board for extenuating circumstances, an applicant shall:

(a) Begin the clinical fellowship within 2 years after completion of the academic course work and clinical practicum requirements; and
(b) Complete the clinical fellowship within 24 months.

(3) To complete a clinical fellowship, the applicant shall be employed as a professional in the field of speech-language pathology under appropriate supervision for not less than 9 months with a minimum of 30 hours of work per week. This requirement may also be met with part-time employment as follows:

(a) 15—19 hours a week for a period of 18 months;

(b) 20—24 hours a week for a period of 15 months; or

(c) 25—29 hours a week for a period of 12 months.

(4) At least 80 percent of the applicant's employment during the clinical fellowship shall be in direct client contact, which includes:

(a) Assessment/diagnosis/evaluation;

(b) Screening;

(c) Habilitation/rehabilitation; and

(d) Activities related to client management.

(5) An individual serving as a supervisor:

(a) Shall hold a valid license issued by the Board in speech pathology, or if the supervisor is employed by a facility whose employees qualify for an exemption from licensure the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association in speech pathology;

(b) Shall have been in practice for a minimum of 2 years after completion of the clinical fellowship;

(c) May not supervise more than three limited licensees at one time;

(d) May not have been formally disciplined by the Board within the previous 5 years; and

(e) Shall provide a minimum of 36 hours of supervisory activities during the clinical fellowship to include a minimum of 2 hours of other monitoring activities each month.

(6) An individual serving as a supervisor of a limited licensee is legally and ethically responsible for services provided or omitted by the limited licensee.

(7) Change in Supervisor or Place of Professional Employment.
(a) During the period of limited licensure, if an individual changes supervisor, or place of professional employment, or both, the individual shall submit a revised supervisory plan to the Board for Board approval.

(b) The Board shall approve the new supervisor or the new setting before the individual may begin to practice under the new supervisor or in the new setting.

(8) A supervisor shall notify the Board within 5 days if the supervisor withdraws from supervising a limited licensee.

D. Full Licensure.

(1) Licensure Requirements for Audiologists.

(a) An individual may apply for full licensure if the individual fulfills all of the following requirements:

(i) The individual holds a current unsuspended and unrevoked certificate of licensure to practice audiology from another state or jurisdiction which was obtained by meeting requirements that are at least equivalent to the requirements of §D(2) of this regulation;

(ii) The individual has completed the academic requirements, the supervised on-site direct clinical experience, the examination requirements as set forth in §D(2) of this regulation, and submits evidence of the successful completion of the clinical training.

(b) The supervised post-graduate professional practice shall have been supervised by an individual who, at the time of supervision, held a valid audiology license issued by the Board, or if the supervisor is employed by a facility whose employees qualify for an exemption from licensure the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association or Board Certification in Audiology from the American Board of Audiology.

(c) The supervisor's license or certificate shall be in audiology.

(d) The applicant shall demonstrate oral English competency as follows:

(i) Completion of at least 60 credits from an undergraduate college or university where English was the language of instruction throughout the applicant's inclusive dates of attendance; or

(ii) Achievement of a minimum score as defined by the Board on the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) within the 2 years preceding license application.

(2) Examination Requirements for Audiologists.
(a) An applicant shall have obtained a passing score on the National Examination in Audiology.

(b) If a passing score on the National Examination in Audiology was not obtained within the 5 years before applying for licensure, the applicant shall fulfill one or more of the following requirements as approved by the Board:

(i) Provide evidence that the applicant has practiced in audiology for 3 of the 5 years before applying for licensure;

(ii) Complete a period of supervised practice equivalent to that required of a limited licensee; or

(iii) Hold a current license in another state and submit proof of continuing education as stated in Regulation .06 of this chapter for the time period not practicing.

(3) A first time licensee, who has not held a full license in this State or another state for 1 full year, shall submit verification from the academic institution conferring the individual's degree attesting to the following:

(a) The academic course work completed by the individual applying for a license is consistent with the standards established by the Accreditation Commission for Audiology Education (ACAE) or the Council for Academic Accreditation (CAA); and

(b) The individual applying for licensure has completed 1,000 actual patient contact hours while working under direct on-site supervision.

(4) Licensure Requirements for Speech-Language Pathologists.

(a) An individual may apply for full licensure if the individual fulfills any of the following requirements:

(i) The individual holds a valid Certificate of Clinical Competence in speech-language pathology from the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association and meets the academic, practicum, examination, and supervised professional practice requirements of this chapter and the requirements of §D(5) of this regulation;

(ii) The individual holds a current unsuspended and unrevoked certificate of licensure to practice speech-language pathology from another state or jurisdiction which was obtained by meeting requirements that are at least equivalent to the requirements of this State and that meet the requirements of §D(5) of this regulation; or

(iii) The individual has completed the academic requirements, the supervised direct clinical experience, the examination requirements as set forth in §D(5) of this regulation, and submits evidence of the successful completion of the clinical fellowship.
(b) The supervised post-graduate professional practice shall have been supervised by an individual who, at the time of supervision, held a valid speech-language pathology license issued by the Board, or if the supervisor is employed by a facility whose employees qualify for an exemption from licensure, the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association.

(c) The supervisor's license or certificate shall be in the area of speech pathology.

(d) The applicant shall demonstrate oral English competency as follows:

(i) Completion of at least 60 credits from an undergraduate college or university where English was the language of instruction throughout the applicant's inclusive dates of attendance; or

(ii) Achievement of a minimum score as defined by the Board on the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) within the 2 years preceding license application.

(5) Examination Requirements for Speech-Language Pathologists.

(a) An applicant shall have obtained a passing score on the National Examination in Speech-Language Pathology.

(b) If a passing score on the National Examination in Speech-Language Pathology was not obtained within the 5 years before applying for licensure, the applicant shall fulfill one or more of the following requirements as approved by the Board:

(i) Provide evidence that the applicant has practiced in speech-language pathology for 3 of the 5 years before applying for licensure;

(ii) Complete a period of supervised practice equivalent to that required of a limited license; or

(iii) Hold a current speech-language pathologist license in another state and submit proof of continuing education as stated in Regulation .06 of this chapter for the time period not practicing.

.04 Fees for Licensure.

The fees for licensure shall be nonrefundable and may not be prorated. A license shall become effective on the date of issue.

.05 Renewal of Licensure.

A. Limited Licensure. A limited license shall be effective for 1 year from the date of issue and may be renewed once for one additional year on Board approval. The Board will renew a limited license if the limited licensee:
(1) Has not yet passed the national examination;

(2) Has a part-time supervised post-graduate position requiring additional weeks of employment; or

(3) Has a reason for renewal of the limited license that is acceptable to the Board.

B. Full Licensure.

(1) All licenses shall be renewed on or before May 31 of the year in which it expires.

(2) The applicant for license renewal is required to maintain evidence of satisfactory completion of continuing education requirements.

(3) A licensee who fails to complete the continuing education requirements within the time frame specified under Regulation .06 of this chapter may be subject to:

   (a) Informal or formal discipline for failure to meet the requirements; and

   (b) A monetary fine not to exceed $250.

C. Failure to Renew a License. A licensee who has failed to renew a license to practice in this State by June 30 of the year in which the license is due to be renewed is prohibited from practicing in this State.

D. If the Board determines that a licensee has practiced in this State after the license has expired, the Board may:

   (1) Order the licensee to immediately cease and desist practice in this State until the license has been reinstated by the Board; and

   (2) Take action as follows against a licensee for unprofessional conduct if it determines that the licensee practiced in this State after the license has expired:

   (a) Issue a nonpublic consent agreement in which the licensee agrees to make an anonymous donation of $250 to a charitable institution and to perform 40 hours of Board-approved pro bono services;

   (b) Provide the licensee with a settlement conference; or

   (c) Charge the licensee with unprofessional conduct as provided in Health Occupations Article, §2–314(10), Annotated Code of Maryland, for practicing without a license.
.06 Continuing Education.

A. Required Continuing Education Units.

(1) Within the 2-year renewal period immediately preceding the licensee's application for renewal, the licensee shall earn 30 continuing education units (CEUs) as follows:

(a) A minimum of 20 CEUs in the area of licensure; and

(b) No more than 10 CEUs in areas related to speech-language pathology or audiology or both, including practice management.

(2) Within the 2-year renewal period immediately preceding the licensee's application for renewal, an individual licensed as both an audiologist and a speech-language pathologist shall earn 40 CEUs as follows:

(a) A minimum of 15 CEUs in each area of licensure; and

(b) No more than 10 CEUs in areas related to speech-language pathology and audiology, including practice management.

(3) The Board shall notify the licensee 60 days before the date the license expires.

B. Time Period for CEUs.

(1) An audiologist licensee shall complete the required CEUs within the 2-year renewal period.

(2) A speech-language pathologist licensee shall complete the required CEUs within the 2-year period ending December 31 of the year preceding the renewal year.

(3) An individual licensed as both an audiologist and a speech-language pathologist shall complete the required CEUs within the 2-year period ending December 31st of the year preceding renewal.

(4) Continuing education units may not be carried over from one renewal period to the next.

(5) If the licensee presents evidence that failure to obtain the required CEUs was due to circumstances beyond the licensee's control, the Board may grant an extension of time to obtain the required CEUs.

(6) If the Board grants an extension of time to obtain the required CEUs, the Board may require the licensee to obtain, as additional CEUs, not more than twice the number of missing credits in order to renew the license.
(7) The Board may reduce or waive the continuing education requirements for an individual under extenuating circumstances.

(8) The Board shall waive all continuing education requirements for a speech-language pathologist or audiologist obtaining full licensure within 6 months of the renewal cycle. This includes newly licensed individuals, reinstatements, and transfers from other states.

(9) Continuing education units shall be prorated for licensees holding a full license for at least 6 months but less than 2 years during the renewal cycle. This includes newly licensed individuals, reinstatements, and transfers from other states.

C. Approval of Continuing Education Programs.

(1) The Board shall establish a committee to evaluate and approve continuing education programs.

(2) Providers of continuing education shall give a participant a certificate of completion which includes the following information:

(a) Date of completion;

(b) Description of program;

(c) Name of participant;

(d) Name of provider; and

(e) Number of hours.

(3) Not later than 30 days before a program, a provider of continuing education shall submit to the Board a request for prior approval of the program.

(4) Individual Approval of Program.

(a) If a provider has not requested prior approval of a program, a licensee may apply to the Board for approval of continuing education units for the program.

(b) Not later than 30 days before a program, the licensee shall submit to the Board a request for approval of continuing education units for individual participation.

(c) If the activity directly concerns the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology, the licensee is not required to submit a request for approval of the program to the Board.

(5) The following are examples of areas in which CEUs may be earned in activities concerning speech-language pathology and audiology:
(a) Academic course work in areas of speech-language pathology or audiology, or both, or related disciplines, taken at accredited colleges or universities;

(b) Lectures and scheduled courses or workshops at local, regional, national, or international conferences concerning speech-language pathology or audiology, or both;

(c) Presentation or attendance at lectures, workshops, or inservice programs;

(d) Other professional activities such as books, papers, publications, or audiovisual materials; or

(e) Attendance at regularly scheduled Board meetings where:

(i) 1 hour of an open session of a Board meeting equals 1 hour of continuing education credit; and

(ii) Not more than 5 hours of continuing education credit may be earned in a single continuing education cycle.

(6) Independent Study Activities.

(a) CEUs may be earned through independent study activities including:

(i) Professional journals which include post-tests to document completion;

(ii) Audio or video tapes of programs approved by the Board for continuing education credit with a post-test;

(iii) Internet programs approved by the Board for continuing education credit with a post-test; or

(iv) Other independent study activities approved by the Board.

(b) The licensee shall complete the post-test successfully for CEUs to be granted.

(c) If proof of passing the post-test is obtained, there is no limit on the number of credit hours that may be earned through independent study activities.

(7) Pro Bono Work.

(a) CEUs may be earned for pro bono work at the rate of 1 Maryland CEU for every 8 hours of Board-approved CEU activity, up to a maximum of 3 CEU credits in any single 2-year period.

(b) The licensee shall obtain approval from the Board for all pro bono work.
(c) The licensee shall provide the Board a written description of the proposed work not later than 60 days before beginning pro bono work. The description shall include:

(i) The place where the pro bono work will take place;

(ii) The type of work to be performed;

(iii) The number of hours of actual work to be performed for which the licensee desires CEU credit;

(iv) A description of how the work will enhance the licensee's ongoing education; and

(v) A statement guaranteeing that the licensee will not receive any financial gain from the work provided.

(d) The licensee shall submit a written statement to the Board from the facility verifying the number of pro bono work hours completed.

(e) CEU credit may not be granted for work that did not receive prior approval from the Board.

D. Documentation of CEUs.

(1) A licensee shall submit a signed form attesting to the licensee's completion of the required CEUs at the time of license renewal.

(2) A licensee shall retain supporting documents for inspection by the Board for 4 years after the date of renewal.

(3) If a licensee submits the renewal form after the expiration date, the Board shall assess a late fee and may audit the licensee.

(4) Failure to meet continuing education requirements or failure to substantiate CEUs submitted upon request of the Board may result in suspension, revocation, or denial of licensure or other disciplinary action by the Board.

E. Continuing Education Audit Procedures.

(1) At each renewal period, the Board shall audit 10 percent of the renewal applications.

(2) The Board members shall be audited for the required CEUs.

(3) The Board shall send notification of audit to licensees to be audited.
(4) The licensee being audited shall submit to the Board a report of the continuing education hours required for renewal on a form approved by the Board along with the appropriate documentation.

(5) If a licensee submits a false statement of continuing education, the Board may take formal disciplinary action against the licensee.

F. Reinstatement Requirement.

(1) If a license has been expired for 5 years or less, a speech-language pathologist or audiologist may apply for reinstatement of the expired license.

(2) The Board shall reinstate the license if the speech-language pathologist or audiologist:

(a) Submits to the Board satisfactory proof of completion of continuing education hours required of a practitioner on active status during the period of inactivity; and

(b) Pays to the Board the renewal fee and the reinstatement fee set by the Board.

G. Reapplication Requirement.

(1) The Board may not reinstate the license of a speech-language pathologist or audiologist who fails to apply for reinstatement of the license within 5 years after the license expires.

(2) The speech-language pathologist or audiologist whose license has been expired for more than 5 years may become licensed if the speech-language pathologist or audiologist:

(a) Meets the current requirements for obtaining a license;

(b) Submits to the Board satisfactory proof of completion of continuing education hours required of a practitioner on active status during the period of inactivity, not to exceed 100 hours; and

(c) Pays to the Board the application fee set by the Board.

Chapter 04 – Rules of Procedure for Board Hearings

.01 Scope.

This chapter governs procedures for disciplinary matters and hearings before the State Board of Examiners for Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists.
.02 Definitions.

A. In this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated.

B. Terms Defined.

(1) "Administrative law judge" means the hearing officer assigned to preside over a hearing in a case the Board has delegated to the Office of Administrative Hearings.

(2) "Administrative Procedure Act" means State Government Article, Title 10, Subtitle 2, Annotated Code of Maryland, which governs contested cases arising from charges brought by the Board.

(3) "Administrative prosecutor" means the attorney assigned by the Office of the Attorney General to prosecute disciplinary charges for the Board.

(4) "Board" means the State Board of Examiners for Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists.

(5) "Case resolution conference" means an informal, confidential meeting between the parties to a contested case and the Board's case resolution conference committee to discuss possible settlement of a disciplinary matter pending before the Board.

(6) "Case resolution conference committee" means a committee composed of one or more members of the Board that makes recommendations to the Board regarding settlement of disciplinary matters.

(7) "Cease and desist letter" means an informal action consisting of a nonpublic letter issued by the Board ordering:

(a) A licensee to cease a specified activity; or

(b) An unlicensed individual to cease the unauthorized practice of audiology, hearing aid dispensing, or speech-language pathology.

(8) "Charging document" means a nonpublic document issued by the Board which:

(a) Alleges conduct by a licensee which the Board believes constitutes a violation under the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act;

(b) Sets forth provisions of the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act that the Board believes were violated; and

(c) Provides notice to the licensee of disciplinary proceedings before the Board.
(9) "Complaint" means a written allegation or other information received by the Board that a licensee may have violated the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act and which may be grounds for an investigation or disciplinary action by the Board.

(10) "Consent order" means a public record issued by the Board that is a final order of the Board that has been negotiated and agreed to by both the licensee and the Board to resolve a disciplinary matter.

(11) "Contested case" means a proceeding conducted under the Administrative Procedure Act.

(12) "Disposition agreement" means a formal nonpublic agreement, entered into with an impaired licensee instead of formal disciplinary action, in which the licensee agrees to comply with certain conditions.

(13) "Final order" means a public record issued by the Board resolving a contested case either by consent or after an adjudication, which includes findings of fact, conclusions of law, and a disposition which:

(a) Denies a license;

(b) Sanctions by reprimand, probation, fine, or suspension or revocation of a license;

(c) Summarily suspends a license;

(d) Dismisses charges;

(e) Surrenders a license; or

(f) Takes any other action that the Board may do by law.

(14) "Imperatively requires emergency action" means a finding by the Board that an emergency action be taken against a licensee under State Government Article, §10-226(c)(2), Annotated Code of Maryland, based on investigative facts that raise a substantial likelihood of risk of harm to the public health, safety, or welfare before a full evidentiary hearing can be held.

(15) "Informal action" means that the Board closes a case without taking formal disciplinary action or without issuing a final order, by imposing a disciplinary sanction consisting of a:

(a) Letter of education;

(b) Letter of admonishment;
(c) Cease and desist letter; or

(d) Consent agreement.

(16) "Investigation" means the gathering of information to assist the Board in determining if there is reasonable cause to charge a licensee with a violation of the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act.

(17) Letter of Admonishment.

(a) "Letter of admonishment" means informal action consisting of a nonpublic letter issued by the Board closing a case, if the Board believes a licensee has engaged in conduct that violates the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act, admonishing the licensee not to repeat the conduct.

(b) "Letter of admonishment" may include an agreement that licensee perform certain conditions instead of the Board taking formal disciplinary action.

(18) "Letter of education" means informal action consisting of a nonpublic letter to a licensee:

(a) Issued by the Board if the Board does not believe that conduct rose to the level of a violation of the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act; and

(b) In which the Board educates the licensee concerning the laws and standards of the practice of audiology, hearing aid dispensing, or speech-language pathology.

(19) Letter of Surrender.

(a) "Letter of surrender" means a public letter accepted by the Board in which the licensee agrees to surrender the license to practice audiology, hearing aid dispensing, or speech-language pathology.

(b) "Letter of surrender" may include conditions for the Board's acceptance of the surrender as a resolution of the case.

(20) "Licensure" means permission to engage in the practice of audiology, hearing aid dispensing, or speech-language pathology which is evidenced by a license issued by the Board.

(21) "Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech Language Pathologists Act" means Health Occupations Article, Title 2, Annotated Code of Maryland.
(22) "Notice of initial denial" means a nonpublic document issued by the Board by which an applicant or licensee is notified that the Board intends to deny a license, a change in licensure status, or some other benefit sought by the licensee.

(23) "Postdeprivation hearing" means a show cause hearing scheduled by the Board after the Board has issued an order for summary suspension under State Government Article, §10-226(c)(2), Annotated Code of Maryland, in which the licensee may challenge the Board's basis for issuing the order for summary suspension.

(24) "Predeprivation hearing" means a nonevidentiary, show cause hearing held before the Board at which the licensee has an opportunity to demonstrate to the Board why the Board should not:

(a) Issue an order for summary suspension under State Government Article, §10-226(c)(2), Annotated Code of Maryland; or

(b) Take some other action that the Board may take by law.

(25) "Preliminary investigation" means the gathering of information to be used by the Board to determine if the Board should dismiss a complaint or conduct further investigation to determine if there is reasonable cause to charge a licensee with a violation of the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act.

(26) "Probation" means a sanction imposed by the Board in a public final order in which the licensee is:

(a) Monitored by the Board for a period of time; and

(b) Required to comply with certain conditions to avoid further disciplinary action.

(27) "Prohibited act" means conduct specified in the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act which may result in sanctions or penalties.

(28) "Public record" means a document that the Board is permitted or required to disclose to the public under State Government Article, Title 10, Subtitle 6, Annotated Code of Maryland.

(29) "Recommended decision" means a nonpublic document issued to the Board by an administrative law judge that sets out proposed findings of fact, proposed conclusions of law, proposed sanction, or any combination of them.

(30) "Recusal" means the disqualification of a member of the Board to participate in a proceeding because of interest, bias, or some other reason that may interfere with the Board member's participation in a case.
"Respondent" means a licensee, subject to the jurisdiction of the Board, that has been:

(a) Given notice to answer allegations concerning violations of the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act;

(b) Notified as to a potential emergency suspension under State Government Article, §10-226(c), Annotated Code of Maryland; or

(c) Notified as to a potential violation of Health Occupations Article, §2-401, Annotated Code of Maryland.

"Revocation" means the removal of an audiologist's, hearing aid dispenser's, or speech-language pathologist's license to practice audiology, hearing aid dispensing, or speech-language pathology.

"Sanction" means an action by the Board, including a:

(a) Reprimand;

(b) Placement on probation;

(c) Fine; or

(d) Suspension or revocation of a license.

"Show cause hearing" means a nonevidentiary hearing before the Board in which the licensee has the opportunity to demonstrate to the Board why the Board should not issue a proposed order or take an action that the Board may take.

"Stay" means the withholding of an action ordered by the Board which may be subject to certain conditions.

"Summary suspension" means the indefinite suspension of a license under State Government Article, §10-226(c)(2), Annotated Code of Maryland, taken if the Board believes the action is necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare.

"Surrender" means the voluntary relinquishing of a license to practice audiology, hearing aid dispensing, or speech-language pathology that may be subject to certain conditions set by the Board.

"Suspension" means a temporary denial of the right to use a license and is usually defined by:

(a) A specific period of time;
(b) Specific dates; or
(c) Specific conditions.

(39) "Violation" means an act or omission prohibited under Health Occupations Article, §2-314, Annotated Code of Maryland.

.03 Confidentiality of Proceedings.

A. Except as otherwise provided by law, the proceedings of the Board are confidential. The parties may not waive the confidentiality provided by this regulation.

B. The Office of Administrative Hearings' proceedings involving the adjudication of a Board-contested case and the administrative law judge's recommended decision are confidential. The respondent may not waive the confidentiality of the proceedings or of the patients whose medical records or care are reflected in the record of the proceedings.

C. To the extent possible, even after a final order is issued by the Board, the parties may not reveal legal documents, oral statements, or information that would reveal the identity of any patients referred to in the Board's order.

.04 Representation by Counsel.

A. A respondent may be represented by counsel in any matter before the Board and at any stage of the proceedings.

B. If the matter goes to a hearing, the respondent shall be represented in proper person or by an attorney who has been admitted to the Maryland Bar or specially admitted to practice law under Maryland Rules, Rules Governing Admission to the Bar of Maryland, Rule 14, Annotated Code of Maryland.

C. In all proceedings, the Board may be represented by and obtain advice of counsel assigned to it by the Office of the Attorney General.

.05 Proceedings under Health Occupations Article, §2-314, Annotated Code of Maryland.

A. Investigation of Complaints.

(1) The Board may:

(a) Make a preliminary review of each complaint; and

(b) Recommend that cases involving complaints over which the Board lacks jurisdiction be closed or referred to the appropriate agency.
(2) The Board may send a copy of the complaint, either in its entirety or redacted, to the licensee that is the subject of the complaint, to obtain a response to the allegations made in the complaint.

(3) Board subpoenas may be issued by the Board over the signature of the administrator.

B. Prosecution of Complaint.

(1) After reviewing any completed investigative information or reports for each complaint, the Board shall:

(a) Dismiss the complaint;

(b) Close the case with informal action;

(c) Issue a cease and desist order;

(d) Refer the matter for further investigation;

(e) Refer the matter to an administrative prosecutor; or

(f) Vote to:

(i) Charge a licensee with a violation of Health Occupations Article, §2-314, Annotated Code of Maryland;

(ii) Consider the matter as a basis for summary suspension under State Government Article, §10-226(c)(2), Annotated Code of Maryland;

(iii) Initially deny licensure or reinstatement of a license; or

(iv) Accept the surrender of a license subject to conditions acceptable to the Board.

(2) The Board may refer a complaint or other disciplinary matter to the administrative prosecutor at any time, regardless of whether the Board has voted to charge a licensee with violations of the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act.

C. Charges and Notice of Initial Denial.

(1) If the Board issues charges or a notice of initial denial, the document shall be:

(a) Served upon the respondent by certified mail at the address the respondent is required to maintain with the Board;
(b) Hand-delivered in person; or

(c) Served by other means reasonable to effect service.

(2) Charges or a notice of initial denial shall:

(a) Inform the respondent of the statutory basis for the charges or denial of licensure;

(b) Allege sufficient facts which the Board believes constitute either a basis for:

(i) Violation of the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act; or

(ii) Denial of licensure;

(c) Notify the respondent of:

(i) Any proceedings scheduled before the Board or of an opportunity to request a hearing within a certain period of time; and

(ii) The consequences of failing to appear for scheduled proceedings or failing to request a hearing; and

(d) Be accompanied by a letter of procedure notifying respondent of the applicability of the Administrative Procedure Act to the Board's proceedings.

(3) If the Board is unable to serve the charges or notice of initial denial upon the respondent as described in §C(1) of this regulation, the Board may nevertheless proceed in prosecuting the case.

(4) If the Board issues a notice of initial denial to an applicant for a license, the applicant may not withdraw the application without approval of the Board.

D. Discovery.

(1) Discovery on Request. By written request served on the other party and filed with the Board or the Office of Administrative Hearings, as appropriate, a party may require another party to produce, within 15 days, the following:

(a) A list of the witnesses to be called;

(b) Copies of all documents intended to be produced at the hearing; or

(c) Both §D(1)(a) and (b) of this regulation.
(2) Mandatory Discovery.

(a) Each party shall provide to the other party, not later than 15 days before the prehearing conference, if scheduled, or 45 days before the scheduled hearing date, whichever is earlier:

(i) The name and curriculum vitae of any expert witness that will testify at the hearing; and

(ii) A detailed written report summarizing the expert's testimony, which includes the opinion offered and the factual basis and reasons underlying the opinion.

(b) If the Board or the Office of Administrative Hearings, as appropriate, finds that the report is not sufficiently specific, or otherwise fails to comply with the requirements of §D(2)(a) of this regulation, the Board or the Office of Administrative Hearings, as appropriate, shall exclude from the hearing the testimony of the expert and any report of the expert.

(c) The Board or the Office of Administrative Hearings, as appropriate, shall consider and decide arguments on the sufficiency of the report:

(i) At the prehearing conference, if scheduled; or

(ii) Immediately before the scheduled hearing.

(d) If an expert adopts a sufficiently specific charging document as the expert's report, that adoption satisfies the requirements set forth in §D(2)(a)(ii) of this regulation.

(3) Parties are not entitled to discovery of items other than those listed in §D(1) and (2) of this regulation.

(4) Both parties have a continuing duty to supplement their disclosures of witnesses and documents.

(5) Absent unforeseen circumstances which would otherwise impose an extraordinary hardship on a party, witnesses or documents may not be added to the list:

(a) After the prehearing conference, if scheduled; or

(b) 15 or fewer days before the hearing, if no prehearing conference is scheduled.

(6) The prohibition against adding witnesses does not apply to witnesses or documents to be used for impeachment or rebuttal purposes.
(7) Construction.

(a) In hearings conducted by an administrative law judge of the Office of Administrative Hearings, this regulation shall be construed, if possible, as supplementing and in harmony with COMAR 28.02.01.

(b) In a conflict between this regulation and COMAR 28.02.01, this regulation applies.

E. Case Resolution Conference.

(1) After service of charges or notice of initial denial, the Board shall offer a respondent the opportunity for a case resolution conference.

(2) At any other time during disciplinary proceedings, the Board may offer or the respondent may request a case resolution conference to discuss a disciplinary matter.

(3) Except as provided in §E(1) of this regulation, the Board may deny a respondent's request for a case resolution conference.

(4) Matters admitted, revealed, negotiated, or otherwise discussed at a case resolution conference are without prejudice and may not be used by the respondent, administrative prosecutor, or the Board in any subsequent proceedings, unless the information is otherwise discovered or introduced by appropriate means.

(5) Recommendations of the case resolution conference committee are not binding on the Board, which may:

(a) Modify a proposed settlement;

(b) Require additional conditions; or

(c) Reject the recommendation and require the respondent to proceed to a hearing.

(6) If the respondent and the administrative prosecutor are unable to reach an agreement for settlement that is recommended by the case resolution conference committee and ratified by the Board, the matter shall proceed to a hearing on the charges or notice of initial denial.

(7) If the respondent disagrees with the recommendation of the case resolution conference committee, the respondent may elect to proceed to a hearing in the matter, regardless of whether the Board has ratified the recommendation of the case resolution conference committee.

(8) Participation in a case resolution conference is not ordinarily a basis for recusal of a Board member, Board counsel, or Board prosecutor from further proceedings in a case.
.06 Sanctions, Hearings, and Final Order.

A. Surrender of License.

(1) The Board may require conditions for surrender of a license, including:

(a) An admission of a violation of the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act;

(b) An admission of facts;

(c) A statement of the circumstances under which the surrender was offered or accepted;

(d) Restrictions on future licensure;

(e) Conditions for reinstatement of the license; or

(f) An agreement that the respondent may not apply for reinstatement of the license.

(2) Unless the Board determines that disclosure of the surrender is not in the public interest, a letter of surrender is a final order of the Board and is a public record under State Government Article, §10-611, Annotated Code of Maryland.

B. Hearings on Charges or Notice of Initial Denial.

(1) Hearings shall be conducted under State Government Article, Title 10, Annotated Code of Maryland.

(2) The Board may delegate its authority to hear contested cases to the Office of Administrative Hearings on a case-by-case basis.

(3) Proceedings may not be open to the public.

(4) All records, including the recommended decision, shall be confidential and sealed.

(5) If a matter has been delegated to the Office of Administrative Hearings, the administrative law judge presiding over the proceedings shall issue to the Board a recommended decision containing:

(a) Proposed or final findings of fact;

(b) Proposed or final conclusions of law;

(c) A proposed sanction; or
(d) Any combination of §B(5)(a)—(c) of this regulation pursuant to the Board's delegation.

C. Burden of Proof.

(1) An applicant or licensee issued a notice of initial denial by the Board has the burden to demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the applicant or licensee is entitled to licensure or other benefit the Board has initially denied.

(2) The administrative prosecutor has the burden to demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the licensee has committed a violation or violations of the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act.

D. Exceptions and Exceptions Hearing.

(1) If a matter has been delegated by the Board to the Office of Administrative Hearings, a party may file exceptions to the administrative law judge's proposed findings of fact, proposed conclusions of law, and proposed sanction, as set out in the recommended decision, before the Board makes a final decision.

(2) Unless otherwise permitted by the Board, within 15 days after the issuance of the recommended decision, or as otherwise specified by the administrative law judge in the recommended decision, either party may file written exceptions with the Board.

(3) Unless otherwise permitted by the Board, a party's written exceptions may not be longer than 25 double-spaced pages, and shall state with particularity the finding of fact, conclusion of law, or other matter excepted to, and the relevant portions of the record supporting the party's exception.

(4) Unless otherwise permitted by the Board, within 10 days after a party's exceptions are filed with the Board, the opposing party may file an answer to exceptions.

(5) Unless otherwise permitted by the Board, a party's answer to exceptions may not be longer than 25 double-spaced pages, and shall state with particularity a response to an exception and the relevant portions of the record supporting that response.

(6) Unless otherwise permitted, the Board may not consider a party's response to an answer to exceptions.

(7) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties and permitted by the Board, an exceptions hearing shall be scheduled for the next meeting of the Board after receipt of the parties' exceptions and any answer to exceptions.

(8) Exceptions Hearing.

(a) An exceptions hearing shall be held before the Board.
(b) The hearing shall be a nonevidentiary hearing to provide the parties with an opportunity for oral argument on the exceptions and answers to exceptions.

(c) The Board member presiding at the hearing shall determine all procedural issues and may impose reasonable time limits on each party's oral argument.

(d) The presiding Board member shall make rulings reasonably necessary to facilitate the effective and efficient progress of the hearing.

(e) The respondent and the administrative prosecutor each may not exceed 30 minutes to present oral argument.

(f) The party who filed the exceptions shall proceed first and may reserve part of the allotted time for rebuttal.

(9) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties and permitted by the Board, the parties may not, in an answer to exceptions or in the hearing on exceptions, reference any document or other evidence or offer an exhibit that is outside the record of the evidentiary hearing before the administrative law judge.

(10) If neither party files exceptions within the time specified in §D(2) of this regulation, the Board shall consider only the recommended decision of the administrative law judge and the record of the evidentiary hearing in making its final decision.

E. Board Final Decision and Order.

(1) After review of the record and deliberation, the Board shall issue a final order consisting of findings of fact, conclusions of law, and the sanction or disposition to be imposed.

(2) Upon a finding that there has been a violation of the Maryland Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists Act, the Board may order that the licensee be fined, reprimanded, placed on probation, or the license suspended or revoked.

.07 Summary Suspension of a License.

A. Pursuant to its authority under State Government Article, §10-226(c)(2), Annotated Code of Maryland, the Board shall order the summary suspension of a license if the Board determines that there is a substantial likelihood that a licensee poses a risk of harm to the public health, safety, or welfare.

B. Notice of Intent to Summarily Suspend.

(1) Based on information gathered in an investigation or otherwise provided to the Board, the Board may vote to issue:
(a) A notice of intent to summarily suspend a license; or

(b) An order of summary suspension.

(2) If the Board votes to issue a notice of intent to summarily suspend a license or an order of summary suspension, the Board shall refer the matter to an administrative prosecutor for prosecution.

(3) A notice of intent to summarily suspend a license shall include:

(a) A proposed order of summary suspension which is unexecuted by the Board and includes:

(i) The statutory authority on which the action has been taken;

(ii) Allegations of fact that the Board believes demonstrate a substantial likelihood that the licensee poses a risk of harm to the public health, safety, or welfare; and

(iii) Notice to the respondent of the right to request a full hearing on the merits of the summary suspension if the Board executes the proposed order of summary suspension; and

(b) An order or summons to appear before the Board to show cause why the Board should not execute the order of summary suspension and which notifies the respondent of the consequences of failing to appear.

(4) Service.

(a) The Board shall serve a respondent with a notice of intent to summarily suspend a license not later than 5 days before a predeprivation show cause hearing is scheduled before the Board.

(b) Service of the notice of intent to summarily suspend shall be made:

(i) Personally upon the respondent;

(ii) By certified mail to the address the respondent is required to maintain with the Board; or

(iii) By other reasonable means to effect service.

(c) If the Board is unable to serve the notice of intent to summarily suspend a license upon the respondent as described in §B(4)(a) and (b) of this regulation, the Board may nevertheless proceed to prosecute the case.
C. Predeprivation Opportunity to be Heard.

(1) If the Board issues a notice of intent to summarily suspend a license, the Board shall offer the respondent the opportunity to appear before the Board to show cause why the respondent's license should not be suspended before the Board executes the order of summary suspension.

(2) A Predeprivation Show Cause Hearing before the Board.

(a) The hearing shall be a nonevidentiary hearing to provide the parties with an opportunity for oral argument on the proposed summary suspension.

(b) The Board member presiding at the hearing shall determine all procedural issues and may impose reasonable time limits on each party's oral argument.

(c) The presiding Board member shall make rulings reasonably necessary to facilitate the effective and efficient operation of the hearing.

(d) The respondent and the administrative prosecutor may not exceed 30 minutes each to present oral argument.

(e) The respondent shall proceed first and may reserve part of the allotted time for rebuttal.

(3) The Board member who presides at the hearing:

(a) May allow either the respondent or the administrative prosecutor to present documents or exhibits which are relevant and material to the proceedings and which are not unduly repetitious, if the presiding Board member believes that the documents or exhibits are necessary for a fair hearing; and

(b) May not allow testimony by any witness unless agreed to by the parties and approved by the Board in advance of the hearing.

(4) A Board member may be recognized by the presiding member to ask questions of either party appearing before the Board.

D. Summary Suspension Without Prior Notice or an Opportunity to be Heard.

(1) Extraordinary Circumstances. The Board may, after consultation with Board counsel, order the summary suspension of a license without first issuing a notice of intent to summarily suspend license or providing a respondent with an opportunity for a predeprivation hearing if the Board determines that:

(a) The public health, safety, or welfare requires the immediate suspension of the license; and
(b) Prior notice and an opportunity to be heard are not feasible.

(2) Time—Service and Hearing.

(a) An order of summary suspension under §D(1) of this regulation shall be served upon the respondent within 24 hours after its execution.

(b) The respondent shall be provided an opportunity for a hearing before the Board within 15 days after the effective date of the summary suspension.

(3) If the respondent requests a hearing under §B(3)(a)(iii) of this regulation, that hearing shall:

(a) Be conducted before the Board as provided in §D(2)(b) of this regulation; and

(b) Provide the respondent with an opportunity to show cause why the Board should lift the summary suspension and reinstate the license.

E. Burdens of Production and Persuasion.

(1) In a show cause proceeding under §C of this regulation, the respondent may present argument in opposition to the allegations presented in the order for summary suspension or which otherwise demonstrate that the public health, safety, or welfare is not at risk.

(2) The administrative prosecutor bears the burden of demonstrating by a preponderance of the evidence that the health, safety, or welfare of the public imperatively requires the Board to summarily suspend the respondent's license.

F. Disposition.

(1) If the Board issues a notice of intent to summarily suspend a license before summarily suspending a license, the Board may, after the show cause hearing, vote to:

(a) Order a summary suspension;

(b) Deny the summary suspension;

(c) Issue an order agreed upon by the parties; or

(d) Issue an interim order warranted by the circumstances of the case, including one providing for stay of the summary suspension subject to certain conditions.

(2) If the Board orders a summary suspension before a show cause hearing, the Board may, at the conclusion of the hearing, vote to:
(a) Affirm its order of summary suspension;

(b) Rescind the order for summary suspension;

(c) Issue an order agreed upon by the parties; or

(d) Issue an interim order warranted by the circumstances of the case, including one providing for a stay of the summary suspension subject to certain conditions.

(3) An order for summary suspension or other order issued by the Board after the initiation of summary suspension proceedings are final orders of the Board and public records under State Government Article, §10-611, Annotated Code of Maryland.

G. Postdeprivation Opportunity for an Evidentiary Hearing.

(1) If the Board orders the summary suspension of a license under §C or D of this regulation, the respondent shall have an opportunity for an evidentiary hearing before the Board, or if the Board delegates the matter to the Office of Administrative Hearings, before an administrative law judge.

(2) The respondent may request an evidentiary hearing within 10 days after the Board issues the order of summary suspension.

(3) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, a hearing shall be provided within 45 days after respondent's request.

(4) An evidentiary hearing may be consolidated with a hearing on charges issued by the Board that include the facts which form the basis for the summary suspension.

(5) An evidentiary hearing shall be conducted under the contested case provisions of State Government Article, Title 10, Subtitle 2, Annotated Code of Maryland.

(6) If the Board delegates the matter to the Office of Administrative Hearings, the administrative law judge shall issue a recommended decision to the Board with:

(a) Proposed or final findings of fact;

(b) Proposed or final conclusions of law;

(c) A proposed disposition; or

(d) Any combination of §G(6)(a)—(c) of this regulation, pursuant to the Board's delegation of the matter to the Office of Administrative Hearings.
(7) If the hearing is one combined with charges, the administrative law judge's determination of the merits of the summary suspension shall be based only on the parts of the record available to the Board when the Board voted for summary suspension.

(8) The parties may file exceptions to the recommended decision, as provided in State Government Article, §10-216, Annotated Code of Maryland.

(9) An order issued by the Board after a postdeprivation evidentiary hearing is a final order of the Board and is a public record under State Government Article, §10-611, Annotated Code of Maryland.

.08 Probation and Violation of Probation Proceedings.

A. If the Board imposes a period of probation as a sanction, the Board may impose conditions of probation which the Board considers appropriate, including but not limited to:

(1) Reeducation or completion of approved courses;

(2) Payment of a fine;

(3) Providing free audiology, hearing aid dispensing, or speech-language pathology services in a Board-approved program;

(4) Practicing under supervision;

(5) Monitoring by the Board or by an individual or entity approved by the Board, with periodic reporting to the Board;

(6) Periodic review of a licensee's clinical practices or billing;

(7) Periodic audits of a licensee's billing practices;

(8) An examination by a physician or other appropriate health care provider;

(9) Limitation of the licensee's practice;

(10) Obtaining a passing score on an appropriate examination; or

(11) Any other condition the Board considers appropriate for the rehabilitation or retraining of a licensee.

B. A term of probation may be defined by a specific period of time or the successful completion of certain conditions or acts by the licensee.
C. A licensee seeking termination of probation shall do so only by petitioning the Board to lift the probation when:

(1) The specific period of time has passed;

(2) The licensee has successfully completed the conditions or acts required for termination; or

(3) Both.

D. If the Board determines that the licensee is not in compliance with the conditions of probation, the Board shall:

(1) Charge the licensee with a violation of probation;

(2) Take any action the final order or consent order provides for a violation of probation, including suspension of the license;

(3) Consider a summary suspension of the license; or

(4) Take any other action the Board considers appropriate and may take by law.

E. Charges for Violation of Probation.

(1) If the Board issues charges for a violation of probation, the service shall be as provided for in Regulation .05C(1) and (3) of this chapter.

(2) The charging document for a violation of probation shall:

(a) Inform the respondent of the statutory provision, condition of probation, or provision of the Board's order which the Board believes has been violated;

(b) Allege facts that constitute a basis for a violation of probation; and

(c) Notify the respondent of:

(i) Any proceedings scheduled before the Board or of an opportunity to request a hearing within a certain period of time; and

(ii) The consequences of failing to appear for those proceedings or to request a hearing.

(3) If the respondent requests a hearing on the charge of a violation of probation, the Board shall, before the hearing, provide the respondent with a case resolution conference as provided in Regulation .05E of this chapter, to discuss settlement of the matter.
F. Violation of Probation Hearing. A hearing for a violation of probation shall be held as set out in Regulation .05E of this chapter.

G. If the Board determines that a respondent has violated probation, the Board shall:

(1) Take any action the consent order or final order provides for a violation of probation;

(2) Impose additional conditions of probation; or

(3) Impose a sanction or take any other action the Board considers appropriate and may take by law.

.09 Restoration of a License.

A. Reinstatement.

(1) A licensee shall petition the Board for termination of a suspension of a license or a reinstatement after revocation or surrender of a license.

(2) A licensee that petitions the Board for reinstatement under the terms and conditions for reinstatement set out in a final order, letter of surrender, or other order of the Board, shall apply for reinstatement only under those terms and conditions.

(3) A licensee whose license has been revoked or surrendered for 5 or more years before filing a petition for reinstatement is ineligible for reinstatement but may apply for initial licensure.

(4) In addition to complying with any conditions for reinstatement ordered by the Board, an applicant for reinstatement shall:

(a) File an application for reinstatement with the Board; and

(b) Meet the requirements for reinstatement.

B. Notice of Intent to Deny Reinstatement and Notice of an Opportunity for a Hearing.

(1) If the Board issues a notice of intent to deny reinstatement, that notice shall be served as provided for in Regulation .05C(1) and (3) of this chapter.

(2) A notice of intent to deny reinstatement shall:

(a) Inform the applicant of the legal basis for the Board's belief that the applicant is not qualified for reinstatement, including any applicable statutory provision;

(b) Allege any facts the Board believes support the Board's reasons for denying reinstatement; and
(c) Notify the respondent of:

(i) Any proceedings scheduled before the Board or of an opportunity to request a hearing within a certain period of time; and

(ii) The consequences of failing to appear for scheduled proceedings or to request a hearing.

(3) If the applicant requests a hearing on the notice of intent to deny reinstatement, the Board shall, before the hearing, provide the applicant with a case resolution conference as provided in Regulation .05E of this chapter, to discuss settlement of the matter.

(4) A hearing on the notice of denial of reinstatement shall be held before the Board or delegated to an administrative law judge and conducted under the contested case provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act.

C. If the Board grants reinstatement of a license, the Board may impose any restrictions or conditions on the license or the licensee's practice that it considers appropriate.

.10 Judicial Review.

A final order of the Board is subject to judicial review as provided in Health Occupations Article, §2-316 and State Government Article, §10-222, Annotated Code of Maryland.

.11 Fines.

A. This regulation establishes the standards by which the Board may impose a fine not exceeding $1,000.

B. After a hearing under Health Occupations Article, §2-315, Annotated Code of Maryland, and COMAR 10.41.04, the Board may impose a fine, in addition to, or instead of:

(1) Reprimanding a licensee;

(2) Placing a licensee on probation; or

(3) Suspending or revoking a license.

C. In determining whether to impose a fine and the amount of the fine, the Board shall consider the following factors:

(1) The cost of investigating and prosecuting the case against the individual;

(2) The extent of actual or potential public harm caused by the violation;
(3) The extent to which the individual derived a financial benefit from the violation;

(4) The history of a previous violation or violations;

(5) The willfulness of the improper conduct; and

(6) Mitigating factors as presented by the licensee.

D. An individual shall pay the fine to the Board under the terms of the Board's order.

E. The Board shall pay all money collected under this chapter to the General Fund of the State.

F. Unless the Board's order provides otherwise, if an individual fails to pay, in whole or in part, a fine imposed by the Board, the Board may not restore, reinstate, or renew the license of the individual until the individual pays the fine in full.

G. The Board may refer all cases of delinquent payment to the Central Collection Unit of the Department of Budget and Management to institute and maintain proceedings and ensure prompt payment.

Chapter 05 Master's Degree Equivalency—Repealed

Chapter 06 Telehealth Communication

.01 Definitions.

A. In this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated.

B. Terms Defined.

(1) "Board" means the State Board of Examiners for Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists.

(2) "Consultant" means any professional who collaborates with a provider of telehealth services to provide services to patients.

(3) "Patient" means a consumer of telehealth services.

(4) "Provider" means an audiologist, hearing aid dispenser, or speech-language pathologist who provides telehealth services.

(5) "Service delivery model" means the method of providing telehealth services.
(6) "Site" means the patient location for providing telehealth services.

(7) "Stored clinical data" means video clips, sound/audio files, photo images, electronic records, and written records that may be available for transmission via telehealth communications.

(8) "Telehealth" means the use of telecommunications and information technologies for the exchange of information from one site to another for the provision of audiology, hearing aid dispensing, or speech-language pathology services to an individual from a provider through hardwire or internet connection.

(9) "Telepractice" means the practice of telehealth.

.02 Service Delivery Models.

A. Telehealth may be delivered in a variety of ways including those listed in §§B—E of this regulation.

B. Store-and-forward model/electronic transmission is an asynchronous electronic transmission of stored clinical data from one location to another usually by the internet via email and fax.

C. Clinician interactive model is a synchronous, real time interaction between the provider and patient or consultant that may occur via audio and video transmission over telecommunication links such as telephone, internet, fax, or other methods for distance communication, including:

(1) Videoconferencing;

(2) Remote control software applications;

(3) Computer applications;

(4) Fax transmittal and receipt;

(5) Email correspondence including attachments; or

(6) Video and audio transmission through regular mail service delivery and express delivery services.

D. Self-monitoring/testing model refers to when the patient or consultant receiving the services provides data to the provider without a facilitator present at the site of the patient or consultant.
E. Live versus stored data refers to the actual data transmitted during the telepractice. Both live, real-time and stored clinical data may be included during the telepractice.

.03 Guidelines for the Use of Telehealth.

A. A provider shall be accountable for any ethical and scope of practice requirements when providing telehealth services.

B. The scope, nature, and quality of services provided via telepractice are the same as that provided during in-person sessions by the provider.

C. The quality of electronic transmissions shall be appropriate for the provision of telehealth services as if those services were provided in person.

D. A provider shall only utilize technology with which they are competent to use as part of their telepractice services.

E. Equipment used for telehealth services shall be maintained in appropriate operational status to provide appropriate quality of services.

F. Equipment used at the site at which the patient or consultant is present shall be in appropriate working condition and deemed appropriate by the provider.

G. A provider shall be aware of the patient or consultant level of comfort with the technology being used as part of the telehealth services and adjust their practice to maximize the patient or consultant level of comfort.

H. When a provider collaborates with a consultant from another state in which the telepractice services are eventually delivered, the consultant in the state in which the patient lives shall be the primary care provider for the patient.

I. As pertaining to liability and malpractice issues, a provider shall be held to the same standards of practice as if the telepractice services were provided in person.

.04 Limitations of Telehealth Services.

A. A provider of telehealth services shall inform the patient and consultants as to the limitations of providing these services, including the following:

(1) The inability to have direct, physical contact with the patient is a primary difference between telehealth and direct in-person service delivery;

(2) The knowledge, experiences, and qualifications of the consultant providing data and information to the provider of the telehealth services need not be completely known to and understood by the provider;
(3) The quality of transmitted data may affect the quality of services provided by the provider; and

(4) That changes in the environment and test conditions could be impossible to make during delivery of telehealth services.

B. Telehealth services may not be provided by correspondence only.

.05 Requirements of Personnel Providing Telehealth Services.

A. A provider of telehealth services who practices in the State shall be licensed by the Board.

B. A provider of telehealth services shall be competent in both the type of services provided and the methodology and equipment used to provide the service.

C. A provider of telehealth services who resides out of State and who provides services to Maryland residents shall be licensed by the Board.

Chapter 07 – Cerumen Management

.01 Scope.

These regulations govern persons licensed as audiologists in the State.

.02 Definitions.

A. In this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated.

B. Terms Defined.

(1) "Cerumen management" means the removal of cerumen which may affect the successful completion of audiological procedures.

(2) "Medical liaison" means a cooperative arrangement for consultation with a physician, preferably an otolaryngologist.

(3) "Universal precautions" has the meaning stated in COMAR 10.06.01.02B(10).

.03 Limitations.

A. Before the removal of cerumen, the licensee shall obtain the informed consent of the patient, or legally responsible adult, and maintain documentation.
B. During cerumen removal, the licensee shall comply with the principles of universal precautions.

.04 Training, Knowledge, and Skills.

A. The licensee shall be responsible for obtaining the training, knowledge, and skills necessary to perform cerumen management.

B. Failure to obtain the training before performing cerumen management may subject the licensee to disciplinary action.

C. The licensee shall obtain training that includes:

(1) Principles of cerumen management including the anatomy of the ear canal and the ear drum and classification of cerumen;

(2) Use of instruments;

(3) Techniques for cerumen removal;

(4) Recognition of complications;

(5) Recognition of contraindications including but not limited to:

(a) Only hearing ear,

(b) Perforated tympanic membrane,

(c) Inflammation, tenderness, or drainage from the ear canal or middle ear,

(d) Ear surgery within the past 6 months or tympanostomy tubes,

(e) Diabetes mellitus, HIV infection, bleeding disorder, or other medical contraindications,

(f) Actual or suspected foreign body,

(g) Stenosis or bony exostosis of the ear canal,

(h) Dizziness occurring during cerumen removal,

(i) Cerumen impaction that totally occludes the ear canal; and

(6) Clinical experience gained under the direct supervision of a qualified professional.
D. The licensee shall maintain documentation evidencing the satisfactory completion of the required training.

.05 Precautions.

A. The licensee shall have established a medical liaison as defined in Regulation .02B of this chapter before performing cerumen removal.

B. The licensee shall refer patients to or consult with as needed the medical liaison for patients requiring cerumen removal who exhibit contraindications.

Chapter 08 – Hearing Aid Dispensers

.01 Scope.

This chapter governs individuals holding a license or a limited license as a hearing aid dispenser in the State.

.01-1 Definitions.

A. In this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated.

B. Terms Defined.

(1) “Accredited 2-year post-secondary program” means:

(a) A college or university located in the United States whose program has been accredited by a national accrediting association recognized by the:

(i) Council for Higher Education Accreditation; or

(ii) The United State Department of Education; or

(b) A college or university located outside of the United States whose program has met the standards for certification of the governing educational body that is regulated by the government of the country where the college or university is located.

(2) "Pro bono work" means work provided within the State within the scope of practice of the licensee that is performed without financial reimbursement or direct financial gain.

.02 Application for License.

A. The Board shall forward the necessary form to an individual requesting an application for a license or a limited license as a hearing aid dispenser.
B. The applicant shall provide the Board with the information necessary to satisfy the Board that the requirements are being fulfilled.

C. Failure to complete the forms and to provide the information required may be cause for the application to be rejected by the Board.

D. The applicant shall include with the application:

1. A check or money order made payable to the Board in the amount specified; and

2. If applying for a full license in hearing aid dispensing or transferring from a limited license in hearing aid dispensing to a full license in hearing aid dispensing, evidence of graduation from an accredited 2-year post-secondary program, as defined in Regulation .01-1B of this chapter.

E. The application fee covers the cost of administration and is not refundable.

F. The Board shall include in the application for a limited license the following statement: "I do hereby affirm, under penalty of perjury, that I am the holder of a valid unrevoked, unsuspended license issued by the Maryland Board of Examiners for Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists and that I have read the above excerpts, and that I fully understand my responsibilities as supervisor for the applicant who will work and train under my supervision and for whose technical training and ethical conduct I am to be responsible. I further affirm that I have read the application of the above-named person and that to the best of my knowledge all answers are true and correct."

G. The holder of a current hearing aid dispenser license who serves as the supervisor for the applicant shall sign the statement quoted in §F of this regulation.

H. False Information.

1. An applicant furnishing false information in the application may be denied the right to the examination.

2. If the applicant has been issued a license before the falsity of the information is discovered by the Board, the licensee may be subject to:

   a. Suspension;

   b. Revocation; or

   c. Prosecution for fraud, perjury, or both.

I. The applicant shall demonstrate oral English competency as follows:
(1) Completion of at least 60 credits from an undergraduate college or university where English was the language of instruction throughout the applicant's inclusive dates of attendance; or

(2) Achievement of a minimum score as defined by the Board on the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) within the 2 years preceding license application.

.03 Examinations—General.

A. An applicant shall file the examination application with the Board at least 30 days before the date of the examination.

B. Except for an applicant who holds a valid license to provide hearing aid dispenser services in another state or an applicant who holds a valid license to practice medicine in this State or any other state, the applicant shall obtain 6 months training under the supervision of a licensed hearing aid dispenser before taking the examination given by the Board.

C. The Board shall:

(1) Require that an applicant, who holds a valid license to practice medicine in this State or any other state and intends to sell hearing aids at retail, pass the written and law examinations given by the Board; and

(2) Request that an applicant, who holds a valid license to practice medicine in this State or any other state and intends to sell hearing aids at retail, take the practical examination given by the Board to ensure adequate protection to the consumer.

D. The Board shall accept current National Board Certification as a Hearing Instrument Specialist (BC-HIS) instead of the written and practical examinations for licensure, if the applicant:

(1) Is currently licensed in good standing in the state from which the applicant is applying; and

(2) Has practiced 3 years of the last 5 years before applying for a license in this State.

E. Before taking the Hearing Aid Dispensing Examination, a candidate shall provide the Board with a certificate of completion of the International Hearing Society course entitled "Distance Learning for the Professional in Hearing Health Sciences".

.04 Conduct of the Examination.

A. The Board shall select the site for the examination.
B. An applicant may not be examined by an examiner by whom the applicant is employed or with whom the applicant has a contractual relationship.

C. The Board shall ensure that the content and scope of the examination is in accordance with Health Occupations Article, §2-304, Annotated Code of Maryland.

D. The Board shall provide the applicant with up-to-date information as to study or reference material which would be beneficial in preparing for the examination.

E. The Board shall treat cheating or dishonesty by an applicant as grounds for failure.

F. At the time of the examination, the Board shall provide each applicant with an identification number to be used on the examination papers.

.05 Scope of the Examination.

A. The Board shall ensure that the examination consists of a written part and a practical part.

B. The written examination shall utilize the most recent competency model licensing examination from the Education Division of the International Hearing Society.

C. The Board shall ensure that the practical part of the examination tests proficiency in:

(1) Pure tone audiometry, including testing and recording of air and bone conduction;

(2) Speech audiometry, including speech reception and speech discrimination testing;

(3) Masking methodology;

(4) Choice and adaptation of hearing aids;

(5) Testing of hearing aids;

(6) Maintenance and basic repair of hearing aids;

(7) Taking of ear mold impressions; and

(8) Other techniques and procedures that may be required to fit hearing aids.

D. Nothing in the examination shall imply that the applicant shall possess the degree of medical competence normally expected of physicians.

E. Passing Score.

(1) Written Examination.
(a) The Board shall determine the passing score for the written examination.

(b) If a candidate does not earn a passing score on the written examination, the candidate shall have to retake the entire written examination.

(2) Practical Examination. An applicant shall obtain a score of at least 80 percent on the practical examination.

(3) If the licensee's limited license has not expired and the licensee passed the examination within the past 2 years, the Board shall accept prior passage of the written examination, the practical examination, or both.

.06 Practice of Limited Licensee.

A. The holder of a limited license shall be familiar with and shall avoid committing any of the acts regarded as unethical practices set forth in COMAR 10.41.02.

B. On obtaining a limited license, the holder of a limited license shall engage in the practice of fitting and dispensing hearing aids for 20 consecutive days under the direct and continuous supervision of a licensee. The licensee shall provide direct supervision subsequently for a minimum of 20 hours per month.

C. Supervision shall include training in those areas of the examination outlined in Regulation .05 of this chapter.

D. The limited licensee shall maintain documentation of supervision and training and shall submit the documentation to the Board upon request.

E. A licensee who supervises an applicant for a limited license shall assume full responsibility for the ethical conduct of the limited licensee.

F. Termination of Supervision.

(1) The supervising licensee may terminate the supervisory responsibility by discharging the limited licensee and returning the license to the Board, together with a letter explaining fully the circumstances under which the limited licensee was separated from the employment of the supervisor.

(2) If the limited license cannot be returned, the supervising licensee shall include a full explanation in the letter.

G. A limited license expires on the first anniversary of its effective date.

H. The Board may renew the limited license once for an additional 1-year term if the limited licensee:
(1) Takes but fails the examination; or

(2) Does not take the examination for a reason acceptable to the Board.

I. If a limited licensee fails to receive a full license within 2 years after the initial limited license was issued, the individual shall wait a minimum of 1 year before the individual may apply for another limited license.

J. The supervisor of a limited licensee:

(1) Shall hold a valid license issued by the Maryland Board;

(2) Shall be actively involved in the dispensing of hearing aids;

(3) Shall have been in practice for a minimum of 2 years after passing the Board examination;

(4) Shall supervise not more than three limited licensees at one time; and

(5) May not have been formally disciplined by the Board within the previous 5 years.

.07 Repealed.

.08 Testing Procedures.

A. The licensee or holder of a limited license who is engaged in the fitting and dispensing of hearing aids shall use appropriate testing procedures for a hearing aid fitting.

B. The licensee or holder of a limited license shall perform the following minimum testing procedures on each client seen:

(1) Air conduction tests at frequencies of 500-1,000-2,000-4,000 hertz, including appropriate masking, if the threshold of the second ear tested appears to differ by 30 decibels at any one frequency from those of the first ear; and

(2) Bone conduction tests at frequencies of 500-1,000-2,000-4,000 hertz, including appropriate masking, if there is a greater than 10 decibel difference in the bone readings of one ear over the other.

C. The use of speech stimuli is recommended before and during the fitting of the hearing aid.
D. The hearing aid dispenser shall maintain all test results as part of a client's record. Part or all of the tests may be performed by an otologist or clinical audiologist, but copies of the tests given may not be more than 6 months old. The hearing aid dispenser shall retain the test results in the client's record.

E. During the 2-year renewal, a hearing aid dispenser shall furnish evidence that each audiometer in use has been calibrated within the previous 12-month period.

F. Before fitting or selling a hearing aid to a potential client, the licensee shall refer the client to a physician, preferably one specializing in the diseases of the ear, if the licensee determines that the client has any of the following conditions:

(1) Visible, congenital, or traumatic deformity of the ear;

(2) Acute drainage from the ear within the previous 90 days;

(3) Sudden or rapidly progressive hearing loss within the previous 90 days;

(4) Acute or chronic dizziness;

(5) Air-bone gap in excess of 15 decibels on more than one frequency; or

(6) Visible evidence of cerumen (ear wax) accumulation or a foreign body in the ear canal.

.09 Place of Business.

A. A licensee shall display the license conspicuously in the office or place of employment of the licensee.

B. A licensee shall notify the Board in writing of:

(1) The address of each place where the licensee provides hearing aid services; and

(2) A change of address within 30 days after the change.

C. If a licensee has more than one place of business, the licensee shall specify on each notice required under this regulation the place to which the Board should mail its notices and other correspondence to the licensee.

.10 Disclosure.

A. A licensee shall deliver to an individual supplied with a hearing aid, a receipt containing:
(1) The licensee's signature;
(2) The address of the licensee's regular place of practice;
(3) The licensee's license number;
(4) Specifications as to the amount charged;
(5) Other terms of the sale, stated clearly; and
(6) The manufacturer, model, and serial number of the hearing aid provided.

B. If a hearing aid is not new, the licensee shall ensure that the receipt is clearly marked "used" or "reconditioned" and state the terms of any guarantee.

.11 Continuing Education Requirements.

A. A licensee applying for renewal of a license shall have successfully completed, within the 2-year licensing period, a total of 30 hours of Board-approved continuing education programs. Of the 30 hours, the licensee shall complete:

(1) 26 or more hours of instruction directly relating to the practice of fitting hearing aids, including the:
   (a) Science of hearing and hearing disorders;
   (b) Structure and function of hearing aids; and
   (c) Psychology of the hearing impaired; and

(2) Not more than:
   (a) 4 hours of instruction directly relating to managerial aspects of the practice of fitting hearing aids, including:
      (i) Good business principles; and
      (ii) Customer management principles; or
   (b) 5 hours of continuing education credit in a single continuing education cycle by attending regularly scheduled Board meetings where 1 hour of an open session at a Board meeting equals 1 hour of continuing education credit.

B. A licensee who fails to complete the continuing education requirements within the time frame specified under COMAR 10.41.03.06 may be subject to:
(1) Informal or formal discipline for failure to meet the requirements; and
(2) A monetary fine not to exceed $250

C. Pro Bono Work.

(1) CEUs may be earned for pro bono work at the rate of 1 Maryland CEU for every 8 hours of Board-approved CEU activity up to a maximum of 3 CEU credits in any single 2-year period.

(2) The licensee shall obtain approval from the Board for all pro bono work.

(3) The licensee shall provide the Board a written description of the proposed work not later than 60 days before beginning pro bono work. The description shall include:

(a) The place where the pro bono work will take place;

(b) The type of work to be performed;

(c) The number of hours of actual work to be performed for which the licensee desires CEU credit;

(d) A description of how the work will enhance the licensee's ongoing education; and

(e) A statement guaranteeing that the licensee will not receive any financial gain from the work provided.

(4) The licensee shall submit a written statement to the Board from the facility verifying the number of pro bono work hours completed.

(5) CEU credit may not be granted for work that did not receive prior approval from the Board.

D. First-Time Renewal of License.

(1) Continuing education units shall be prorated for:

(a) Licensees holding a full license for at least 6 months but less than 2 years during the renewal cycle;

(b) Newly licensed individuals;

(c) Individuals seeking reinstatement; and

(d) Individuals who have been licensed in another state and are seeking licensure in Maryland.
(2) The Board shall waive all continuing education requirements for a licensee obtaining full licensure within 6 months of the beginning of the renewal cycle.

D. Miscellaneous.

(1) Continuing education units may not be carried over from one renewal period to the next renewal period.

(2) If the licensee presents evidence to the Board that failure to obtain the required continuing education units was due to circumstances beyond the licensee’s control, the Board may grant an extension of time to obtain the required continuing education units.

(3) If the Board grants an extension of time as provided for in §D(2) of this regulation, the Board may require the licensee to obtain, as additional continuing education, not more than twice the number of missing credits in order to renew the license.

(4) The Board may reduce or waive the continuing education requirements for an individual under extenuating circumstances as determined by the Board.

.12 Renewal of Licensure.

A. A licensee who has failed to renew a license to practice in this State by March 3 of the year in which the license is due to be renewed is prohibited from practicing in this State.

B. If the Board determines that a licensee has practiced in this State after the license has expired, the Board may:

(1) Order the licensee to immediately cease and desist practice in this State until the license has been reinstated by the Board; and

(2) Take action as follows against a licensee for unprofessional conduct if it determines that the licensee practiced in this State after the license has expired:

(a) Issue a nonpublic consent agreement in which the licensee agrees to make an anonymous donation of $250 to a charitable institution and to perform 40 hours of Board-approved pro bono services;

(b) Provide the licensee with a settlement conference; or

(c) Charge the licensee with unprofessional conduct as provided in Health Occupations Article, §2–314(10), Annotated Code of Maryland, for practicing without a license.
Chapter 09  Civil Penalties

.01 Scope.

This chapter establishes the standards by which the Board may impose an administrative monetary penalty not exceeding $5,000 on an individual licensed under Health Occupations Article, Title 2, Annotated Code of Maryland, for an act or omission prohibited under Health Occupations Article, §2-314, Annotated Code of Maryland.

.02 Definitions.

A. In this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated.

B. Terms Defined.

(1) "Board" means Board of Examiners for Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists.

(2) "Licensee" means an individual licensed by the Board to practice audiology, hearing aid dispensing, or speech-language pathology.

(3) "Violation" means an act or omission prohibited under Health Occupations Article, §2-314, Annotated Code of Maryland.

.03 Authority To Impose Administrative Monetary Penalty.

A. After a hearing under Health Occupations Article, §2-315, Annotated Code of Maryland, and COMAR 10.41.04, the Board may impose an administrative monetary penalty of $1,000 or less under this chapter on a licensee who is found to have committed a violation.

B. The Board may impose a penalty under §A of this regulation:

(1) For each determination by the Board that there are grounds to suspend or revoke the license of a licensee or to reprimand a licensee or place a licensee on probation, not to exceed a maximum of $1,000; and

(2) In addition to any suspension or revocation, or reprimanding the licensee or placing the licensee on probation.

.04 Factors To Be Considered in Assessment of Penalties.

In determining whether to impose a penalty and the amount of the penalty, the Board shall consider the following factors:

A. The cost of investigating and prosecuting the case against the individual;
B. The extent of actual or potential public harm caused by the violation;

C. The extent to which the individual derived any financial benefit from the violation;

D. The history of any previous violation;

E. The willfulness of the improper conduct; and

F. Any mitigating factors as presented by the licensee.

.05 Payment of Penalties.

A. An individual shall pay to the Board within a time set by the Board any administrative monetary penalty imposed under this chapter.

B. The Board shall pay into the General Fund of the State all monies collected under this chapter.

C. If an individual fails to pay, in whole or in part, any penalty imposed by the Board under this chapter, the Board may not restore, reinstate, or renew the license of the individual until the penalty has been paid in full.

D. The Board may refer all cases of delinquent payment to the Central Collection Unit of the Department of Budget and Management to institute and maintain proceedings and ensure prompt payment.

Chapter 10 Compelling Purpose Disclosure

.01 Scope.

A. This chapter permits the Board to disclose investigative information to other agencies or other entities, or both, under certain circumstances.

B. A custodian may disclose information in a certification, licensing, or investigative file if the custodian determines that a compelling public purpose exists to warrant disclosure.

.02 Disclosure for Compelling Public Purpose.

A custodian may find that a compelling public purpose warrants disclosure of information in a certification, licensing, or investigative file, regardless of whether there has been a request for the information, if the information concerns:

A. Possible criminal activity and is disclosed to a federal, state, or local law enforcement or prosecutorial official or authority;
B. A possible violation of law and is disclosed to a federal, state, or local regulatory authority that has jurisdiction over the individual whose conduct may be a violation, and the information disclosed is limited to information relevant to the possible violation by that individual; or

C. Conduct by an individual which the Board reasonably believes may pose a risk to the public health, safety, or welfare, and is disclosed to a law enforcement authority, administrative official, or agency which regulates the individual, or to a hospital or other health care facility where the individual has privileges.

.03 Other Disclosures.

This chapter does not prevent or limit the ability of the Board to disclose general licensing information as provided in State Government Article, §10-617(h), Annotated Code of Maryland, or any information which the Board may otherwise disclose by law.

Chapter 11  Speech-Language Pathology Assistants

.01 Definitions.

A. In this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated.

B. Terms Defined.

(1) "Board" means the State Board of Examiners for Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists.

(2) "Continuing education unit (CEU)" means 1 hour of attendance at a Board-approved program as described in COMAR 10.41.03.06.

(3) "Credit hour" means 1 academic credit hour of an academic course conducted by an accredited academic institution.

(4) "Delegation agreement" means an agreement between a speech-language pathology assistant and a supervising speech-language pathologist which identifies the supervising speech-language pathologist and the facility at which the speech-language pathology assistant will be practicing.

(5) "Direct supervision" means on-site, in-view, observation and guidance by a supervising speech-language pathologist while on an assigned activity.

(6) "Indirect supervision" means those activities other than direct observation and guidance conducted by a supervising speech-language pathologist including, but not limited to:
(a) Review of charts and records;
(b) Attendance at meetings; or
(c) Phone contact.

(7) "Speech-language pathology assistant" means an individual who:

(a) Assists the supervising speech-language pathologist clinically in the implementation of treatment and other defined activities; and

(b) Meets the minimum requirements set forth in this chapter.

(8) "Supervising speech-language pathologist" means an individual who meets all requirements set forth in this chapter and who:

(a) Is licensed by the Board; or

(b) In exempt settings, holds the Certificate of Clinical Competence (CCC) in Speech-Language Pathology from the American Speech-Language Hearing Association (ASHA).

(9) "Supervision" means both direct and indirect supervision.

.02 Speech-Language Pathology Assistant License.

The Board shall issue a speech-language pathology assistant license to an applicant who:

A. Meets the following qualifications:

(1) Has completed the educational requirements in Regulation .03A of this chapter;

(2) Has completed the clinical hours requirements in Regulation .03B of this chapter;

(3) Has obtained a limited license as a speech-language pathology assistant from the Board;

(4) Has completed a period of not less than 9 months of supervised practice as specified in Regulation .03C of this chapter; and

(5) Submits a competency checklist completed by the supervising speech-language pathologist to the Board; or

B. Meets the qualifications for waiver of requirements in Regulation .05 of this chapter.
.03 Requirements for a Speech-Language Pathology Assistant License.

A. Academic Curriculum Requirement.

(1) A speech-language pathology assistant shall demonstrate completion of one of the following requirements within the past 5 years:

(a) An associate's degree from an approved program for speech-language pathology assistants at an accredited institution;

(b) An associate's degree or higher in an allied health field from an accredited institution with minimum course work that includes at least 3 credit hours in each of the following areas:

(i) Normal speech-language development;

(ii) Speech disorders;

(iii) Anatomy and physiology of speech systems;

(iv) Language disorders; and

(v) Phonology; or

(c) A baccalaureate degree in speech-language pathology or communication science disorders from an accredited institution.

(2) The Board shall accept only course work completed with a grade of at least a "C" taken for credit.

(3) Academic course titles which are not self-explanatory shall be substantiated through course descriptions in official school catalogs or bulletins, or by other official means.

(4) Degrees or course work, or both, received at foreign universities are acceptable only if the course work and clinical practicum hours can be demonstrated, at the applicant's expense, to meet the requirements of this section.

B. Clinical Hours Requirement.

(1) A speech-language pathology assistant shall demonstrate at the time of application for licensure:

(a) Completion of at least 25 hours of clinical observation and 75 hours of clinical assisting experience in an associate's program; or
(b) 25 observation and 75 clinical practice hours as a speech-language pathology student in a bachelor's or master's program obtained within an educational institution or in one of the educational institution's cooperating programs.

(2) Alternative Method for Completion of Clinical Hours.

(a) If an applicant has not obtained the hours required in §B(1) of this regulation, the applicant may file with the Board a written plan for an alternative method to obtain the hours which shall include:

(i) A plan for the clinical observation, or clinical assisting experience, or both, designed and signed by the supervising speech-language pathologist;

(ii) Further information or revisions as requested by the Board;

(iii) An application for limited licensure; and

(iv) A fee for limited licensure.

(b) The plan for obtaining the 75 hours of clinical assistance shall include 100 percent direct supervision by the supervising speech-language pathologist of the speech-language pathologist assistant during any client contact hours.

(c) The Board shall approve the plan and issue the limited license before any clinical observation or clinical assisting experience may be obtained.

(d) The limited licensee shall then complete the hours in accordance with the Board-approved plan within 60 days.

(e) If the Board does not receive proof of successful completion of the hours by the end of 90 days, the limited assistant license is void and the speech-language pathology assistant may reapply.

C. Supervised Practice Requirement.

(1) A speech-language pathology assistant shall have a limited license from the Board before beginning supervised practice.

(2) The Board shall issue a limited license to practice as a speech-language pathology assistant to an applicant who:

(a) Is of good moral character;

(b) Meets the qualifications indicated in §A of this regulation and:

(i) Has completed the requirements of §B(1) of this regulation; or
(ii) Has submitted a plan approved by the Board as provided in §B(2) of this regulation;

(c) Submits the completed application and fee to the Board; and

(d) Submits a delegation agreement to the Board for each supervising speech-language pathologist.

(3) During the period of limited licensure, the speech-language pathology assistant shall:

(a) Practice only under the supervision of:

(i) A fully licensed speech-language pathologist; or

(ii) In an exempt setting, an individual who holds a Certificate of Clinical Competence in speech-language pathology from the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association;

(b) Demonstrate completion, within the first 60 days, under direct supervision as documented by the supervising speech-language pathologist of:

(i) At least 25 hours of clinical observation earned during the educational training or on the job, or both; and

(ii) A cumulative total of 75 hours of clinical assistance earned during the educational training or on the job, or both; and

(c) Practice a minimum of 9 months under a limited license.

(4) The limited license shall expire 12 months after its effective date.

(5) The supervising speech-language pathologist shall ensure that the speech-language pathology assistant demonstrates successful completion of the Board's competency skills checklist.

(6) The speech-language pathology assistant shall submit the completed competency skills checklist to the Board at least 60 days before the limited license expiration date.

.04 Issuance of Speech-Language Pathology Assistant License.

A. The Board shall issue a speech-language pathology assistant license to a limited licensee who:

(1) Has successfully completed the requirements of the limited licensure period; or

(2) Meets the qualifications for waiver of requirements in Regulation .05 of this chapter.
B. A speech-language pathology assistant shall complete a delegation agreement for each supervising speech-language pathologist.

.05 Waiver of Requirements—Speech-Language Pathology Assistants.

A. The Board may waive the qualifications required for a license to practice as a speech-language pathology assistant under this chapter for an individual who:

(1) Is of good moral character;

(2) Pays the application fee required by the Board under COMAR 10.41.01;

(3) Has been working as a speech-language pathology assistant for at least 2 years;

(4) Has completed the educational requirements in Regulation .03A of this chapter;

(5) Possesses sufficient qualifications which have been documented by a supervising speech-language pathologist, through completion of the speech-language pathology assistant competency skills checklist; and

(6) Completes a delegation agreement for each supervising speech-language pathologist.

B. The Board may waive any of the qualifications required for a license to practice as a speech-language pathology assistant under this chapter for an individual who:

(1) Holds a valid registration as a speech-language pathology assistant from the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association;

(2) Holds a valid license, certification, or registration as a speech language pathology assistant in another state whose qualifications for a speech-language pathology assistant are equivalent to the qualifications for a speech-language pathology assistant in this State; or

(3) Qualifies under the waiver of requirements provided in §A of this regulation.

.06 Speech-Language Pathology Assistant Scope of Practice.

A. A speech-language pathology assistant may provide only services which assist the direct services provided by a supervising speech-language pathologist, and not services which are alternatives to direct services.

B. Activities within the scope of practice of a speech-language pathology assistant shall include the following:

(1) Engaging only in those duties planned, designed, and supervised by a supervising speech-language pathologist;
Following treatment plans or protocols developed by the supervising speech-language pathologist who maintains professional responsibility for the plans of care;

(3) Adhering at all times to the code of ethics of the Board;

(4) Identifying the licensee as a speech-language pathology assistant to consumers and co-professionals;

(5) Following specified screening protocols developed by the supervising speech-language pathologist when conducting speech-language screenings; and

(6) Reporting documented evidence of treatment and non-interpretive data regarding the client's performance to the supervising speech-language pathologist.

C. Activities within the scope of practice of a speech-language pathology assistant may include the following:

(1) Performing preparation of materials;

(2) Scheduling activities;

(3) Preparing charts, records, graphs, and other clerical duties;

(4) Performing checks and maintenance of equipment; and

(5) Participating with the supervising speech-language pathologist in research projects, in-service training, and public relations programs.

D. Activities not within the scope of practice of a speech-language pathology assistant include:

(1) Performing or interpreting the results of diagnostic evaluations;

(2) Participating in parent conferences, case conferences, or interdisciplinary team meetings without the presence of the supervising speech-language pathologist, or other licensed speech-language pathologist designated by the supervising speech-language pathologist;

(3) Providing client or family counseling;

(4) Selecting clients for services;

(5) Discharging a client from services;

(6) Making referral recommendations;
(7) Disclosing clinical or confidential information either orally or in writing to anyone other than the supervising speech-language pathologist; or

(8) Providing specialized dysphagia treatment that requires advanced knowledge and training.

.07 Requirements of the Supervising Speech-Language Pathologist.

A. A supervising speech-language pathologist is responsible for the direction of all client services provided by a speech-language pathology assistant.

B. A licensed full-time (35 hours or more a week) speech-language pathologist may not supervise more than the equivalent of two full-time (35 hours or more a week) speech-language pathology assistants.

C. A licensed part-time (less than 35 hours a week) speech-language pathologist may not supervise more than the equivalent of one full-time (35 hours a week) speech-language pathology assistant.

D. A supervising speech-language pathologist shall:

(1) Have a minimum of 3 years work experience (2 years since receipt of full license or ASHA-CCC) as a speech-language pathologist;

(2) Maintain on-going contact with all clients seen by a speech-language pathology assistant by participating in:

(a) Not less than one session every 2 weeks of in-person contact per client if the client is being seen three times per week or more; or

(b) Not less than one session per month of in-person contact per client if the client is being seen two times per week or less;

(3) Provide supervision of the speech-language pathology assistant that is a combination of direct on-site activities and indirect activities;

(4) Be on-site to supervise the speech-language pathology assistant a minimum of 2 times per month;

(5) Conduct and maintain performance evaluations of the speech language pathology assistant within the first 3 months and at least annually thereafter, that are cosigned by both the supervising speech-language pathologist and the speech-language pathology assistant;
(6) Provide a copy of the signed performance evaluation to the speech-language pathology assistant;

(7) Maintain documentation of client contact and supervisory activities of the speech-language pathology assistant; and

(8) Have the authority to combine in-person client contact and on-site supervision of the speech-language pathology assistant when appropriate.

.08 Term and Renewal of Speech-Language Pathology Assistant License.

A. A speech-language pathology assistant license expires on the date set by the Board, unless it is renewed for an additional term as provided in this regulation.

B. A license may not be renewed for a term longer than 2 years.

C. At least 1 month before the license expires, the Board shall notify the speech-language pathology assistant of the date the license expires and the procedures for renewing the license.

D. The speech-language pathology assistant is responsible for renewing licensure.

E. The speech-language pathology assistant may apply to renew the license for another term if the speech-language pathology assistant:

(1) Is otherwise entitled to be licensed;

(2) Pays the renewal fee set by the Board; and

(3) Submits to the Board:

(a) A renewal application on the form the Board requires;

(b) Satisfactory evidence of compliance with any continuing education requirements under Regulation .09 of this chapter; and

(c) A delegation agreement for each supervising speech-language pathologist.

F. A licensee who has failed to renew a license to practice in this State by June 30 of the year in which the license is due to be renewed is prohibited from practicing in this State.

G. If the Board determines that a licensee has practiced in this State after the license has expired, the Board may:

(1) Order the licensee to immediately cease and desist practice in this State until the license has been reinstated by the Board; and
(2) Take action as follows against a licensee for unprofessional conduct if it determines that the licensee practiced in this State after the license has expired:

(a) Issue a nonpublic consent agreement in which the licensee agrees to make an anonymous donation of $100 to a charitable institution and to perform 40 hours of Board-approved pro bono services;

(b) Provide the licensee with a settlement conference; or

(c) Charge the licensee with unprofessional conduct as provided in Health Occupations Article, §2–314(10), Annotated Code of Maryland, for practicing without a license.

.09 Continuing Education Requirements (CEU) for Speech-Language Pathology Assistants.

A. A speech-language pathology assistant shall obtain CEUs as a means of staying current in the field.

B. The speech-language pathology assistant shall earn a minimum of ten CEUs as a condition of renewal as follows:

(1) Five CEUs in the area of clinical practice; and

(2) Five CEUs in work-related areas.

C. The speech-language pathology assistant shall retain records documenting completion of CEUs.

D. At the time of license renewal, the Board shall audit 25 percent of the speech-language pathology assistants for compliance with the continuing education requirement.

E. If the speech-language pathology assistant is audited by the Board, the speech-language pathology assistant shall submit to the Board the following:

(1) A copy of the most recent performance evaluation;

(2) An application for license renewal; and

(3) Documentation of earned CEUs.
Chapter 12  Supervision of Students

.01 Scope.

This chapter governs procedures and matters for licensed audiologists and speech-language pathologists supervising students enrolled in a graduate program for audiology or speech-language pathology.

.02 Definitions.

A. In this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated.

B. Terms Defined.

(1) "Direct supervision" means on-site and personal oversight by an individual licensed under Health Occupations Article, Title 2, Annotated Code of Maryland, who assumes responsibility for another individual's conduct, whether it is consistent or fails to be consistent with the professional standards and provisions set forth in Health Occupations Article, Title 2, Annotated Code of Maryland.

(2) "On-site" means present and working within the specific facility where the supervised student is evaluating the patient.

(3) "Supervisor" means the licensed individual who is employed by the facility and works on site.

.03 Supervision.

A. The supervisor shall provide direct on-site supervision of the student at all times.

B. The supervisor is personally responsible for each patient the student evaluates and treats.

C. Signing of Patient Reports.

(1) Both supervisor and student shall sign reports with their full name and credentials.

(2) A student may sign with the highest degree earned.

(3) A student may not sign with credentials for a degree they are currently pursuing.

(4) The title or designation of "student" shall be placed after the student's name in the report statement.

(5) The supervisor shall sign all electronic records that only accept one signature.
D. A supervisor may not supervise more than the equivalent of two full-time students per day in off-site placements from a university.

E. A licensed audiologist or speech-language pathologist with clinical experience and credentials that meet the standards of the individual university program shall provide clinical supervision and mentoring.

F. The licensed audiologist or speech-language pathologist acting as a supervisor shall have 3 years post-degree clinical experience, including clinical fellowship.

.04 Exceptions.

A. An audiology student who is enrolled full-time as a 4th-year doctoral student at a university and has completed 375 clinical training hours with 100 percent direct on-site supervision may utilize the following schedule as a minimum for supervision:

(1) For 3 months or the first ⅓ of the 4th year of clinical work, whichever is longer—90 percent on-site supervision;

(2) For 3 months or the second ⅓ of the 4th year of clinical work, whichever is longer—75 percent on-site supervision; and

(3) For 3 months or the last ⅓ of the 4th year of clinical work, whichever is longer—50 percent on-site supervision.

B. A supervisor shall be available either on site or by telephone for consultation at all times.

C. An audiology student who is enrolled full-time as a fourth year doctoral student at a university and holds a hearing aid dispenser license shall follow the requirements of §A of this regulation while working toward the degree.

Chapter 13 Sanctioning Guidelines

.01 Scope.

This chapter establishes standards for sanctions and monetary penalties not exceeding $5,000 against any individual in the State who holds a license issued by the Board if, after a hearing, the Board or the Maryland Office of Administrative Hearings finds that there are grounds under Health Occupations Article, §2-314, Annotated Code of Maryland, to impose a sanction or monetary penalty.
.02 Definitions.

A. In this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated.

B. Terms Defined.

(1) "Board" means the State Board of Examiners for Audiologists, Hearing Aid Dispensers, and Speech-Language Pathologists.

(2) “Conditions” means requirements in a public order that a licensee is required to satisfy.

(3) "License" means a license issued by the Board to:

(a) Practice audiology;

(b) Practice hearing aid dispensing;

(c) Practice speech-language pathology; or

(d) Assist in the practice of speech-language pathology.

(4) "Licensee" means an individual licensed by the Board to:

(a) Practice audiology;

(b) Practice hearing aid dispensing;

(c) Practice speech-language pathology; or

(d) Assist in the practice of speech-language pathology.

(5) "Penalty" means a monetary penalty.

(6) “Sanction” means a formal disciplinary action against a licensee such as a reprimand, probation, suspension, or revocation.

.03 Imposition of a Penalty After a Hearing.

If, after a hearing under Health Occupations Article, §2-315, Annotated Code of Maryland, the Board finds that there are grounds under Health Occupations Article, §2-314, Annotated Code of Maryland, to suspend or revoke a license, the Board may impose a penalty as set forth in this chapter:

A. Instead of, or in addition to, suspending the license; or
B. In addition to revoking the license.

**.04 Guidelines for Disciplinary Sanctions and Imposition of Penalties.**

A. Subject to the provisions of this section, the Board may impose sanctions and penalties for violations of the Maryland Audiology, Hearing Aid Dispensing, and Speech-Language Pathology Act and its regulations according to the guidelines set forth in the following chart:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Violation</th>
<th>Minimum Sanction/Penalty</th>
<th>Maximum Sanction/Penalty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) Fraudulently or deceptively obtains or attempts to obtain a license or limited license for the applicant, licensee, or holder or for another</td>
<td>Suspension for 90 days; $1,000 fine</td>
<td>Denial of license application or revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Fraudulently or deceptively uses a license or limited license</td>
<td>Suspension for 90 days; $1,000 fine</td>
<td>Denial of license application or revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) Commits fraud or deceit</td>
<td>Probation for 30 days; $1,000 fine</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) Is convicted of or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to a felony or a crime involving moral turpitude</td>
<td>Probation for 1 year; $1,000 fine</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5) Obtains a fee through fraud or misrepresentation</td>
<td>Suspension for 90 days; $1,000 fine</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6) Directly or indirectly employs any unlicensed person or person whose license has been suspended</td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>Suspension for 90 days; $1,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(7) Uses or promotes or causes the use of any misleading advertising</td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>Suspension for 1 year; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8) Falsely represents oneself as a physician or doctor</td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>Suspension for 1 year; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(9) Permits another person to use the license of the licensee or limited licensee of the holder</td>
<td>Suspension for 90 days; $1,000 fine</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(10) Commits any act of unprofessional conduct</td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>Suspension for 1 year; $1,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(11) Violates any lawful order of the Board</td>
<td>Reprimand; $1,000 fine</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(12) Violates any provision of Health Occupations Article, Title 2, Annotated Code of Maryland</td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>Suspension for 1 year; $1,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(13) Provides professional services while under the influence</td>
<td>Probation for 1 year; $1,000 fine</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(14) Is disciplined by a licensing or disciplinary authority of any other state or country</td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>Denial of license application; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(15) Practicing with an unauthorized person</td>
<td>Reprimand; $500 fine</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(16) Knowingly makes or files a false report or record</td>
<td>Probation for 1 year; $500 fine</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(17) Knowingly fails to file or record any report or record</td>
<td>Reprimand; $500 fine</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(18) Submits a false statement to collect a fee</td>
<td>Reprimand; $1,000 fine</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(19) Professionally, physically, or mentally incompetent</td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(20) Exploiting patient for financial gain</td>
<td>Probation for 1 year; $1,000 fine</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(21) Immoral behavior</td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(22) Discrimination against HIV or HIV positive patient</td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>Suspension for 90 days; $1,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(23) Paying for referrals</td>
<td>Suspension for 90 days</td>
<td>Suspension for 1 year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(24) Violation of COMAR 10.41.02 Code of Ethics</td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(25) Violates the Door-to-Door Sales Act and Hearing Aid Sales Act</td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>Revocation; $5,000 fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(26) Violates any Food and Drug Administration law or regulation governing the sale of hearing aids</td>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>Suspension; $1,000 fine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B. If a licensee is found in violation of more than one category enumerated in this chapter, the category or categories containing the highest maximum sanction and penalty shall prevail.

C. Notwithstanding the guidelines set forth in this chapter, in order to resolve a pending disciplinary action, the Board and licensee may agree to a surrender of license or a consent order with terms, sanction, and penalty agreed to by the Board and the licensee.

D. A departure from the guidelines set forth in this chapter alone is not grounds for any hearing or appeal of a Board action.

.05 Mitigating and Aggravating Factors to Be Considered in the Assessment of the Sanction.

A. Depending on the facts and circumstances of each case, and to the extent that they apply, the Board may consider the following aggravating and mitigating factors in determining whether the sanction in a particular case should fall outside the range of
sanctions established by the guidelines. These factors may include, but are not limited to, the following:

(1) Mitigating factors:

(a) The licensee’s lack of a prior disciplinary record;

(b) The licensee self-reported the violation to the Board;

(c) The licensee’s full and voluntary admissions of misconduct to the Board and cooperation during Board proceedings;

(d) Implementation of remedial measures to correct or mitigate harm arising from the misconduct;

(e) Timely good-faith effort to make restitution or to rectify consequences of misconduct;

(f) Evidence of rehabilitation or rehabilitative potential;

(g) Absence of premeditation to commit the misconduct;

(h) Absence of potential harm to public or adverse impact; and

(i) The licensee’s conduct was an isolated incident and not likely to recur; and

(2) Aggravating factors:

(a) The licensee has a previous criminal or administrative disciplinary history;

(b) The violation was committed deliberately or with gross negligence or recklessness;

(c) The violation had the potential for, or caused, serious patient or public harm;

(d) The violation was part of a pattern of detrimental conduct;

(e) The licensee was motivated to perform the violation for financial gain;

(f) The vulnerability of the client or clients;

(g) The licensee lacked insight into the wrongfulness of the conduct;

(h) The licensee committed the violation under the guise of treatment; and

(i) Previous attempts at rehabilitation of the licensee were unsuccessful.
B. The existence of one or more of these factors does not impose on the Board or an administrative law judge any requirement to articulate its reasoning for not exercising its discretion to impose a sanction outside of the range of sanctions set forth in this chapter.

C. Nothing in this regulation requires the Board or an administrative law judge to make findings of fact with respect to any of these factors.

.06 Payment of Penalty.

A. A licensee shall pay to the Board a penalty imposed under this chapter as of the date the Board's order is issued, unless the Board's order specifies otherwise.

B. Filing an appeal under State Government Article, §10-222, Annotated Code of Maryland, or Health Occupations Article, §2-316, Annotated Code of Maryland, does not automatically stay payment of a penalty imposed by the Board under this chapter.

C. If a licensee fails to pay, in whole or in part, a penalty imposed by the Board under this chapter, the Board may not restore, reinstate, or renew a license until the penalty has been paid in full.

D. In its discretion, the Board may refer all cases of delinquent payment to the Central Collection Unit of the Department of Budget and Management to institute and maintain proceedings to ensure prompt payment.

E. The Board shall pay all monies collected under this chapter into the State's General Fund.