SUICIDE PREVENTION WITH THE MILITARY AND VETERANS



There is a need for expanded suicide prevention among the military.

Only **50** % of returning service members with mental health needs receive mental health services.¹

SUICIDE PREVENTION FOR VETERANS AND THEIR FAMILIES

Teaching Communities to Help Veterans: How to Help Veterans at Risk of Suicide

Signs of suicidal thinking should be recognized.

Ask the most important question of all.

Validate the Veteran's experience.

Encourage treatment and Expedite getting help.

Access the SAVE training here: psycharmor.org/courses/s-a-v-e/

Services for Veterans and their Families

- Veterans Administration (VA) www.va.gov
- Vet Centers

www.vetcenter.va.gov

- Individual, group, couples, and family therapy at no cost to the veteran
- Cohen Veterans Network
 www.cohenveteransnetwork.org
- Maryland's Commitment to Veterans
 1-877-770-4801

Warning Signs—IS PATH WARM?

Ideation

Substance abuse

Purposeless

Anxiety

Trapped

Hopelessness

Withdrawal

Anger

Recklessness

Mood changes

It is important to ask directly: "Are you thinking about suicide?"

If someone is talking about death or suicide, showing self-destructive behavior, looking for ways to kill oneself, or unable to stay safe, *they* are at imminent risk and need help right away.

Call 911 or take them to the nearest emergency department.

Unique Aspects of Military Culture		
Strength	Guiding Ideal	Vulnerability
Placing the welfare of others above one's own welfare	Selflessness	Not seeking help for health prob- lems because attending to per- sonal health is not a priority
Commitment to accomplishing missions and protecting comrades in arms	Loyalty	Survivor guilt and complicated bereavement after losing friends
Toughness and ability to endure hardships without complaint	Stoicism	Not acknowledging significant symptoms and suffering after returning home
Following an internal moral compass to choose "right" over "wrong	Moral Code	Feeling frustrated and betrayed when others fail to follow a moral code
Becoming the best and most effective professional possible	Excellence	Feeling ashamed of (or not ac- knowledging) imperfections

MEANS SAFETY WITH VETERANS

Veterans are more likely than the general population to use firearms as a means of suicide.

- Ensure firearms are safely stored in a gun safe or with gun locks and ammunition is stored separately. Vet Centers and VAs often provide gun locks for free to veterans.
- For medications or other substances, lock them away in a pill box/lock box. Other strategies include: asking family members to administer medications and getting a naloxone kit in case of opiate overdose.

Counseling on Access to Lethal Means (CALM) Training

Learn how to ask a person who may be suicidal if he or she has access to items that they could use to harm themselves. Learn how to work with family members to reduce access to lethal means.

Available at : https://bit.ly/2F65Cqv

What is the national strategy for suicide prevention among veterans from 2018-2028?²

- Screen veterans for mental health issues and alcohol abuse.
- Routinely assess access to lethal means.
- Provide education on military culture, veteran specific issues, and suicide risk.
- Link veterans in crisis with appropriate services and support.
- Communicate and collaborate across multiple levels of care.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

MAKE THE CONNECTION

www.MakeTheConnection.net

Make The Connection is an online community of veterans telling their stories about overcoming mental health challenges. In addition to the stories, the website allows veterans to connect with others that have had similar experiences.



Confidential chat at VeteransCrisisLine.net or text to 838255



Maryland's Commitment to Veterans (MCV) is a program devoted to total wellness for veterans and their families. MCV provides training to the community about veteran-specific topics to improve awareness of available behavioral health resources. Regional resource coordinators provide assistance to veterans and their families to support a healthy transition to civilian life.

To connect to a regional resource coordinator, call the MCV referral line, **877-770-4801**.



TRANSITIONS: Supporting * Military * Children

Kognito's online trainings (30 minutes – 1 hour) teach users the signs of psychological distress in veterans and strategies to refer those in need to services. There are four trainings for suicide prevention among military veterans: Family of Heroes, Transitions: Supporting Military Children, Veterans on Campus: Peer to Peer, Veterans on Campus: Faculty and Staff.

Access the trainings at md.kognito.com and www.familyofheroes.com/maryland